2023 SENATE TRANSPORTATION

SB 2168

2023 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Transportation Committee

Fort Totten Room, State Capitol

SB 2168 1/19/2023

Relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations; and relating to city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

9:00 AM Chairman Clemens opened hearing.

Senators Present: Clemens, Conley, Larsen, Paulson, Rummel.

Discussion Topics:

- Fines
- Crashes data
- Neighboring states speed limits
- Non-speed related crashes
- Punishments for speeding

9:01 AM Senator Rummel introduced bill. #13524

9:06 AM Wade Kadrmas, Chair for the Vision Zero Speeding/Aggressive Driving Priority Emphasis Area Team, testified in favor. #14323 #14324

9:27 AM Jacob Jones, State Highway Patrol Trooper, testified in favor. #14383

9:33 AM Karin Mongeon, Highway Safety Director, ND Department of Transportation, testified in favor. #14447

9:36 AM Donnelle Preskey, ND Association of Counties, testified in favor.

Additional written testimony:

Gene Ladoucer #14328

9:41 AM Chairman Clemens adjourns meeting.

Nathan Liesen, Committee Clerk

2023 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Transportation Committee

Fort Totten Room, State Capitol

SB 2168 1/20/2023

Relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations; and relating to city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

10:54 AM Chairman Clemens opened hearing.

Senators Present: Paulson, Rummel, Larsen, Conley, Clemens.

Discussion Topics:

Committee Action

10:56 AM Senator Conley moved a Do Pass on SB 2168.

10:56 AM Senator Rummel seconded.

Roll call taken.

Senators	Vote
Senator David A. Clemens	Υ
Senator Cole Conley	Υ
Senator Doug Larsen	Ν
Senator Bob Paulson	Υ
Senator Dean Rummel	Υ

Motion passed 4-1-0

10:59 AM Senator Rummel will carry.

11:00 AM Chairman Clemens adjourned meeting.

Nathan Liesen, Committee Clerk

Module ID: s_stcomrep_08_014

Carrier: Rummel

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE
SB 2168: Transportation Committee (Sen. Clemens, Chairman) recommends DO PASS
(4 YEAS, 1 NAY, 0 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). SB 2168 was placed on the Eleventh order on the calendar. This bill does not affect workforce development.

2023 HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

SB 2168

Transportation Committee

Room JW327E, State Capitol

SB 2168 3/3/2023

A bill relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations and relating to city fines and penalties.

Chairman Ruby opened the hearing at 9:00AM.

Members present: Chairman Ruby, Vice Chairman Grueneich, Representatives Anderson, Christensen, Dyk, Frelich, Hauck, Murphy, Timmons, Wagner, Weisz, Dakane. Members absent: Representative Koppelman and Dobervich.

Discussion Topics:

- Speeding penalties
- Vision Zero
- Speed related crashes

Senator Rummel introduced the bill in support (#21812).

Wade Kadrmas, Chair of the Vision Zero Speeding and Aggressive Driving Priority Emphasis Area Team and Safety and Education Officer with the North Dakota Highway Patrol, testified in support (#21734).

Jacob Jones, Trooper and Crash Reconstructionist with the North Dakota Highway Patrol, testified in support (#21889 and 21888).

Karin Mongeon, Highway Safety Division Director with the North Dakota Department of Transportation, testified in support (#21833).

Frank Senn, Chief of Police for the City of Beulah, verbally testified in support.

Chairman D. Ruby closed the hearing at 10:03AM.

Transportation Committee

Room JW327E, State Capitol

SB 2168 3/17/2023 Subcommittee

A bill relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations and relating to city fines and penalties.

Representative Koppelman opened the meeting at 10:32AM.

Present: Representative Koppelman, Representative Christensen, and Representative Timmons. No members absent.

Discussion Topics:

Penalties on speeding violations

Chairman Koppelman discussed what the bill does and asked for suggestions on how to proceed.

Representative Christensen suggested to distinguish between interstate and county speeding violations and offenses.

Representative Timmons agreed.

Chairman Koppelman adjourned at 10:35AM.

Transportation Committee

Room JW327E, State Capitol

SB 2168 3/23/2023 Subcommittee Meeting

A bill relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations and relating to city fines and penalties.

Chairman Koppelman opened the meeting at 8:08 AM.

Members present: Chairman Koppelman, Representative Christensen, and Representative Timmons.

Discussion Topics:

- Speed limit fines and penalties
- Fee schedules
- Zones and penalties

Senator Rummel shared information with the subcommittee. Recommended to add a column in the fines for an 80 mile an hour speed. Recommended a fee schedule that works.

Wade Kadrmas, Safety and Education Officer with the North Dakota Highway Patrol, distributed information on fees and penalties (#26447).

Stephanie Dassinger Engebretson, North Dakota League of Cities, provided information on cities and their fines, as well as answered questions from the committee.

Wade Kadrmas continued with his testimony.

Chairman Koppelman adjourned at 8:46 AM.

Transportation Committee

Room JW327E, State Capitol

SB 2168 3/24/2023 Subcommittee

A bill relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations and relating to city fines and penalties.

Chairman Koppelman opened the meeting at 8:18 AM.

Members present: Chairman Koppelman, Representative Christensen, and Representative Timmons.

Discussion Topics:

- Speed zones
- Fee structure

Wade Kadrmas, Safety and Education Officer with the North Dakota Highway Patrol, distributed information on the fee structure (#27014) and further explained information from the handouts on March 23, 2023 (#26447).

Chairman Koppelman adjourned at 8:48 AM.

Transportation Committee

Room JW327E, State Capitol

SB 2168 3/30/2023 Subcommittee Meeting

A bill relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations and relating to city fines and penalties.

Chairman Koppelman opened the meeting at 9:03 AM.

Members present: Chairman Koppelman, Representative Christensen, Representative Timmons.

Discussion Topics:

- Speeding fines
- Rate structure
- Seatbelt use
- 80 mph speed limit
- Road closures

Chairman Koppelman distributed proposed amendments #27051 and #27052 regarding speeding fines with a rate structure and fee schedule and regarding safety belt use for passengers. Discussed adding some language from HB 1475 to this bill. Also discussed adding language about road closures to this bill.

Committee discussion.

Chairman Koppelman adjourned at 9:28 AM.

Transportation Committee

Room JW327E, State Capitol

SB 2168 3/31/2023 Subcommittee Meeting

A bill relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations and relating to city fines and penalties.

Chairman Koppelman opened the meeting at 9:04 AM.

Members present: Chairman Koppelman, Representative Christensen, Representative Timmons.

Discussion Topics:

- Road closure authority
- Seat belt liability

Chairman Koppelman distributed information from Colonel Brandon Solberg, testimony #27140.

Casey Orvedal, Legislative Intern, went over possible amendments to include Wade Kadrmas' suggested amendments, 80 mph speed limit, and road closures.

Chairman Koppelman adjourned at 9:16 AM.

Transportation Committee

Room JW327E, State Capitol

SB 2168 4/6/2023 Subcommittee Meeting

A bill relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations and relating to city fines and penalties.

Chairman Koppelman opened the meeting at 9:22 AM.

Members present: Chairman Koppelman, Representative Christensen, and Representative Timmons.

Discussion Topics:

- Proposed amendments 23.0674.01001
- Speed limit fines
- 80 mph speed limit
- Seat belts use and citations

Chairman Koppelman distributed a fee schedule and proposed amendments 23.0674.01001 (#27330 and 27331).

Representative Timmons moved to adopt the amendment and bring it to the full committee.

Representative Christensen seconded the motion.

Roll call vote:

Chairman Koppelman Y
Representative Christensen Y
Representative Timmons Y

Motion carried 3-0-0

Chairman Koppelman adjourned at 9:29 AM.

Transportation Committee

Room JW327E, State Capitol

SB 2168 4/6/2023

A bill relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations and relating to city fines and penalties.

Chairman D. Ruby opened the meeting at 10:07 AM.

Members present: Chairman Ruby, Vice Chairman Grueneich, Representatives Anderson, Christensen, Dyk, Frelich, Hauck, Koppelman, Murphy, Timmons, Wagner, Weisz, Dakane, Dobervich. No members absent.

Discussion Topics:

- Proposed amendment 23.0674.01001
- Speeding violations and fees
- 80 mph speed limit
- Seat belt usage and violations
- Committee vote

Representative Koppelman distributed a fee schedule and a proposed amendment 23.0674.01001 (#27330 and 27331).

Representative Koppelman moved the amendment 23.0674.01001.

Representative Murphy seconded the motion.

Roll call vote:

Representatives	Vote
Representative Dan Ruby	Υ
Representative Jim Grueneich	Υ
Representative Karen A. Anderson	Υ
Representative Cole Christensen	Υ
Representative Hamida Dakane	N
Representative Gretchen Dobervich	N
Representative Scott Dyk	Υ
Representative Kathy Frelich	Υ
Representative Dori Hauck	Υ
Representative Ben Koppelman	Υ
Representative Eric James Murphy	Υ
Representative Kelby Timmons	Υ
Representative Scott Wagner	Υ
Representative Robin Weisz	N

Representative Grueneich moved a Do Pass as Amended.

Representative Koppelman seconded the motion.

Roll Call Vote:

Representatives	Vote
Representative Dan Ruby	Υ
Representative Jim Grueneich	Υ
Representative Karen A. Anderson	Υ
Representative Cole Christensen	Υ
Representative Hamida Dakane	N
Representative Gretchen Dobervich	Υ
Representative Scott Dyk	Υ
Representative Kathy Frelich	Υ
Representative Dori Hauck	Υ
Representative Ben Koppelman	Υ
Representative Eric James Murphy	Υ
Representative Kelby Timmons	Υ
Representative Scott Wagner	Υ
Representative Robin Weisz	N

Motion carried 12-2-0

Representative Koppelman is the bill carrier.

Chairman D. Ruby adjourned at 10:37 AM.

4623

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 2168

Page 1, line 1, after "A BILL" replace the remainder of the bill with "for an Act to amend and reenact section 39-06.1-06, subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, section 39-21-41.4, and subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to speeding violations, use of safety belts, and city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

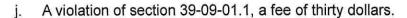
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

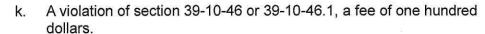
SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-06.1-06. Amount of statutory fees.

The fees required for a noncriminal disposition under section 39-06.1-02 or 39-06.1-03 must be as follows:

- For a nonmoving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-08, a fee of twenty dollars except for a violation of any traffic parking regulation on any state charitable or penal institution property or on the state capitol grounds, a fee in the amount of five dollars, excluding a violation of subsection 11 of section 39-01-15.
- 2. For a moving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-09, a fee of twenty dollars, except for:
 - a. A violation of section 39-10-26, 39-10-26.2, 39-10-41, or 39-10-42, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - A violation of section 39-10-05 involving failure to yield to a pedestrian or subsection 1 of section 39-10-28, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - c. A violation of section 39-21-41.2, a fee of twenty-five dollars.
 - d. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-12-02, section 39-08-23, or section 39-08-25, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - e. A violation of subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 39-12-04, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - A violation of subsection 6 of section 39-04-37, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - g. A violation of subsection 2 of section 39-10-21.1, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
 - h. A violation of section 39-10-59, a fee of five hundred dollars.
 - i. A violation of section 39-09-01, a fee of thirty dollars.





- I. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-08-20, one hundred fifty dollars for a first violation and three hundred dollars for a second or subsequent violation in three years.
- m. A violation of section 39-10-24 or 39-10-44, a fee of forty dollars.
- n. A violation of section 39-10-50.1, a fee of fifty dollars.
- o. A violation of section 39-19-03, a fee of fifty dollars.
- For a violation of section 39-21-44 or a rule adopted under that section, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
- 4. Except as provided in subsections 5 and 7, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over

lawful speed limit	Fee
1-5	\$ 5
6 - 10	\$ 5 plus \$1/each mph over 5 mph over limit
11 - 15	\$ 10 plus \$1/each mph over 10 mph over limit
16 - 20	\$ 15 plus \$2/each mph over 15 mph over limit
21 - 25	\$ 25 plus \$3/each mph over 20 mph over limit
26 - 35	\$ 40 plus \$3/each mph over 25 mph over limit
36 - 45	\$ 70 plus \$3/each mph over 35 mph over limit
46 +	\$100 plus \$5/each mph over 45 mph over limit

On a highway on which the speed limit is a speed higher than fifty-five miles [88.51 kilometers] of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour or lower, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

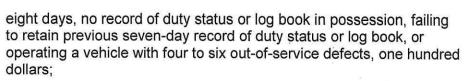
Miles per hour over

lawful speed limit	Fee
1 - 10	\$2/each mph over limit

11 + \$20 plus \$5/each mph over 10 mph over limit For a violation of section 39-06.2-10.9 or subsection 3 of section 39-21-46,

- 6.5. For a violation of section 39-06.2-10.9 or subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, a fee established as follows:
 - Driving more than eleven hours since the last ten hours off duty, driving after fourteen hours on duty since the last ten hours off duty, driving after sixty hours on duty in seven days or seventy hours in







- b. False record of duty status or log book or operating a vehicle with seven to nine out-of-service defects, two hundred fifty dollars;
- Operating a vehicle after driver placed out of service, operating a vehicle with ten or more out-of-service defects, or operating a vehicle that has been placed out of service prior to its repair, five hundred dollars; and
- d. All other violations of motor carrier safety rules adopted under subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, fifty dollars.
- 7.6. On a highway on which the speed limit is posted in excess of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or equivalent ordinance, a fee of five dollars for each mile per hour over the limit.
- 8.7. For a violation of a school zone speed limit under subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, a fee of forty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and forty dollars, plus one dollar for each additional mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section.
- 9.8. For a violation of a highway construction zone speed limit under subsection 2 of section 39-09-02, a fee of eighty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and eighty dollars plus two dollars for each mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit, unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section. The fee in this subsection does not apply to a highway construction zone unless individuals engaged in construction are present at the time and place of the violation and the posted speed limit sign states "Minimum Fee \$80".
 - 9. If a violation of subsection 4, 6, 7, or 8 is for exceeding the speed limit by twenty-one miles [33.8 kilometers] per hour or more in a speed zone of less than seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars. If a violation of subsection 6 is for exceeding the speed limit by sixteen miles [25.75 kilometers] an hour or more in a speed zone of seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour or greater, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

 Seventy-fiveEighty miles [120.70128.75 kilometers] an hour on access-controlled, paved and divided, multilane interstate highways, unless otherwise permitted, restricted, or required by conditions.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 39-21-41.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-21-41.4. Use of safety belts required in certain motor vehicles - Enforcement - Evidence.



- Subject to the limitations of this section and section 39-21-41.5, a driver may not operate upon a highway a motor vehicle designed for carrying fewer than eleven passengers, which was originally manufactured with safety belts unless each front seat occupant is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened safety belt.
- 2. This section does not apply to a child in a child restraint or safety belt in accordance with section 39-21-41.2; to drivers of implements of husbandry; to operators of farm vehicles as defined in subsection 5 of section 39-04-19; to rural mail carriers while on duty delivering mail; to an occupant with a medical or physically disabling condition that prevents appropriate restraint in a safety belt, if a qualified physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse states in a signed writing the nature of the condition and the reason restraint is inappropriate; or when all front seat safety belts are in use by other occupants. A physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who, in good faith, provides a statement that restraint would be inappropriate is not subject to civil liability. A violation for not wearing a safety belt under this section is not, in itself, evidence of negligence. The fact of a violation of this section is not admissible in any proceeding other than one charging the violation
- 3. The use or nonuse of a safety belt:
 - <u>May not be used in any action as evidence of fault;</u>
 - b. Is not, in itself, evidence of negligence; and
 - c. <u>Is not admissible in any proceedings other than one charging the violation.</u>
- 4. The fee imposed for a violation of this section must be issued to:
 - <u>a.</u> The driver if the violation is by the driver or a passenger who is a minor; or
 - b. The adult passenger if the violation was by an adult passenger.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

2. For every violation of a city ordinance that regulates the operation or equipment of a motor vehicle or which regulates traffic, except those ordinances listed in section 39-06.1-05, a fee may be established, by ordinance, which may exceed, by up to one hundred percent, the limit, for an equivalent category of violation, set forth in section 39-06.1-06 except for a violation of a speed limitation."

Renumber accordingly

Page No. 4

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE

SB 2168: Transportation Committee (Rep. D. Ruby, Chairman) recommends AMENDMENTS AS FOLLOWS and when so amended, recommends DO PASS (12 YEAS, 2 NAYS, 0 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). SB 2168 was placed on the Sixth order on the calendar.

Page 1, line 1, after "A BILL" replace the remainder of the bill with "for an Act to amend and reenact section 39-06.1-06, subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, section 39-21-41.4, and subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to speeding violations, use of safety belts, and city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-06.1-06. Amount of statutory fees.

The fees required for a noncriminal disposition under section 39-06.1-02 or 39-06.1-03 must be as follows:

- For a nonmoving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-08, a fee of twenty dollars except for a violation of any traffic parking regulation on any state charitable or penal institution property or on the state capitol grounds, a fee in the amount of five dollars, excluding a violation of subsection 11 of section 39-01-15.
- 2. For a moving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-09, a fee of twenty dollars, except for:
 - a. A violation of section 39-10-26, 39-10-26.2, 39-10-41, or 39-10-42, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - b. A violation of section 39-10-05 involving failure to yield to a pedestrian or subsection 1 of section 39-10-28, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - c. A violation of section 39-21-41.2, a fee of twenty-five dollars.
 - d. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-12-02, section 39-08-23, or section 39-08-25, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - A violation of subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 39-12-04, a fee
 of one hundred dollars.
 - A violation of subsection 6 of section 39-04-37, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - g. A violation of subsection 2 of section 39-10-21.1, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
 - h. A violation of section 39-10-59, a fee of five hundred dollars.
 - i. A violation of section 39-09-01, a fee of thirty dollars.
 - j. A violation of section 39-09-01.1, a fee of thirty dollars.
 - k. A violation of section 39-10-46 or 39-10-46.1, a fee of one hundred dollars.

- I. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-08-20, one hundred fifty dollars for a first violation and three hundred dollars for a second or subsequent violation in three years.
- m. A violation of section 39-10-24 or 39-10-44, a fee of forty dollars.
- n. A violation of section 39-10-50.1, a fee of fifty dollars.
- o. A violation of section 39-19-03, a fee of fifty dollars.
- For a violation of section 39-21-44 or a rule adopted under that section, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
- 4. Except as provided in subsections 5 and 7, for a violation of section-39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over

	lawful speed limit	Fee			
	1 - 5	\$ 5			
	6 - 10	\$ 5 plus \$1/each mph over 5 mph over limit			
limit	11 - 15	\$ 10 plus \$1/each mph over 10 mph over-			
limit	16 - 20	\$ 15 plus \$2/each mph over 15 mph over			
limit	21 - 25	\$ 25 plus \$3/each mph over 20 mph over			
limit	26 - 35	\$ 40 plus \$3/each mph over 25 mph over			
limit	36 - 45	\$ 70 plus \$3/each mph over 35 mph over			
limit	4 6 +	\$100 plus \$5/each mph over 45 mph over			

5. On a highway on which the speed limit is a speed higher than fifty-five miles [88.51 kilometers] of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour or lower, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over

lawful speed limit	Fee
1 - 10	\$2/each mph over limit
11 +	\$20 plus \$5/each mph over 10 mph over

limit

- 6.5. For a violation of section 39-06.2-10.9 or subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, a fee established as follows:
 - Driving more than eleven hours since the last ten hours off duty, driving after fourteen hours on duty since the last ten hours off duty,

driving after sixty hours on duty in seven days or seventy hours in eight days, no record of duty status or log book in possession, failing to retain previous seven-day record of duty status or log book, or operating a vehicle with four to six out-of-service defects, one hundred dollars;

- False record of duty status or log book or operating a vehicle with seven to nine out-of-service defects, two hundred fifty dollars;
- Operating a vehicle after driver placed out of service, operating a vehicle with ten or more out-of-service defects, or operating a vehicle that has been placed out of service prior to its repair, five hundred dollars; and
- d. All other violations of motor carrier safety rules adopted under subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, fifty dollars.
- 7.6. On a highway on which the speed limit is posted in excess of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or equivalent ordinance, a fee of five dollars for each mile per hour over the limit.
- 8.7. For a violation of a school zone speed limit under subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, a fee of forty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and forty dollars, plus one dollar for each additional mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section.
- 9.8. For a violation of a highway construction zone speed limit under subsection 2 of section 39-09-02, a fee of eighty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and eighty dollars plus two dollars for each mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit, unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section. The fee in this subsection does not apply to a highway construction zone unless individuals engaged in construction are present at the time and place of the violation and the posted speed limit sign states "Minimum Fee \$80".
 - 9. If a violation of subsection 4, 6, 7, or 8 is for exceeding the speed limit by twenty-one miles [33.8 kilometers] per hour or more in a speed zone of less than seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars. If a violation of subsection 6 is for exceeding the speed limit by sixteen miles [25.75 kilometers] an hour or more in a speed zone of seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour or greater, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

 Seventy-five Eighty miles [120.70128.75] kilometers] an hour on access-controlled, paved and divided, multilane interstate highways, unless otherwise permitted, restricted, or required by conditions.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 39-21-41.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-21-41.4. Use of safety belts required in certain motor vehicles - Enforcement - Evidence.

1. Subject to the limitations of this section and section 39-21-41.5, a driver may not operate upon a highway a motor vehicle designed for carrying fewer than eleven passengers, which was originally manufactured with

- safety belts unless each front seat occupant is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened safety belt.
- This section does not apply to a child in a child restraint or safety belt in accordance with section 39-21-41.2; to drivers of implements of husbandry; to operators of farm vehicles as defined in subsection 5 of section 39-04-19; to rural mail carriers while on duty delivering mail; to an occupant with a medical or physically disabling condition that prevents appropriate restraint in a safety belt, if a qualified physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse states in a signed writing the nature of the condition and the reason restraint is inappropriate; or when all front seat safety belts are in use by other occupants. A physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who, in good faith, provides a statement that restraint would be inappropriate is not subject to civil liability. A violation for not-wearing a safety belt under this section is not, in itself, evidence of negligence. The fact of a violation of this section is not admissible in any-proceeding other than one charging the violation
- 3. The use or nonuse of a safety belt:
 - a. May not be used in any action as evidence of fault;
 - b. Is not, in itself, evidence of negligence; and
 - c. <u>Is not admissible in any proceedings other than one charging the</u> violation.
- 4. The fee imposed for a violation of this section must be issued to:
 - The driver if the violation is by the driver or a passenger who is a minor; or
 - b. The adult passenger if the violation was by an adult passenger.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

2. For every violation of a city ordinance that regulates the operation or equipment of a motor vehicle or which regulates traffic, except those ordinances listed in section 39-06.1-05, a fee may be established, by ordinance, which may exceed, by up to one hundred percent, the limit, for an equivalent category of violation, set forth in section 39-06.1-06 except for a violation of a speed limitation."

Renumber accordingly

2023 CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

SB 2168

2023 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Transportation Committee

Fort Totten Room, State Capitol

SB 2168 4/20/2023 Conference Committee

Relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations; and relating to city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

8:03 AM Chairman Rummel opened hearing.

Present: Senator Rummel, Senator Larsen, Senator Clemens, Representative Koppelman, Representative Timmons, Representative Weisz

Discussion Topics:

- Speeding charts
- Seat belts
- Insurance

8:03 AM Senator Koppelman reviewed the House discussion and decisions.

8:09 AM Chairman Rummel reviewed the amendments.

8:20 AM Chris Owen, Vice President of Claims with NoDak Insurance, verbally testified.

8:37 AM Chairman Rummel adjourned meeting.

Nathan Liesen, Committee Clerk

2023 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Transportation Committee

Fort Totten Room, State Capitol

SB 2168 4/21/2023 Conference Committee

Relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations; and relating to city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

10:35 AM Chairman Rummel opened hearing.

Present: Senator Rummel, Senator Larsen, Senator Clemens, Representative Koppelman, Representative Timmons, Representative Weisz

Discussion Topics:

- Litigation
- Violation
- · First responders

10:45 AM Chris Joseph, Legislative Council, provided verbal information.

10:58 AM Representative Koppelman moved to Recede from the House Amendment and amend as follows LC 23.0674.01003.

10:59 AM Senator Larsen seconded.

10:59 AM Motion Passed 6-0-0

Senator Rummel is the Senate carrier.

Koppelman is the House carrier.

11:00 AM Chairman Rummel adjourned meeting.

Nathan Liesen, Committee Clerk

Adopted by the Conference Committee

April 21, 2023



PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 2168

That the House recede from its amendments as printed on pages 1532-1535 of the Senate Journal and pages 1741-1745 of the House Journal and that Senate Bill No. 2168 be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 1, after "A BILL" replace the remainder of the bill with "for an Act to amend and reenact section 39-06.1-06, subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, section 39-21-41.4, and subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to speeding violations, use of safety belts, and city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

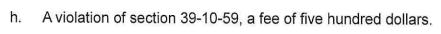
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-06.1-06. Amount of statutory fees.

The fees required for a noncriminal disposition under section 39-06.1-02 or 39-06.1-03 must be as follows:

- 1. For a nonmoving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-08, a fee of twenty dollars except for a violation of any traffic parking regulation on any state charitable or penal institution property or on the state capitol grounds, a fee in the amount of five dollars, excluding a violation of subsection 11 of section 39-01-15.
- 2. For a moving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-09, a fee of twenty dollars, except for:
 - a. A violation of section 39-10-26, 39-10-26.2, 39-10-41, or 39-10-42, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - b. A violation of section 39-10-05 involving failure to yield to a pedestrian or subsection 1 of section 39-10-28, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - c. A violation of section 39-21-41.2, a fee of twenty-five dollars.
 - A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-12-02, section 39-08-23, or section 39-08-25, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - e. A violation of subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 39-12-04, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - f. A violation of subsection 6 of section 39-04-37, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - g. A violation of subsection 2 of section 39-10-21.1, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.



- A violation of section 39-09-01, a fee of thirty dollars.
- j. A violation of section 39-09-01.1, a fee of thirty dollars.
- A violation of section 39-10-46 or 39-10-46.1, a fee of one hundred dollars.

10K 2g4 4-21-23

- A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-08-20, one hundred fifty dollars for a first violation and three hundred dollars for a second or subsequent violation in three years.
- m. A violation of section 39-10-24 or 39-10-44, a fee of forty dollars.
- n. A violation of section 39-10-50.1, a fee of fifty dollars.
- o. A violation of section 39-19-03, a fee of fifty dollars.
- 3. For a violation of section 39-21-44 or a rule adopted under that section, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
- 4. Except as provided in subsections 5 and 7, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over

lawful speed limit

Fee

1-5 \$ 5

6-10 \$ 5 plus \$1/each mph over 5 mph over limit

11 - 15 \$ 10 plus \$1/each mph over 10 mph over limit

16 - 20 \$ 15 plus \$2/each mph over 15 mph over limit

21 - 25 \$ 25 plus \$3/each mph over 20 mph over limit

26 - 35 \$ 40 plus \$3/each mph over 25 mph over limit

36 - 45 \$ 70 plus \$3/each mph over 35 mph over limit

46 + \$100 plus \$5/each mph over 45 mph over limit

5. On a highway on which the speed limit is a speed higher than fifty-five miles [88.51 kilometers] of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour or lower, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over

lawful speed limit

Fee

1 - 10 \$2/each mph over limit

11 + \$20 plus \$5/each mph over 10 mph over limit

- 6.5. For a violation of section 39-06.2-10.9 or subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, a fee established as follows:
 - a. Driving more than eleven hours since the last ten hours off duty, driving after fourteen hours on duty since the last ten hours off duty, driving after sixty hours on duty in seven days or seventy hours in eight days, no record of duty status or log book in possession, failing to retain previous seven-day record of duty status or log book, or operating a vehicle with four to six out-of-service defects, one hundred dollars;
 - b. False record of duty status or log book or operating a vehicle with seven to nine out-of-service defects, two hundred fifty dollars;
 - Operating a vehicle after driver placed out of service, operating a vehicle with ten or more out-of-service defects, or operating a vehicle that has been placed out of service prior to its repair, five hundred dollars; and
 - All other violations of motor carrier safety rules adopted under subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, fifty dollars.
- 7.6. On a highway on which the speed limit is posted in excess of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or equivalent ordinance, a fee of five dollars for each mile per hour over the limit.
- 8.7. For a violation of a school zone speed limit under subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, a fee of forty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and forty dollars, plus one dollar for each additional mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section.
- 9.8. For a violation of a highway construction zone speed limit under subsection 2 of section 39-09-02, a fee of eighty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and eighty dollars plus two dollars for each mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit, unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section. The fee in this subsection does not apply to a highway construction zone unless individuals engaged in construction are present at the time and place of the violation and the posted speed limit sign states "Minimum Fee \$80".
 - 9. If a violation of subsection 4, 6, 7, or 8 is for exceeding the speed limit by twenty-one miles [33.8 kilometers] per hour or more in a speed zone of less than seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] per hour, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars. If a violation of subsection 6 is for exceeding the speed limit by sixteen miles [25.75 kilometers] per hour or more in a speed zone of seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] per hour or greater, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

 Seventy-five Eighty miles [120.70128.75] kilometers] an hour on access-controlled, paved and divided, multilane interstate highways, unless otherwise permitted, restricted, or required by conditions.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 39-21-41.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-21-41.4. Use of safety belts required in certain motor vehicles - Enforcement - Evidence.

Subject to the limitations of this section and section 39-21-41.5, a

- <u>A</u> driver may not operate upon a highway a motor vehicle designed for carrying fewer than eleven passengers, which was originally manufactured with safety belts unless each front seat occupant is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened safety belt.
- This section does not apply to a child in a child restraint or safety belt in 2. accordance with section 39-21-41.2; to the operators of construction equipment; to drivers of implements of husbandry; to operators of farm vehicles as defined in subsection 5 of section 39-04-19; to rural mail carriers while on duty delivering mail; to an authorized emergency vehicle when the circumstances are necessary for the proper performance of official duties; to an occupant with a medical or physically disabling condition that prevents appropriate restraint in a safety belt, if a qualified physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse states in a signed writing the nature of the condition and the reason restraint is inappropriate; or when all front seat safety belts are in use by other occupants. A physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who, in good faith, provides a statement that restraint would be inappropriate is not subject to civil liability. A violation for notNot wearing a safety belt under this section is not, in itself, evidence of negligence. The fact of a violation of this section is not admissible in any proceeding other than one charging the violation.
- 3. The fee imposed for a violation of this section must be issued to:
 - a. The driver if the violation is by the driver or a passenger who is a minor; or
 - b. The adult passenger if the violation was by an adult passenger.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

2. For every violation of a city ordinance that regulates the operation or equipment of a motor vehicle or which regulates traffic, except those ordinances listed in section 39-06.1-05, a fee may be established, by ordinance, which may exceed, by up to one hundred percent, the limit, for an equivalent category of violation, set forth in section 39-06.1-06 except for a violation of a speed limitation."

Renumber accordingly

Date: 4/21/2023 Roll Call Vote #: 1

2023 SENATE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTES

BILL/RESOLUTION NO. SB 2168 as (re) engrossed

Senate "Enter co Action Taken	□ SEN □ SEN □ HOU □ HOU □ Una	IATE IATE JSE JSE ble 1	acce acce reced reced	de to H de to H e from e from	ouse ouse Hous Hous	e Amendments e Amendments and furthe se amendments se amendments and amen ends that the committee be	nd as	follow		ew
Motion Made by:	Корре	lman				Seconded by: <u>Larsen</u>				
Senators		4/20	4/21	Yes	No	Representatives	4/20	4/21	Yes	No
Rummel, Dean (R) Chair)		Х	Х	Х		Koppelman, Ben (R)	Х	Х	х	
arsen, Doug (R)		Χ	Х	Х		Timmons, Kelby (R)	Х	Х	Х	
Clemens, David A.	(R)	Х	Х	X		Weisz, Robin (R)	X	X	X	
otal Senate Vote				3		Total Rep. Vote			3	
Vote Count	Ye	s: <u>6</u>				No: <u>0</u> Ab	sent:	0		
Senate Carrier	Rumn	nel				House Carrier Koppelma	ın			
LC Number 2	23.0674				•	01003	of a	mendr	ment	
LC Number	23.0674 <u>23.0674</u>				. <u>03000</u> of engrossr			grossm	nent	
Emergency claus	e added	d or	delete	b						
Statement of purp	oose of	ame	ndmer	nt						

Insert LC: 23.0674.01003 Senate Carrier: Rummel House Carrier: Koppelman

Module ID: s_cfcomrep_69_004

REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

SB 2168: Your conference committee (Sens. Rummel, Larsen, Clemens and Reps. Koppelman, Timmons, Weisz) recommends that the **HOUSE RECEDE** from the House amendments as printed on SJ pages 1532-1535, adopt amendments as follows, and place SB 2168 on the Seventh order:

That the House recede from its amendments as printed on pages 1532-1535 of the Senate Journal and pages 1741-1745 of the House Journal and that Senate Bill No. 2168 be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 1, after "A BILL" replace the remainder of the bill with "for an Act to amend and reenact section 39-06.1-06, subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, section 39-21-41.4, and subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to speeding violations, use of safety belts, and city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

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- For a nonmoving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-08, a fee of twenty dollars except for a violation of any traffic parking regulation on any state charitable or penal institution property or on the state capitol grounds, a fee in the amount of five dollars, excluding a violation of subsection 11 of section 39-01-15.
- 2. For a moving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-09, a fee of twenty dollars, except for:
 - a. A violation of section 39-10-26, 39-10-26.2, 39-10-41, or 39-10-42, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - b. A violation of section 39-10-05 involving failure to yield to a pedestrian or subsection 1 of section 39-10-28, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - c. A violation of section 39-21-41.2, a fee of twenty-five dollars.
 - d. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-12-02, section 39-08-23, or section 39-08-25, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - A violation of subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 39-12-04, a fee
 of one hundred dollars.
 - A violation of subsection 6 of section 39-04-37, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - g. A violation of subsection 2 of section 39-10-21.1, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
 - h. A violation of section 39-10-59, a fee of five hundred dollars.
 - i. A violation of section 39-09-01, a fee of thirty dollars.

Module ID: s_cfcomrep_69_004

Insert LC: 23.0674.01003 Senate Carrier: Rummel House Carrier: Koppelman

- j. A violation of section 39-09-01.1, a fee of thirty dollars.
- A violation of section 39-10-46 or 39-10-46.1, a fee of one hundred dollars.
- A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-08-20, one hundred fifty dollars for a first violation and three hundred dollars for a second or subsequent violation in three years.
- m. A violation of section 39-10-24 or 39-10-44, a fee of forty dollars.
- n. A violation of section 39-10-50.1, a fee of fifty dollars.
- o. A violation of section 39-19-03, a fee of fifty dollars.
- For a violation of section 39-21-44 or a rule adopted under that section, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
- 4. Except as provided in subsections 5 and 7, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over

lawful speed limit Fee

1-5	\$ -5
6 - 10	\$ 5 plus \$1/each mph over 5 mph over limit
11 - 15	\$ 10 plus \$1/each mph over 10 mph over limit
16 - 20	\$ 15 plus \$2/each mph over 15 mph over limit
21 - 25	\$ 25 plus \$3/each mph over 20 mph over limit
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46 +	\$100 plus \$5/each mph over 45 mph over limit

5. On a highway on which the speed limit is a speed higher than fifty-five-miles [88.51 kilometers] of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour or lower, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

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- 1 10 \$2/each mph over limit
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- 6-5. For a violation of section 39-06.2-10.9 or subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, a fee established as follows:
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Module ID: s_cfcomrep_69_004

Insert LC: 23.0674.01003 Senate Carrier: Rummel House Carrier: Koppelman

driving after sixty hours on duty in seven days or seventy hours in eight days, no record of duty status or log book in possession, failing to retain previous seven-day record of duty status or log book, or operating a vehicle with four to six out-of-service defects, one hundred dollars;

- b. False record of duty status or log book or operating a vehicle with seven to nine out-of-service defects, two hundred fifty dollars;
- Operating a vehicle after driver placed out of service, operating a vehicle with ten or more out-of-service defects, or operating a vehicle that has been placed out of service prior to its repair, five hundred dollars; and
- d. All other violations of motor carrier safety rules adopted under subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, fifty dollars.
- 7.6. On a highway on which the speed limit is posted in excess of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or equivalent ordinance, a fee of five dollars for each mile per hour over the limit.
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 - 9. If a violation of subsection 4, 6, 7, or 8 is for exceeding the speed limit by twenty-one miles [33.8 kilometers] per hour or more in a speed zone of less than seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] per hour, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars. If a violation of subsection 6 is for exceeding the speed limit by sixteen miles [25.75 kilometers] per hour or more in a speed zone of seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] per hour or greater, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars.

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39-21-41.4. Use of safety belts required in certain motor vehicles - Enforcement - Evidence.

Subject to the limitations of this section and section 39-21-41.5, a

Insert LC: 23.0674.01003 Senate Carrier: Rummel House Carrier: Koppelman

Module ID: s_cfcomrep_69_004

<u>A</u> driver may not operate upon a highway a motor vehicle designed for carrying fewer than eleven passengers, which was originally manufactured with safety belts unless each front seat occupant is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened safety belt.

- This section does not apply to a child in a child restraint or safety belt in accordance with section 39-21-41.2; to the operators of construction equipment; to drivers of implements of husbandry; to operators of farm vehicles as defined in subsection 5 of section 39-04-19; to rural mail carriers while on duty delivering mail; to an authorized emergency vehicle when the circumstances are necessary for the proper performance of official duties; to an occupant with a medical or physically disabling condition that prevents appropriate restraint in a safety belt, if a qualified physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse states in a signed writing the nature of the condition and the reason restraint is inappropriate; or when all front seat safety belts are in use by other occupants. A physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who, in good faith, provides a statement that restraint would be inappropriate is not subject to civil liability. A violation for notNot wearing a safety belt under this section is not, in itself, evidence of negligence. The fact of a violation of this section is not admissible in any proceeding other than one charging the violation.
- 3. The fee imposed for a violation of this section must be issued to:
 - <u>a.</u> The driver if the violation is by the driver or a passenger who is a minor; or
 - b. The adult passenger if the violation was by an adult passenger.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

2. For every violation of a city ordinance that regulates the operation or equipment of a motor vehicle or which regulates traffic, except those ordinances listed in section 39-06.1-05, a fee may be established, by ordinance, which may exceed, by up to one hundred percent, the limit, for an equivalent category of violation, set forth in section 39-06.1-06 except for a violation of a speed limitation."

Renumber accordingly

SB 2168 was placed on the Seventh order of business on the calendar.

TESTIMONY

SB 2168

Testimony on SB 2168

Thank you Mr. Chairman and members of the Senate Transportation Committee.

For the record, my name is Senator Dean Rummel from District 37.

I believe we all can agree that everyone would want our roadways safer with no fatalities. This bill has the potential to save lives.

This bill doubles the fines for those individuals who exceed the posted speed limit by 21 mph or more. So on Interstate 94 if you see someone go by you at 96 mph and they are stopped by the ND Highway Patrol, the fine will go up from \$105 to \$210. This does not affect the speeding fines at 20 mph or below over the posted speed limit. For your information, those speeding fines at 20 mph or below have not changed for the 55 mph and 60-65 mph speed zones since 1983. The speeding fines for the 70 mph and greater speed zones have not changed since 2003.

There were 377,310 speed and careless driving related citations issued from 2017 to 2021. 20,921 of those citations were for 20 mph over the posted speed limit. That averages out to 4,184 citations per year for that 5-

year time period. This bill would double the fines for those citations.

We need to financially encourage those individuals who drive 21 mph over the posted speed limit to slow down and save lives. Speeding and or aggressive driving has been a factor in 34% of fatal crashes in North Dakota in 2021.

By your do pass vote of Senate Bill 2168, it will send a clear message of support for the ND Strategic Highway Safety Plan's VISION ZERO, zero fatalities, zero excuses.

With us is Sgt. Wade Kadrmas, the Chair for the Vision Zero Speeding/Aggressive Driving Priority Emphasis Area Team with the ND Highway Patrol. He can provide you with answers to any questions that you might have.

SENATE BILL 2168 HANDOUT

Enhanced Penalty for Higher Speeds Handout

- North Dakota Speed-Related Crashes
 - Speeding or traveling too fast for conditions is a factor in about 30-40 percent of all fatal crashes in North Dakota each year. (Source: NDDOT Highway Safety Division)
 - There were 160 fatal crashes on North Dakota roadways from 2017-2021. Of these, 33.8 percent (160 of 473) were related to speed/too fast for conditions. (Source: NDDOT Highway Safety Division)
 - There were 1,652 serious injury crashes on North Dakota roadways from 2017-2021. Of these, 39.9 percent (659 of 1,652) were related to speed/too fast for conditions. (Source: NDDOT Highway Safety Division)
 - Of the 659 speed-related crashes that resulted in a fatality or serious injury on North Dakota roadways from 2017-2021, 23 percent (151 of 659) were speed-related rollover crashes.
 - 178 people have died in speed/aggressive driving-involved crashes in North Dakota over the past five years (2017-2021). Know the road conditions and adjust your speed accordingly. (NDDOT Crash Summary)
 - Nearly every 2.4 hours, one speed/aggressive driving-involved crash occurred in North Dakota in 2021. Stop speeding before it stops you. (NDDOT Crash Summary)
 - Every 10.4 days, one speed/aggressive driving-involved vehicle fatality occurred in North Dakota in 2021. Plan ahead and allow extra time so everyone can make it to their destination safely. (NDDOT Crash Summary)
 - Speeding and/or aggressive driving has been a factor in 34% of fatal crashes in North Dakota in 2021. Slow down and arrive alive. (NDDOT Crash Summary)
- Speeding isn't just aggressive driving, it's deadly driving. (Vision Zero ND Speed & Aggressive Driving)
- Over 20,000 speed-related citations of 20 mph over the posted speed limit were issued from 2017-2021. (NDDOT Drivers License)
- All too often, drivers make the wrong choice by trying to pass slower traffic or drive too fast for road conditions. Think ahead. The stopping distance at 20 mph is about 60 feet. At 65 mph, you may travel 450 feet or more before stopping. (Vision Zero ND Speed & Aggressive Driving)
- Every driver and vehicle occupant in North Dakota need to take personal responsibility for their
 actions while travelling in order to help the state achieve the zero goal. (Vision Zero ND Speed &
 Aggressive Driving)

- There is a direct correlation between collision speed and the *severity* of a crash. *The higher the collision speed, the more serious the consequences in terms of injury and material damage.* In addition, the human body is physically very vulnerable in comparison with the enormous forces released in a collision. During the past decades, vehicles have become ever better equipped (with crush areas, airbags and seatbelts) to absorb the energy released in a crash, thus protecting the occupants. However, the collision speed still is very important for the crash outcome. (Source: Institute for Road Safety Research)
- FHWA is currently promoting a Safe Systems approach to safety on our roadways. One of the elements of the Safe Systems approach is safe speeds. FHWA states "Humans are unlikely to survive high-speed crashes. Reducing speeds can accommodate human injury tolerances in three ways: reducing impact forces, providing additional time for drivers to stop, and improving visibility".
- Rational speed limits promote public safety by helping drivers choose reasonable and prudent speed
 that is appropriate for normal traffic, weather, and roadway conditions. This encourages more
 drivers to travel at about the same speed, which has been shown to reduce the likelihood of
 crashes. Rational speed limits make sense to the majority of drivers because they are not
 unrealistically low or high, therefore mostly self-enforcing. (Source: FHWA)
- The most widely accepted method by state and local agencies is to set the speed limit at or below the speed at which 85 percent of the traffic is moving. The 85th percentile speed is the speed not exceeded by 85 percent of drivers. Studies have shown crash rates are lowest at around the 85th percentile speed. Drivers traveling significantly faster or slower than this speed are at a greater risk for being in a crash. It is the variation of speed in traffic that is related to crash risk, not just high speeds. (Source: Speed Limits in North Dakota brochure, North Dakota Department of Transportation, North Dakota State University Upper Great Plains Transportation Institute and the North Dakota Highway Patrol)
- Automatic Traffic Records (ATR) data shows the 50th percentile speed is about 78 mph and the 85th percentile speed is about 82 mph. (Source: NDDOT Planning/Asset Management Division)

Drivers traveling between the 50th and 85th percentile have the lowest risk of crashing due to speed. Drivers exceeding the 90th percentile have a significantly higher risk of crashing. (Source: FHWA)

I-94 ATR Sites;

 Tower City all lanes, RP 312.5 = >85th percentile speed 	82.5 mph
 Tower City all lanes, RP 312.5 = >50th percentile speed 	77.8 mph
 New Salem all lanes, RP 126.8 = >85th percentile speed 	83.8 mph
 New Salem all lanes, RP 126.8 = >50th percentile speed 	79.0 mph
I-29 ATR Sites;	
 Buxton all lanes, RP 112.8 = >85th percentile speed 	81.8 mph
 Buxton all lanes, RP 112.8 = >50th percentile speed 	77.5 mph
 Mooreton all lanes, RP 25.0 = >85th percentile speed 	83.0 mph
 Mooreton all lanes, RP 25.0 = >50th percentile speed 	78.0 mph
I-94 WIM Sites;	
 Belfield EB only, RP 34.7 = >85th percentile speed 	82.0 mph

I-29 WIM Sites;

 Joliette SB 	only, RP	207.8 = >8	5 th percentile s	peed	79.0 mph
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Good morning, Chairman Clemens and members of the Senate Transportation Committee. My name is Wade Kadrmas, and I serve as the Chair for the Vision Zero Speeding/Aggressive Driving Priority Emphasis Area Team. I am here today on behalf of the Speeding/Aggressive Driving Team, in support of Senate Bill 2168. I have been in law enforcement for over 25 years. I served three years as a correctional officer in Dickinson, three years as a police officer for the City of Dickinson, and the past 18 years as a trooper for the North Dakota Highway Patrol with the last five as the Safety and Education Officer, focusing on traffic safety.

For members of the committee who aren't familiar with Vision Zero, it is North Dakota's Strategic Highway Safety Plan that has been in place since 2018. The state is required to submit a highway safety plan every five years to Federal Highway Administration. The Strategic Highway Safety Plan is a major component and requirement of the Highway Safety Improvement Program. The plan provides a comprehensive framework for reducing highway fatalities and serious injuries on public roads.

The Speeding/Aggressive Driving Team originated from an analysis of North Dakota's serious crash data that pointed to the most common types of crashes and contributing factors that cause those crashes. This team is one of six that reflect the priority safety emphasis areas of the Vision Zero Plan. The other five focus areas are lane departure; intersections; alcohol and/or drug related driving; unbelted vehicle occupants; and young drivers.

The mission of the Speeding/Aggressive Driving Priority Emphasis Area Team is to address the behaviors of motorists who choose to drive aggressively and/or ignore North Dakota's speed limit laws. Aggressive driving is a combination of moving violations to include speeding; running stop signs and red lights; turning/passing violations; improper lane changes; following too close; and distracted driving. Drivers who frequently engage in these driving behaviors choose to ignore the safety of other roadway users, putting themselves and other motorists at risk of being involved in a serious crash.

The current Speeding/Aggressive Driving Team is comprised of traffic engineers; driver's education instructors; and work force safety, law enforcement, and private corporation representatives. As elected officials, I encourage you to participate in one or more of the Vision Zero Priority Area Emphasis teams, your role as an elected officials is vital in helping create safer roadways in our great state.

Prior to detailing how this bill will affect motorists who chose to drive at dangerously excessive speeds, I will provide information where fees collected for these violations are deposited. Under section two of article nine in the North Dakota Constitution, relating to trust lands, it states "net proceeds of all fines for violation of state laws and all other sums which may be added by law, must be faithfully used and applied each year for the benefit of the common schools of the state". Click here to view the 2019-2021 North Dakota Trust Lands Biennial Report.



North Dakota Century Code (NDCC) determines where fines for city ordinances are to be deposited. NDCC 40-11-13, relating to fines and forfeitures for violation of ordinances paid into treasury, states, "All fines, penalties, and forfeitures collected for offenses against the ordinances of a city, including those fines, penalties, and forfeitures collected as a result of a judgment of a district court rendered pursuant to section 40-18-19, must be paid into the city's treasury at such time and in such manner as may be prescribed by ordinance."

During the 67th legislative session, House Bill 1279 was put forward with the goal of standardizing speeding fines and points for exceeding the speed limit in any speed zone. The result would have created the same fine based on exceeding the speed in any speed zone. The bill failed due to concern over cities being allowed to double traffic fines. Senate Bill 2168 was drafted to prevent cities from doubling the enhanced fines outlined in this bill to ensure the same concern wouldn't arise this session.

The bill before you today is designed to double the current fees for drivers who choose to drive 21 mph or more over the posted speed limit. Page three of the testimony contains a spreadsheet that breaks down the different fee schedules for speeding. The spreadsheet on page four breaks down the fee schedule for speeding in construction zones; and the page five spreadsheet is for speeding in school zones.

Speeding and aggressive driving continue to be a factor in fatal crashes. In 2021, thirty-four percent of fatal crashes involved this type of dangerous driving behavior. Over the past five years (2017-2021), speed/aggressive driving attributed to 178 deaths on North Dakota roadways. It also contributed to forty percent of serious injury crashes (659 of 1,625) in the same time frame.

North Dakota law needs to address dangerous speeds for many reasons. The <u>Insurance Institute for Highway Safety</u> list the following as dangers of speed:

- speed increases the distance a vehicle travels from the time a driver detects an emergency to the time the driver reacts.
- speed increases the distance needed for a vehicle to stop once the driver starts to brake.
- speed increases the risk that an evasive steering maneuver will result in loss of control.
- speed increases the crash energy exponentially.

Speeding puts other roadway users at a disadvantage by taking away their time to react to an irresponsible driving behavior. On behalf of the Vision Zero Speeding/Aggressive Driving Team, I respectfully ask for your support on SB 2168 to enhance penalties for drivers speeding 21 mph or more over the posted speed limit.

Statutory Links:

N.D.C.C. 39-06.1-06 Amount of statutory fees.

N.D.C.C. 40-05-06 Cities fines and penalties limited.



NORTH DAKOTA SPEEDING FINES										
	55 mph and less			6	60-65 mph 70 mph ai			ph and g	n and greater	
	39-06.1-06 (4)			39-06.1-06 (5)			39-06.1-06 (7)			
	s	ince 19	83	Si	nce 198	35	Established 2003			
MPH Over	Fine	Cities	Cities	Fine	Cities	Cities	Fine	Cities	Cities	
1 mph	\$ 5	\$ 10		\$ 2	\$ 4		\$ 5			
2 mph	\$ 5	\$ 10		\$ 4	\$ 8		\$ 10			
3 mph	\$ 5	\$ 10		\$ 6	\$ 12		\$ 15			
4 mph	\$ 5	\$ 10		\$ 8	\$ 16		\$ 20			
5 mph	\$ 5	\$ 10		\$ 10	\$ 20		\$ 25			
6 mph	\$ 6	\$ 12		\$ 12	\$ 24		\$ 30			
7 mph	\$ 7	\$ 14		\$ 14	\$ 28		\$ 35			
8 mph	\$ 8	\$ 16		\$ 16	\$ 32		\$ 40			
9 mph	\$ 9	\$ 18		\$ 18	\$ 36		\$ 45			
10 mph	\$10	\$ 20		\$ 20	\$ 40		\$ 50			
11 mph	\$11	\$ 22		\$ 25	\$ 50		\$ 55			
12 mph	\$12	\$ 24		\$ 30	\$ 60		\$ 60			
13 mph	\$13	\$ 26		\$ 35	\$ 70		\$ 65			
14 mph	\$14	\$ 28		\$ 40	\$ 80		\$ 70			
15 mph	\$15	\$ 30		\$ 45	\$ 90		\$ 75			
16 mph	\$17	\$ 34		\$ 50	\$100		\$ 80			
17 mph	\$19	\$ 38 \$ 42		\$ 55 \$ 60	\$110		\$ 85			
18 mph	\$21				\$120 \$130		\$ 90 \$ 95			
19 mph	\$23 \$25	\$ 46 \$ 50		\$ 65 \$ 70	\$130		\$ 95 \$100			
20 mph 21 mph	\$28	\$ 56	\$112	\$ 75	\$150	\$300	\$105	\$ 210	\$ 420	
22 mph	\$31	\$ 62	\$124	\$ 80	\$160	\$320	\$103	\$ 220	\$ 440	
23 mph	\$34	\$ 68	\$136	\$ 85	\$170	\$340	\$115	\$ 230	\$ 460	
24 mph	\$37	\$ 74	\$148	\$ 90	\$180	\$360	\$120	\$ 240	\$ 480	
25 mph	\$40	\$ 80	\$160	\$ 95	\$190	\$380	\$125	\$ 250	\$ 500	
26 mph	\$43	\$ 86	\$172	\$100	\$200	\$400	\$130	\$ 260	\$ 520	
27 mph	\$46	\$ 92	\$184	\$105	\$210	\$420	\$135	\$ 270	\$ 540	
28 mph	\$49	\$ 98	\$196	\$110	\$220	\$440	\$140	\$ 280	\$ 560	
29 mph	\$52	\$104	\$208	\$115	\$230	\$460	\$145	\$ 290	\$ 580	
30 mph	\$55	\$110	\$220	\$120	\$240	\$480	\$150	\$ 300	\$ 600	
31 mph	\$58	\$116	\$232	\$125	\$250	\$500	\$155	\$ 310	\$ 620	
32 mph	\$61	\$122	\$244	\$130	\$260	\$520	\$160	\$ 320	\$ 640	
33 mph	\$64	\$128	\$256	\$135	\$270	\$540	\$165	\$ 330	\$ 660	
34 mph	\$67	\$134	\$268	\$140	\$280	\$560	\$170	\$ 340	\$ 680	
35 mph	\$70	\$140	\$280	\$145	\$290	\$580	\$175	\$ 350	\$ 700	
36 mph	\$73	\$146	\$292	\$150	\$300	\$600	\$180	\$ 360	\$ 720	
Current fe				Nev				if they v		
		r 40-05-		During				<u>40-05-06</u>		
Current fee			reased	Propo	sea tine			oads not	raised	
under 40-05-06 under 40-05-06										



CONSTRUCTION ZONE FINES 39-06.1-06 (9) First Established 1995 55 mph and less zones 60-65 mph zones MPH Over **Fine Workers Present Cities Workers Present Cities** Fine 1 mph \$ 5 | \$ 80 \$ 2 \$ 80 \$ \$ 5 | \$ \$ 2 mph 80 4 80 \$ \$ 5 \$ \$ 3 mph 80 6 80 \$ \$ \$ 5 \$ 80 4 mph 80 8 \$ \$ 5 mph \$ 5 \$ 80 10 80 \$ 6 mph \$ 6 \$ 80 12 \$ 80 \$ 7 \$ \$ \$ 80 7 mph 80 14 \$ \$ 8 mph \$8 80 16 80 \$ \$ \$ \$ 9 80 9 mph 80 18 \$ \$ \$ \$10 10 mph 80 20 80 \$ \$11 | \$ \$ 11 mph 82 25 82 \$ 12 mph \$12 Ś 84 30 Ś 84 13 mph \$13 | \$ \$ \$ 86 35 86 \$ 14 mph \$14 \$ 88 40 \$ 88 \$ \$15 | \$ \$ 15 mph 90 45 90 \$ \$17 | \$ \$ 16 mph 92 50 92 \$ \$ \$19 \$ 17 mph 94 55 94 \$ \$ \$ 18 mph \$21 96 60 96 \$ \$23 \$ \$ 19 mph 98 65 98 \$ \$25 | \$ \$ 20 mph 100 70 100 \$ \$28 \$ \$ 102 21 mph 102 | \$ 204 75 Ś 204 \$ \$ \$ 104 \$ 104 22 mph \$31 208 80 \$ 208 \$ \$34 \$ 106 \$ \$ 23 mph 212 85 106 | \$ 212 \$ \$37 | \$ 108 \$ 216 90 \$ 108 \$ 216 24 mph \$ 110 \$ \$ \$ 25 mph 95 110 | \$ 220 \$40 220 \$ \$ 112 | \$ \$ 112 | \$ 224 26 mph \$43 224 100 \$ **27 mph** \$46 \$ 114 | \$ 228 105 \$ 114 \$ 228 \$ 28 mph \$49 \$ 116 | \$ 232 110 \$ 116 | \$ 232 \$ 29 mph \$52 | \$ 118 | \$ 236 115 | \$ 118 | \$ 236 \$55 | \$ 120 \$ 240 120 | \$ 120 240 30 mph When workers present a minimum of Current fee that hasn't been raised under 40-05-06 \$80 unless greater fee applicable Proposed new fine and currently what cities are allowed under 40-05-06 when workers are present



		ool Zone Fines				
39-06.1-06 (8)						
	First E	stablished 2001				
MPH Over	Fine	Children Present	Cities			
1 mph	\$ 5	\$ 40				
2 mph	\$ 5	\$ 40				
3 mph	\$ 5	\$ 40				
4 mph	\$ 5	\$ 40				
5 mph	\$ 5	\$ 40				
6 mph	\$ 6	\$ 40				
7 mph	\$ 7	\$ 40				
8 mph	\$ 8	\$ 40				
9 mph	\$ 9	\$ 40				
10 mph	\$ 10	\$ 40				
11 mph	\$ 11	\$ 41				
12 mph	\$ 12	\$ 42				
13 mph	\$ 13	\$ 43				
14 mph	\$ 14	\$ 44				
15 mph	\$ 15	\$ 45				
16 mph	\$ 17	\$ 46				
17 mph	\$ 19	\$ 47				
18 mph	\$ 21	\$ 48				
19 mph	\$ 23	\$ 49				
20 mph	\$ 25	\$ 50				
21 mph	\$ 28	\$ 51	\$ 102			
22 mph	\$ 31	\$ 52	\$ 104			
23 mph	\$ 34	\$ 53	\$ 106			
24 mph	\$ 37	\$ 54	\$ 108			
25 mph	\$ 40	\$ 55	\$ 110			
26 mph	\$ 43	\$ 56	\$ 112			
27 mph	\$ 46	\$ 57	\$ 114			
28 mph	\$ 49	\$ 58	\$ 116			
29 mph	\$ 52	\$ 59	\$ 118			
30 mph	\$ 55	\$ 60	\$ 120			
	Curren	t fee that hasn't b				
	M/hon sk	under 40-05-06				
		ildren present a m ess greater fee app				
	-	d new fine and cui	-			
cities are allowed under 40-05-06						

when children are present



January 18, 2023

AAA-The Auto Club Group 4950 13th Ave. S., Ste. 15 Fargo, ND 58103-7268

(701) 367-9257 <u>eladoucer@acg.aaa.com</u>

Senator David A. Clemens State Capitol 600 E. Boulevard Ave. Bismarck, ND 58505

Chairman Clemens and Members of the Senate Transportation Committee,

AAA recognizes that many drivers like to exceed the speed limit. While we'd like to think people find the drive across our Legendary state relaxing and the sights inspirational, a good number of drivers want to cut every minute they can off their trips. While we don't condone exceeding posted speed limits, we're not opposed to some leeway in enforcement as long as the safety of all road users is considered.

Exceeding the speed limit by a few miles per hour can be seen as "pressing" the limit; however, AAA views speeds in excess of 15 mph over the limit on interstate highways, or 10 mph on residential streets, as aggressive. A speed of more than 20 mph over a posted speed limit is not only aggressive, it is irresponsible and very unsafe. At that point a driver would be approaching 100 mph on an interstate or 55-60 mph on many city streets. Consider the following:

High speeds lead to more deaths. Research shows that as speeds go up, so do fatal crashes. Higher speeds increase closing rates, reduce reaction time and increase crash severity. High speeds are a factor in about one-third of fatal crashes each year in North Dakota.

Speed has a significant impact on pedestrian safety. The average risk of death for pedestrians increases exponentially the faster a vehicle is traveling, from 10% at 23 mph to 90% at 58 mph.

Even small speed increases can have huge impacts on crash outcomes and cancel the effectiveness of vehicle safety features, according to crash tests by the AAA Foundation for Traffic Safety, the Insurance Institute for Highway Safety and Humanetics. The faster a driver is going before a crash, the less likely the vehicle will slow to a survivable speed even if the driver has a chance to brake before impact. Cars are safer than they've ever been, but they cannot defy the laws of physics.

High speeds during hours of darkness are an even bigger concern as posted speeds are already exceeding the capabilities of vehicle headlights on most highways. AAA testing found that even with the most advanced headlight systems under ideal weather conditions, the ability to see an object in the roadway at night is reduced by as much as 60 percent when compared to driving in daylight. On high beam, headlights provide adequate lighting for maximum speeds of 48 to 55 mph.

The most widely accepted method by state and local agencies is to set the speed limit at or below the speed at which 85 percent of the traffic is moving. The 85th percentile speed is the speed not exceeded by 85 percent of drivers. In North Dakota, the 85th percentile speed on both I-29 and I-94 is about 82 mph, about 7 mph over the speed limit, according to the ND Department of Transportation. Speeds of more than 13 mph over the 85th percentile create increased crash risks for everyone sharing the road with aggressive drivers.

The overwhelming majority of North Dakota drivers disapprove of driving 20 mph or more over the posted speed limit. While a AAA survey of North Dakota drivers conducted last fall found that 85% considered it acceptable to drive 5 or 10 mph over the speed limit, just 1% said it was acceptable to drive more than 20 mph over the posted speed limit.

AAA appreciates that education is often preferred over punishment and higher fines. It is AAA's position that penalties for traffic violations should be fair, equitable and set at a point this discouraged unsafe behavior. We feel that doubling the current fine for the few drivers who choose to willfully exceed posted speed limits to such an extent they endanger other road users – including pedestrians – is a suitable way to bring attention to this dangerous and unacceptable behavior.

Mr. Chairman, and members of the committee, on behalf of AAA-The Auto Club Group and our more than 70,000 members in North Dakota, I urge a "Do Pass" recommendation on SB 2168.

Sincerely,

Gene LaDoucer

Regional Public Affairs Director

Leve Lablace

AAA-The Auto Club Group (ACG) is a membership based, non-profit corporation operating in fourteen states and two US Territories. It is one of the largest American Automobile Association (AAA) clubs in the United States with approximately 14 million members. ACG provides travel, insurance, automotive, and financial services to its members. In North Dakota, AAA – The Auto Club Group serves more than 70,000 members and works to represent the interests of members and the traveling public in the state legislature.



68th Legislative Assembly

Testimony in **Support** of **Senate Bill 2168 Senate Transportation Committee**January 19, 2023

TESTIMONY OF

Trooper Jacob Jones

Good morning, Chairman Clemens and members of the Senate Transportation Committee. My name is Jacob Jones, and I am a trooper with the North Dakota Highway Patrol and have been employed as such since 2011. My primary duties as a trooper have been traffic enforcement and crash reconstruction. I am here today on behalf of the North Dakota Highway Patrol in support of Senate Bill 2168, regarding the increase in penalties for those violating our state's speeding statutes by 21 or more miles per hour over the posted limit.

As a crash reconstruction analyst, I generally have the benefit of having the facts and evidence laid out before me, well after the fact, of someone being seriously injured or killed in a crash. I can sort through the evidence and generally determine vehicle speeds, drivers' actions and reactions and possibly how the crash could have been avoided or not avoided. A theme that I often see is that the circumstances surrounding crashes play out in mere seconds or fractions of a second. Poor decisions may have been made well before that but when a hazard presents itself, drivers are forced to make split second decisions. Annually, over 100 billion dollars is spent worldwide on developing and implementing automotive safety systems to protect us behind the wheel when we overdrive our skill level or vehicle capabilities. Driving a vehicle is hands down one of the most dangerous things most of us do every day. Many of us have been in a crash before or statistically will be at some point in our lives. Every time we drive down main street, a state highway, or the interstate, we are no more than a few feet away from tragedy, but we get used to it and we get complacent with our driving habits. Simply ride along with any law enforcement agency in the state for a few days and you will more than likely get to see the aftermath of a crash firsthand.

We have all been taught from a young age that speeding is dangerous. In grade school we are taught not to run in the halls, in middle school we go through driver's education and learn the dangers of speeding. Some of us may have jobs that require us to take defensive driving from time to time. Even though we all know that speed kills, 34% of fatal crashes in 2020 involved speed/aggressive driving (2020 ND Crash Summary). Most likely that number is under-reported due to crashes like single vehicle rollovers not being fully reconstructed and speed never being determined. Those 33 fatal crashes involved obvious speed or aggressive driving where an officer at the scene marked it on the initial State Crash report or possibly provided a supplement after an investigation was complete. That number is no doubt much higher.

When presented with a hazard there are several steps to avoiding the hazard. You have to see the hazard, you have to understand that it is a hazard, you have to make a decision on how to avoid the hazard, you have to make a physical movement (like moving your foot to the brake and

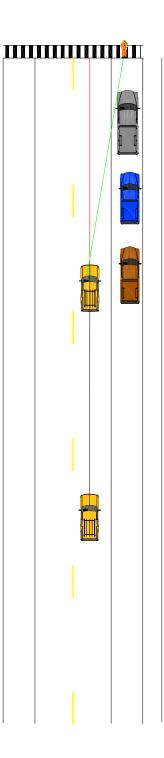
pressing it). All other distractions aside, that is a lot to figure out in short time. Usually, our brains can sort through all this information in about 1 to 2 seconds from first seeing a hazard to slamming on the brakes and getting pitched forward in your seat. The relationship between speed and stopping distance is not linear, it is exponential. This means that the faster you go the more distance is required to perceive, react and avoid a hazard; not to mention the increased distance required to physically stop the vehicle. In other words, each mph you go faster, the rate that you pay in stopping distance increases.

Obviously, any degree of speeding over the engineered speed limit is dangerous, but today I will show you an example of why going 21 mph over the speed limit is extremely dangerous. I will use a relatable example of a pedestrian stepping into a crosswalk in city limits. Picture Main street downtown Bismarck where the speed limit is 25 mph. You are driving down the road passing numerous vehicles parked along the right-hand curb. You are coming up to an intersection with a crosswalk. The last vehicle on your right is parked the required 10 feet from the crosswalk. You're scanning for pedestrians, but the parked vehicles make it difficult to see the corner where one could be standing. Suddenly you see someone walking out into the crosswalk. You are about 65 feet or 3.5 vehicle lengths from the crosswalk. You react guickly because you are expecting the hazard. You can perceive the hazard and react to it in 1 second (covering 36 feet in that one second). You take 29 feet to brake the vehicle to a stop. You avoid the pedestrian by being able to stop before the crosswalk. I provided a diagram as a part of this testimony for visual purposes. Imagine the same scenario but with a driver (not you of course) traveling 21 mph over the posted 25 mph limit, moving along at 46 mph. The pedestrian steps out, only this time the driver covers 67 feet during that 1 second of perception reaction time and strikes the pedestrian at a full 46 mph because their foot is most likely just beginning to touch the surface of the brake pedal. It should be mentioned that any speed above 25 mph the pedestrian will be struck at various speeds below 46 mph.

I used this example because it shows how dangerous speeding is at any level. However, at 21 mph over the speed limit, there are circumstances where a driver doesn't even have a chance to reduce the speed of the vehicle where a lawful driver could completely avoid a crash. While we can't prevent every driver from making dangerous decisions, if this bill became a law and deterred even some drivers from speeding then it would be worthwhile. Thank you for your time and I would be happy to answer any questions.

25 mph (36 fps) 65 feet to impact PRT 1.0 seconds PRT Dist. 36 feet Stop Dist. 29 feet Total stop = 65 feet

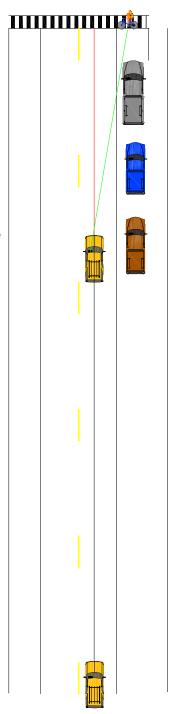
137 foot gap GAP 3.8 sec.



46 mph (67 fps) 65 feet to impact PRT 1.0 seconds PRT Dist. 67 feet Stop Dist. 100 feet Total stop = 167 feet

If this crash was somehow avoided and witnesses by law enforcement, current fine would be \$28 for the speed offense. This bill would increase that fine to \$56.

199 foot gap GAP 5.5 sec.





Senate Bill No. 2168

Senate Transportation Committee Room 327E | January 19, 2023, 9 a.m. Karin Mongeon, Highway Safety

Good morning, Chairman Clemens and members of the committee. My name is Karin Mongeon and I am the Highway Safety Division Director for the North Dakota Department of Transportation (NDDOT). I am here this morning to speak in favor of SB 2168.

Speeding endangers everyone on the road. It greatly reduces the driver's ability to slow a vehicle when necessary or to steer safely around an unexpected curve, or another vehicle or hazardous object in the road. Most motorists rarely drive aggressively, and some never do. For others, episodes of speeding/aggressive driving are frequent, and for a small proportion of motorists it is their typical driving behavior.

There is a direct correlation between collision speed and the *severity* of a crash. The higher the collision speed, the more serious the consequences in terms of injury and material damage.

In addition, the human body is physically very vulnerable in comparison with the enormous forces released in a collision. During the past decades, vehicles have become better equipped (with crush areas, airbags and seatbelts) to absorb the energy released in a crash, thus protecting the occupants. However, the collision speed is still very important for the crash outcome. (Source: Institute for Road Safety Research)

In 2021, a speed/aggressive driving-involved crash occurred in North Dakota every 2.5 hours, on average.

Vision Zero

The NDDOT, along with the North Dakota Highway Patrol, is assigned responsibility for the public safety of road users. Both agencies take this responsibility very seriously and are partners in the North Dakota the Vision Zero strategy to reduce motor vehicle crash deaths and serious injuries in North Dakota to zero.

Vision Zero was launched five years ago in January 2018 along with the North Dakota Governor's Office and other state, public and private sector partners. Vision Zero has been successful through the application of a combination of strategies that include education/outreach, high visibility enforcement, infrastructure safety solutions and other strategies.

Reducing speed/aggressive driving crashes presents a significant opportunity to reduce total fatality and serious injury crashes through Vision Zero.

This concluded my testimony. I am happy to respond to any questions you may have.



Good morning, Chairman Ruby and members of the House Transportation Committee. My name is Wade Kadrmas, and I serve as the Chair for the Vision Zero Speeding and Aggressive Driving Priority Emphasis Area Team. I am here today on behalf of the team, in support of Senate Bill 2168. I have been in law enforcement for over 25 years. I served three years as a correctional officer in Dickinson, three years as a police officer for the City of Dickinson, and the past 18 years as a trooper for the North Dakota Highway Patrol, serving the last five as the agency's Safety and Education Officer, focusing on traffic safety and outreach.

The mission of the Speeding/Aggressive Driving Team is to explore ways to address behaviors of motorists that lead to serious injury/fatality crashes. Drivers are taught and encouraged to drive defensively, not aggressively. Aggressive driving violations include exceeding the speed limit; running stop signs and red lights; turning/passing violations; improper lane changes; following too close; and distracted driving. Drivers who frequently engage in these driving behaviors choose to ignore the safety of other roadway users, putting themselves and other motorists at risk of being involved in a serious injury/fatality crash.

The current Speeding/Aggressive Driving Team is comprised of traffic engineers; driver's education instructors; and representatives from work force safety, law enforcement, and private corporations. As elected officials, I encourage you to participate in one or more of the Vision Zero Priority Area Emphasis teams, your role as elected officials is vital in helping create safer roadways in our state.

The bill before you would increase speeding fines for speeds of 21 mph and greater over the posted speed limit. If passed, these fees would be increased one hundred percent, doubling the fee. The spreadsheets on pages three, four, and five reflect the changes that would occur if the bill passed in its current form.

Earlier this session, the House Transportation Committee added an amendment to HB 1325, which relates to increasing the fee for certain intersection violations. That amendment eliminated the ability of cities to double traffic fines. Section two of SB 2168 exists so cities wouldn't be able to double the enhanced fine. The bill was drafted in this manner due to the failure of HB 1279 during the 67th legislative session. HB 1279 would have standardized speeding fines, making simpler for drivers to understand the penalty, instead of penalties, for exceeding the speed limit in any zone. It would have created one fee schedule for all speed zones. One reason it failed was due to concerns over cities being allowed to double traffic fees.

The intent of SB 2168 is to deter drivers who unreasonably exceed the posted speed limit. Penalties for speeding haven't been adjusted on most North Dakota roads since 1983. Law enforcement and traffic safety partners work tirelessly to educate the public about the dangers of speeding, but we need your help to pass legislation that enhances our education efforts by deterrence. The motorists who chose to travel well above the 85th percentile are exceeding the safe and reasonable speed for the road endangering themselves and other roadway users. On pages 10 and 11 of the testimony is data showing the 85th percentile on a number of our major roads.



Earlier this session I testified on HB 1475 on behalf of the Speeding/Aggressive Driving Team. HB 1475 would raise the speed limit on the interstate to 80 mph. We offered an amendment that would have moved all speeding fee schedules to the interstate/divided highway fee schedule, which is five dollars for every mile per hour over the posted limit. This was initially attempted in 2003 when the interstate speed limit was raised to 75 mph, the higher two fee structures were increased during at this time. The Speeding/Aggressive Driving Team believes it would have been a reasonable step to address speeding in general on our roadways since it would have moved all fee schedules to our most fee schedule. In addition to simplifying our fee schedules another reason for the request was to address the speed zones that see the most serious crashes, depicted in the map at the end of my testimony. Unfortunately, the Committee took no steps to address speeding with HB 1475, so we ask for your support on SB 2168 to do so.

In North Dakota speed continues to be a factor in fatal crashes. In 2021, thirty-four percent of fatal crashes involved speed or aggressive driving. Over the past five years (2017-2021), speed and aggressive driving were contributing factors in 178 deaths and forty percent of serious injury crashes (659 of 1,625).

Over the past three years (2020-2022), 284 severe crashes occurred on roadways with speed limits between 55 mph and 70 mph. During that same time frame, 859 severe crashes were on roadways with a speed limit of 55 mph or less.

We need to adequately address drivers who exceed our speed limits for many reasons. The Insurance Institute for Highway Safety list the following as dangers of speed:

- speed increases the distance a vehicle travels from the time a driver detects an emergency to the time the driver reacts.
- speed increases the distance needed for a vehicle to stop once the driver starts to brake.
- speed increases the risk that an evasive steering maneuver will result in loss of control.
- speed increases the crash energy exponentially.

The established speed limit on a roadway frames expectations for all drivers to accept and follow. These expectations are set according to road engineering design and studies based on traffic volume, operating speeds, roadway characteristics, and crash history. When a driver chooses to exceed the posted speed limit, that choice inhibits other roadway users from full use of their reaction time and by introducing more energy into a crash which significantly raises the likelihood of serious injury or death.

All drivers must accept the potential risk when they get behind the wheel and travel on our roadways, but they should not have to accept the increased risk other motorists take when exceeding the posted speed limit by such a high rate. On behalf of the Vision Zero Speeding and Aggressive Driving Team, I respectfully ask for your support on SB 2168 to enhance speeding penalties to deter the risk-taking behaviors of these aggressive drivers.



SB 2168

	55	mph and less	60	-65 mph	70 mpl	n and greater	
	39	9-06.1-06 (4)	39-06.1-06 (5)		39-06.1-06 (7)		
		Since 1983	Sir	rce 1985	Established 2003		
MPH Over	Fine	Proposed Fine	Fine	Prosped Fine	Fine	Proposed Fine	
1 mph	\$ 5		\$ 2		\$ 5		
2 mph	\$ 5		\$ 4		\$ 10		
3 mph	\$ 5		\$ 6		\$ 15		
4 mph	\$ 5		\$ 8		\$ 20		
5 mph	\$ 5		\$ 10		\$ 25		
6 mph	\$ 6		\$ 12		\$ 30		
7 mph	\$ 7		\$ 14		\$ 35		
8 mph	\$ 8		\$ 16		\$ 40		
9 mph	\$ 9		\$ 18		\$ 45		
10 mph	\$ 10		\$ 20		\$ 50		
11 mph	\$ 11		\$ 25		\$ 55		
12 mph	\$ 12		\$ 30		\$ 60		
13 mph	\$ 13		\$ 35		\$ 65		
14 mph	\$ 14		\$ 40		\$ 70		
15 mph	\$ 15		\$ 45		\$ 75		
16 mph	\$ 17		\$ 50		\$ 80		
17 mph	\$ 19		\$ 55		\$ 85		
18 mph	\$ 21		\$ 60		\$ 90		
19 mph	\$ 23		\$ 65		\$ 95		
20 mph	\$ 25		\$ 70		\$ 100		
21 mph	\$28	\$ 56	\$75	\$ 150	\$105	\$ 210	
22 mph	\$31	\$ 62	\$80	\$ 160	\$110	\$ 220	
23 mph	\$34	\$ 68	\$85	\$ 170	\$115	\$ 230	
24 mph	\$37	\$ 74	\$90	\$ 180	\$ <u>120</u>	\$ 240	
25 mph	\$ —40	\$ 80	\$95	\$ 190	\$125	\$ 250	
26 mph	\$ —43	\$ 86	\$ — 100	\$ 200	\$130	\$ 260	
27 mph	\$ —46	\$ 92	\$—105	\$ 210	\$—135	\$ 270	
28 mph	\$ —49	\$ 98	\$110	\$ 220	\$_140	\$ 280	
29 mph	\$—— 52	\$ 104	\$—115	\$ 230	\$145	\$ 290	
30 mph	\$ 55	\$ 110	\$ 120	\$ 240	\$150	\$ 300	
31 mph	\$58	\$ 116	\$— 125	\$ 250	\$155	\$ 310	
32 mph	\$61	\$ 122	\$130	\$ 260	\$_160	\$ 320	
33 mph	\$ —64	\$ 128	\$ 135	\$ 270	\$ 165	\$ 330	
34 mph	\$ 67	\$ 134	\$_140	\$ 280	\$_170	\$ 340	
35 mph	\$ 70	\$ 140	\$ <u>145</u>	\$ 290	\$ 175	\$ 350	
36 mph	\$ 73	\$ 146	\$_150	\$ 300	\$ 180	\$ 360	
•							



Current Construction Zone Fines 39-06.1-06 (9) First Established 1995 55 mph and less zones 60-65 mph zones **MPH Over Workers Present Proposed Fine Workers Present Proposed Fine** Fine Fine \$ \$ 80 \$ \$ 1 mph 5 2 80 \$ \$ \$ 2 mph \$ 5 80 4 80 \$ \$ \$ \$ 3 mph 5 80 6 80 \$ \$ \$ \$ 4 mph 5 80 8 80 \$ \$ \$ 5 mph 5 80 10 \$ 80 \$ \$ \$ \$ 6 80 12 80 6 mph \$ \$ 7 \$ \$ 7 mph 80 14 80 \$ \$ \$ 8 mph 80 \$ 80 8 16 \$ 9 \$ 80 \$ \$ 18 80 9 mph \$ 10 mph \$ \$ \$ 10 80 20 80 \$ \$ 82 \$ \$ 82 11 mph 11 25 12 mph \$ 12 \$ 84 \$ 30 \$ 84 \$ 13 mph \$ 13 \$ 86 35 \$ 86 \$ \$ \$ \$ 14 mph 14 88 40 88 \$ \$ \$ \$ 15 mph 15 90 45 90 \$ 16 mph \$ \$ 92 \$ 92 17 50 \$ \$ \$ 17 mph \$ 19 94 55 94 \$ \$ \$ \$ 18 mph 21 96 60 96 \$ \$ \$ \$ 98 98 19 mph 23 65 \$ \$ \$ \$ 20 mph 25 100 70 100 102 102 21 mph \$ 28 204 75 204 \$ \$ \$ 22 mph 31 104 208 80 104 208 23 mph 34 106 212 85 106 \$ 212 \$ 24 mph 37 108 \$ 216 90 108 216 25 mph 40 110 \$ 220 95 110 \$ 220 \$ \$ 26 mph 43 112 224 100 112 224 \$ 105 \$ 228 27 mph 46 114 228 \$ 114 28 mph 49 116 \$ 232 110 116 \$ 232 \$ 236 29 mph 52 118 \$ 236 115 118 120 120 240 30 mph 55 \$ \$ 240 120 \$ When workers present a minimum of \$80 unless greater fee applicable



Current School Zone Penalties 39-06.1-06 (8) Established in 2001					SB2168
MPH Over	Fi	ine	Ch	ildren Present	Children Present
1 mph	\$	5	\$	40	
2 mph	\$	5	\$	40	
3 mph	\$	5	\$	40	
4 mph	\$	5	\$	40	
5 mph	\$	5	\$	40	
6 mph	\$	6	\$	40	
7 mph	\$	7	\$	40	
8 mph	\$	8	\$	40	
9 mph	\$	9	\$	40	
10 mph	\$	10	\$	40	
11 mph	\$	11	\$	41	
12 mph	\$	12	\$	42	
13 mph	\$	13	\$	43	
14 mph	\$	14	\$	44	
15 mph	\$	15	\$	45	
16 mph	\$	17	\$	46	
17 mph	\$	19	\$	47	
18 mph	\$	21	\$	48	
19 mph	\$	23		49	
20 mph	\$	25	\$ \$	50	
21 mph	\$	<u> 28</u>	\$	51	\$ 102
22 mph	\$	-31	\$	52	\$ 104
23 mph	\$	- 34	\$	53	\$ 106
24 mph	4	- 37	\$	 5 4	\$ 108
25 mph	4	_4 0	\$	55	\$ 110
26 mph	\$	— 4 3	\$	 56	\$ 112
27 mph	4	_4 6	\$	57	\$ 114
28 mph	\$	_4 9	\$	 58	\$ 116
29 mph	\$	— 52	\$	 59	\$ 118
30 mph	\$	— 55	\$		\$ 120
When children present a minimum of \$40 unless greater fee applicable					



North Dakota Point System

36 mph plus over limit

- Driving privileges are suspended upon an accumulation of 12 points.
- For each point over 11 it is suspended for a period of 7 days.
- Drivers under the age of 18 will have their licensed canceled upon an accumulation of 6 points.
- One points is removed every 90 days of violation free driving.
- Three points can be reduced if a driver takes an approved defensive driving course, which can only be done once every 12 months.
- Drivers issued a citation with a penalty of five points or less may elect to attend an approved driving
 course in lieu of entry of points on their driving record. The driver must notify the court at the time they
 post their bond and provide proof of course complete to DOT within 30 days.
- Insurance companies only see violations assigned 3 points or more unless the driver signs a waiver for the insurance company to view their entire driving record.
- Below is a list of points for various violations. If the violation isn't listed, then there is no point assigned to that violation.
- An example of this is for driving distracted or texting and driving. There are no points assigned to these dangerous driving behaviors. These fall under NDCC 39-08-23, 39-08-24, and 39-08-25.

for Violations not listed, no Points are assigned.	
Speed Zones Less Than 70 mph	
Speed (mph)	Points
1 - 5 mph over limit	0
6 - 10 mph over limit	0
11 - 15 mph over limit	1
16 - 20 mph over limit	3
21 - 25 mph over limit	5
26 - 35 mph over limit	9
36 - 45 mph over limit	12
46 mph plus over limit	15
Speed Zones 70 mph or Greater	Will Company of the C
Speed (mph)	Points
1 - 5 mph over limit	0
6 - 10 mph over limit	1
11 - 15 mph over limit	3
16 - 20 mph over limit	5
21 - 25 mph over limit	7
26 - 30 mph over limit	10
31 - 35 mph over limit	12

15



Zero fatalities. Zero excuses.	

Traffic Violations	
Violation	Points
Overtaking where prohibited or unlawful.	2
Driving on wrong side of road	2
Failing to yield right-of-way	2
Failing to use care required	2
Disobeying traffic control signals	2
Failing to yield-right-of-way to funeral procession	2
Knowingly driving illegally modified vehicle	2
Open container (Driver)	2
Exhibition driving	3
Violating corrective lens restriction	3
Failing to stop at RR crossing	3
Violating or exceeding restriction contained in a restricted certificate or license or Instructional Permit	4
Clinging to other vehicle while riding a motorcycle	4
Operating a motor vehicle without a license	4
Overtaking a school bus	6
Failing to give immediate notice of accident	6
Careless driving (Basic Rule)	6
No liability insurance	6, 12, or 14
Reckless driving	8
Racing in a motor vehicle	10
Aggravated reckless driving	12
Leaving the scene of accident involving property damage	14
Leaving the scene of accident involving injury or death	18
Fleeing from law enforcement officer in a motor vehicle	24

Traffic Violations	
Violation	Points
Operator/Responsible party failing to provide child restraint device.	1
Failing to display license plates	1
Unlawful parking in specified prohibited places	1
Leaving motor vehicle improperly unattended on an open highway	1
Opening or leaving motor vehicle doors open when unsafe to do so	1
Nonmoving violation of parking in a space assigned for the mobility impaired	0
Falling to dim head lamps	1
Violating hazardous material regulations	2
Knowingly operating an unsafe vehicle	2
Improperly operating or unlawfully carrying passengers or packages on a motorcycle	2
Improperly operating a motorcycle in laned traffic	2
Carrying a passenger on a motorcycle not equipped with passenger footrests	2
Operating a motorcycle without protective headgear	2
Permitting unauthorized minor or person to drive	2
Driving in Violation of the Conditions of an Instruction Permit(Effective January 1, 2012)	2
Unlawful stopping, standing, or parking on an open highway	2
Causing accident w/emergency vehicle	2
Knowingly driving with defective, non-existent or unlawful equipment	2
Knowingly driving with defective brakes	2
Disregarding lawful command of police officer	2



Enhanced Penalty for Higher Speeds Handout

- North Dakota Speed-Related Crashes
 - Speeding or traveling too fast for conditions is a factor in about 30-40 percent of all fatal crashes in North Dakota each year. (Source: NDDOT Highway Safety Division)
 - There were 160 fatal crashes on North Dakota roadways from 2017-2021. Of these,
 33.8 percent (160 of 473) were related to speed/too fast for conditions. (Source: NDDOT Highway Safety Division)
 - There were 1,652 serious injury crashes on North Dakota roadways from 2017-2021.
 Of these, 39.9 percent (659 of 1,652) were related to speed/too fast for conditions. (Source: NDDOT Highway Safety Division)
 - Of the 659 speed-related crashes that resulted in a fatality or serious injury on North Dakota roadways from 2017-2021, 23 percent (151 of 659) were speed-related rollover crashes.
 - 178 people have died in speed/aggressive driving-involved crashes in North Dakota over the past five years (2017-2021). Know the road conditions and adjust your speed accordingly. (NDDOT Crash Summary)
 - Nearly every 2.4 hours, one speed/aggressive driving-involved crash occurred in North Dakota in 2021. Stop speeding before it stops you. (NDDOT Crash Summary)
 - Every 10.4 days, one speed/aggressive driving-involved vehicle fatality occurred in North Dakota in 2021. Plan ahead and allow extra time so everyone can make it to their destination safely. (NDDOT Crash Summary)
 - Speeding and/or aggressive driving has been a factor in 34% of fatal crashes in North Dakota in 2021. Slow down and arrive alive. (NDDOT Crash Summary)
- Speeding isn't just aggressive driving, it's deadly driving. (Vision Zero ND Speed & Aggressive Driving)
- Over 20,000 speed-related citations of 20 mph over the posted speed limit were issued from 2017-2021. (NDDOT Drivers License)



- All too often, drivers make the wrong choice by trying to pass slower traffic or drive too fast for road conditions. Think ahead. The stopping distance at 20 mph is about 60 feet. At 65 mph, you may travel 450 feet or more before stopping. (Vision Zero ND – Speed & Aggressive Driving)
- Every driver and vehicle occupant in North Dakota need to take personal responsibility for their actions while travelling in order to help the state achieve the zero goal. (Vision Zero ND – Speed & Aggressive Driving)
- There is a direct correlation between collision speed and the *severity* of a crash. *The higher the collision speed, the more serious the consequences in terms of injury and material damage.* In addition, the human body is physically very vulnerable in comparison with the enormous forces released in a collision. During the past decades, vehicles have become ever better equipped (with crush areas, airbags and seatbelts) to absorb the energy released in a crash, thus protecting the occupants. However, the collision speed still is very important for the crash outcome. (Source: Institute for Road Safety Research)
- FHWA is currently promoting a Safe Systems approach to safety on our roadways. One of
 the elements of the Safe Systems approach is safe speeds. FHWA states "Humans are
 unlikely to survive high-speed crashes. Reducing speeds can accommodate human injury
 tolerances in three ways: reducing impact forces, providing additional time for drivers to
 stop, and improving visibility".
- Rational speed limits promote public safety by helping drivers choose reasonable and prudent speed that is appropriate for normal traffic, weather, and roadway conditions. This encourages more drivers to travel at about the same speed, which has been shown to reduce the likelihood of crashes. Rational speed limits make sense to the majority of drivers because they are not unrealistically low or high, therefore mostly self-enforcing. (Source: FHWA)
- The most widely accepted method by state and local agencies is to set the speed limit at or below the speed at which 85 percent of the traffic is moving. The 85th percentile speed is the speed not exceeded by 85 percent of drivers. Studies have shown crash rates are lowest at around the 85th percentile speed. Drivers traveling significantly faster or slower than this speed are at a greater risk for being in a crash. It is the variation of speed in traffic that is related to crash risk, not just high speeds. (Source: Speed Limits in North Dakota brochure, North Dakota Department of Transportation, North Dakota State University Upper Great Plains Transportation Institute and the North Dakota Highway Patrol)

1



- Automatic Traffic Records (ATR) data shows the 50th percentile speed is about 78 mph and the 85th percentile speed is about 82 mph. (Source: NDDOT Planning/Asset Management Division)
- The 85th percentile speed is the speed at or below which 85 percent of the drivers travel on a road segment. Motorists traveling above the 85th percentile speed are considered to be exceeding the safe and reasonable speed for road and traffic conditions. Drivers traveling between the 50th and 85th percentile have the lowest risk of crashing due to speed. Drivers exceeding the 90th percentile have a significantly higher risk of crashing. (Source: FHWA)

I-94 ATR Sites;

•	Tower City all lanes, RP 312.5 = $>85^{th}$ percentile speed	82.5 mph
•	Tower City all lanes, RP 312.5 = >50 th percentile speed	77.8 mph
•	New Salem all lanes, RP 126.8 = >85 th percentile speed	83.8 mph
•	New Salem all lanes, RP 126.8 = >50 th percentile speed	79.0 mph

I-29 ATR Sites;

•	Buxton all lanes, RP 112.8 = >85 th percentile speed	81.8 mph
•	Buxton all lanes, RP 112.8 = >50 th percentile speed	77.5 mph
•	Mooreton all lanes, RP 25.0 = >85 th percentile speed	83.0 mph
•	Mooreton all lanes, RP 25.0 = >50 th percentile speed	78.0 mph

I-94 WIM Sites;

•	Belfield EB only, RP	$34.7 = 85^{th}$	percentile speed	d 82.0 mph
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I-29 WIM Sites;

•	Joliette SB onl	y, RP 207.8	$= >85^{th}$	percentile speed	l 79.0 mpl	h
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US 2 ATR Sites;

•	Ray all lanes, RP 51.2986 = >85 th percentile speed	76.5 mph
•	Ray all lanes, RP 51.2986 = >50 th percentile speed	71.2 mph
•	Blaisdell all lanes, RP 107.10 = >85 th percentile speed	78.1 mph
•	Blaisdell all lanes, RP 107.10 = >50 th percentile speed	73.0 mph
•	Granville all lanes, RP 177.76 = >85 th percentile speed	78.1 mph
•	Granville all lanes, RP 177.76 = >50 th percentile speed	73.2 mph
•	Rugby EB lanes, RP 207.3265 = >85 th percentile speed	78.1 mph
•	Rugby EB lanes, RP 207.3265 = >50 th percentile speed	73.0 mph
•	Michigan all lanes, RP 296.65 = >85 th percentile speed	78.1 mph
•	Michigan all lanes, RP 296.65 = >50 th percentile speed	73.0 mph



US 52 ATR Sites;

•	Foxholm all lanes, RP 78.26 = >85 th percentile speed	72.0 mph
•	Foxholm all lanes, RP 78.26 = >50 th percentile speed	67.4 mph
•	Sawver all lanes. RP 102.7136 = >85 th percentile speed	72.8 mph

Sawyer all lanes, RP 102.7136 = >85th percentile speed
 Sawyer all lanes, RP 102.7136 = >50th percentile speed
 67.8 mph

• Jamestown all lanes, RP 259.5408 = >85th percentile speed 77.6 mph

• Jamestown all lanes, RP 259.5408 = >50th percentile speed 71.8 mph

US 83 ATR Sites;

•	Hague all lanes, RP 1.1144 = $>85^{th}$ percentile speed	72.2 mph
•	Hague all lanes, RP 1.1144 = $>50^{th}$ percentile speed	67.5 mph

US 85 ATR Sites;

•	Fairfield all lanes, RP 80.885 = >85 th percentile speed	72.4 mph
•	Fairfield all lanes, RP 80.885 = >50 th percentile speed	67.7 mph
•	Grassy Butte all lanes, RP 113.85 = >85 th percentile speed	71.4 mph
•	Grassy Butte all lanes, RP 113.85 = >50 th percentile speed	67.1 mph
•	Alexander all lanes, RP 162.208 = >85 th percentile speed	73.5 mph
•	Alexander all lanes, RP 162.208 = >50 th percentile speed	68.5 mph

US 281 ATR Sites;

•	Carrington all lanes, RP 117.9013 = >85 th percentile speed	71.6 mph
•	Carrington all lanes, RP 117.9013 = >50 th percentile speed	67.1 mph
•	Sheyenne all lanes, RP 141.48 = >85 th percentile speed	73.1 mph
•	Sheyenne all lanes, RP 141.48 = >50 th percentile speed	67.4 mph

ND 22 ATR Sites;

•	Manning all lanes, RP 81.5055 = >85 th percentile speed	71.3 mph
•	Manning all lanes, RP 81.5055 = >50 th percentile speed	67.2 mph
•	Killdeer all lanes, RP 112.1350 = >85 th percentile speed	70.0 mph
•	Killdeer all lanes, RP 112.1350 = >50 th percentile speed	66.1 mph

WIM Sites - 85% Speed

•	Sykeston – Hwy 52, RP 212 @ .3	71 mph
•	Devils Lake – Hwy 2, RP 263 @ .4	77 mph
•	Wahpeton – I-29, RP 10 @ .1	83 mph
•	Ellendale – Hwy 281, RP 1 @ .9	73 mph
•	Washburn – Hwy 83, RP 120 @ .6	78 mph
•	Langdon – Hwy 5, RP 299 @ .9	72 mph

Testimony on SB 2168

Thank you Chairman Ruby and members of the House Transportation Committee.

For the record, my name is Dean Rummel, Senator from District 37 out of Dickinson.

I believe we all can agree that everyone would want our roadways safer with no fatalities. This bill has the potential to save lives.

This bill simply doubles the fines for those individuals who exceed the posted speed limit by 21 mph or more. So on Interstate 94 if you see someone go by you at 96 mph and they are stopped by the ND Highway Patrol, the fine will go up from \$105 to \$210. This does not affect the speeding fines at 20 mph or below over the posted speed limit. For your information, those speeding fines at 20 mph or below have not changed for the 55 mph speed zone since 1983, the 60-65 mph speed zone since 1985, and the 70 mph and greater speed zones have not changed since 2003.

There were 377,310 speed and careless driving related citations issued from 2017 to 2021. 20,921 of those citations were for 20 mph over the posted speed limit. That averages out to 4,184 citations per year for that 5-

year time period. This bill would double the fines for those citations.

We need to financially encourage those individuals who drive 21 mph over the posted speed limit to slow down and save lives. Speeding and or aggressive driving has been a factor in 34% of fatal crashes in North Dakota in 2021.

By your do pass vote of Senate Bill 2168, it will send a clear message of support for the ND Strategic Highway Safety Plan's VISION ZERO, zero fatalities, zero excuses.

I will attempt to answer any questions that you might have. But with us is Sgt. Wade Kadrmas, the Chair for the Vision Zero Speeding/Aggressive Driving Priority Emphasis Area Team with the ND Highway Patrol. He is an expert and can provide you with the best answers to any of your questions.



Senate Bill No. 2168

House Transportation Committee Room 327E | March 3, 2023, 9 a.m. Karin Mongeon, Highway Safety

Good morning, Chairman Ruby and members of the committee. My name is Karin Mongeon and I am the Highway Safety Division Director for the North Dakota Department of Transportation (NDDOT). I am here this morning to speak in favor of SB 2168.

Speeding endangers everyone on the road. It greatly reduces the driver's ability to slow a vehicle when necessary or to steer safely around an unexpected curve, or another vehicle or hazardous object in the road. Most motorists rarely drive aggressively, and some never do. For others, episodes of speeding/aggressive driving are frequent, and for a small proportion of motorists it is their typical driving behavior.

There is a direct correlation between collision speed and the *severity* of a crash. The higher the collision speed, the more serious the consequences in terms of injury and material damage.

In addition, the human body is physically very vulnerable in comparison to the enormous forces released in a collision. During the past decades, vehicles have become better equipped (crush areas, airbags and seatbelts) to absorb the energy released in a crash, thus protecting the occupants. However, the collision speed is still very important to the crash outcome. (Source: Institute for Road Safety Research)

In 2021, a speed/aggressive driving-involved crash occurred in North Dakota every 2.5 hours, on average. Reducing speed/aggressive driving crashes presents a significant opportunity to reduce total fatality and serious injury crashes.

This concludes my testimony. I am happy to respond to any questions you may have.



Trooper Jacob Jones North Dakota Highway Patrol Crash Reconstruction Team

KINETIC ENERGY W/ SPEED AND WEIGHT

Find a Kinetic Energy with Speed and Weight or Speed and Mass.

CASE NUMBER: Kinetic Energy of 5,000 lb vehicle

3/2/2023

$$KE = \frac{W \times S^2}{30}$$

$$KE = \frac{5000.00 \times 25.00^2}{30}$$

KE = The Kinetic Energy in ft-lbs or Joules. W = The Weight in pounds. S = The Speed in mph/kph. 30 = A Constant.

$$KE = 104166.66$$

Formula Inputs:

Formula Results:

The Weight in pounds is: The Speed in mph is: 5000.00 25.00 The Kinetic Energy (ft-lb or Joules) is: 104166.66

Incrementation Results

Speed	K Energy	Speed	K En	ergy		Speed	K Energy
25.00	104166.66	46.00	3526	666.66			
		248,500	44	lbs	more	energy.	
		@	21	mph	over		



KINETIC ENERGY W/ SPEED AND WEIGHT

Find a Kinetic Energy with Speed and Weight or Speed and Mass.

CASE NUMBER: Kinetic Energy of 5,000 lb vehicle

3/2/2023

$$KE = \frac{W \times S^2}{30}$$

 5000.00×65.00^{2}

KE = The Kinetic Energy in ft-lbs or Joules. W = The Weight in pounds. S = The Speed in mph/kph.

30 = A Constant.

Formula Inputs:

The Weight in pounds is: The Speed in mph is: Formula Results:

5000.00 65.00 The Kinetic Energy (ft-lb or Joules) is: 704166.66

Incrementation Results

Speed	K Energy	Speed	K Energy	Speed	K Energy
65.00	704166.66	86.00	1232666.66		



KINETIC ENERGY W/ SPEED AND WEIGHT

Find a Kinetic Energy with Speed and Weight or Speed and Mass.

CASE NUMBER: Kinetic Energy of 5,000 lb vehicle

3/2/2023

$$KE = \frac{W \times S^2}{30}$$

$$KE = \frac{5000.00 \times 25.00^2}{30}$$

KE = The Kinetic Energy in ft-lbs or Joules. W = The Weight in pounds. S = The Speed in mph/kph. 30 = A Constant.

KE = 104166.66

Formula Inputs:

Formula Results:

The Weight in pounds is: The Speed in mph is: 5000.00 25.00 The Kinetic Energy (ft-lb or Joules) is: 104166.66

Incrementation Results

Speed	K Energy	Speed	K Energy	Speed	K Energy
25.00	104166.66(16833)	60.00	600000.00	95.00	1504166.66
30.00	104166.66 (45833) 150000.00	65.00	704166.66	100.00	1666666.66
35.00	204166.66	70.00	816666.66	105.00	1837500.00
40.00	266666.66	75.00	937500.00	110.00	2016666.66
45.00	337500.00	80.00	1066666.66	115.00	2204166.66
50.00	416666.66 (2500)	85.00	1204166.66	120.00	2400000.00
55.00	416666.66 (81500) 504166.66	90.00	1350000.00		



68th Legislative Assembly

Testimony in **Support** of **Senate Bill 2168 House Transportation Committee**March 3, 2023

TESTIMONY OF

Trooper Jacob Jones

Good morning, Chairman Ruby and members of the House Transportation Committee. My name is Jacob Jones, and I am a trooper with the North Dakota Highway Patrol where I have been employed since 2011. My primary duties as a trooper have been traffic enforcement and crash reconstruction. I am here today on behalf of the North Dakota Highway Patrol in support of Senate Bill 2168, regarding the increase in penalties for those violating our state's speeding statutes by 21 or more miles per hour over the posted limit.

As a crash reconstruction analyst, I have the facts and evidence of someone being seriously injured or killed in a crash laid out before me well after the fact. I can sort through the evidence and generally determine vehicle speeds; drivers' actions and reactions; and possibly how the crash could have been avoided or not avoided. The circumstances causing a crash play out in mere seconds or fractions of a second. Poor decisions may have been made well before that but when a hazard presents itself, drivers are forced to make split second decisions.

When presented with a hazard there are several steps to avoiding the hazard:

- you have to see the hazard;
- you have to understand that it is a hazard;
- you have to make a decision on how to avoid the hazard; and
- you have to make a physical movement such as moving your foot to the brake and pressing it

All other distractions aside, that is a lot to figure out in short time. Usually, our brains can sort through all this information in about 1 to 2 seconds from first seeing a hazard to slamming on the brakes and getting pitched forward in your seat. The relationship between speed and stopping distance is not linear, it is exponential. This means that the faster you go, the more distance is required to perceive, react, and avoid a hazard; not to mention the increased distance required to physically stop the vehicle. In other words, for each mile per hour you go faster, the rate that must be paid in stopping distance increases.

I provided an attachment to my written testimony showing an example of a vehicle going 21 mph over a 65-mph speed limit. This example involves a bit of math, acceleration rates, deceleration rates, and human reaction time etc. Without taking too much time and going too far in depth, the point of the example is this: if a driver pulls out in front of an approaching vehicle that is traveling at the 65-mph speed limit, no crash occurs. However, if the same driver pulls out in front of a vehicle going 21 mph over the posted speed limit at the assumed space of five seconds away, the speeding vehicle strikes the other vehicle at 46 mph after the driver reacts and tries braking to

avoid it. The 21 mph over the posted speed limit by the driver caused this situation to go from a non-event to a likely fatal crash.

The faster a vehicle travels, the more energy it possesses. The more energy a vehicle possesses the more severe the damage and injuries to the vehicles and people involved in the collision. We look at energy units as foot-pounds of energy. All of us can agree that firearms can cause severe injury. A bullet fired from a 9mm handgun possess about 400 foot-pounds of energy when it leaves the barrel of the gun. A 5,000 lb. vehicle traveling only 5 mph possesses 10 times as much energy as that small bullet. At 25 mph that same vehicle possesses over 100,000 foot-pounds of energy. We are all literally driving bullets around when you consider the energy involved. No doubt that auto manufacturers and safety experts are saving lives with advances in automated safety systems in vehicles. As speed increases the energy increases exponentially. When a driver chooses to drive 21 mph over the speed limit the energy increases significantly. If a driver goes 21 mph over a 25-mph speed limit, they more than double their kinetic energy which means the severity of the crash more than doubles. I have attached some sheets that detail the levels of kinetic energy at different travel speeds.

Does this high rate of excessive speed happen often? In 2022, the ND Highway Patrol issued 29,644 speed-related citations which includes the speed brackets and within construction and school zones. Approximately 92% of those citations were for motorists speeding 20 mph or less over the posted speed limit. The fine increase proposed by SB 2168 would affect only the remaining 8%.

2022 Statistics

- 21-25 mph over posted: 1,494 citations (about 5%) 5 points (defensive driving in lieu of points available)
- 26-35 mph over posted: 738 citations (about 2.4%) 9 points
- 36-45 mph over posted: 125 citations (about 0.4%) 12 points
- 46+ mph over posted: 19 citations (about 0.06%) 15 points

Total of 2,376 citations

2022 Statistics:

21+ by Speed Zone (percentage of the 2,376 citations above for going 21+ over limit)

- 70 mph + zone: 25%
- Greater than 55 mph but less than 70 mph: 25%
- 55 mph and less zone: 50%

Feb. 2023 (through 2/27)

- 21-25 mph and over: 73 citations
- 26-35 mph over: 52 citations
- 36-45 mph over: 5 citations
- 46+ mph over: 1 citation

I want to be clear that speeding over the posted limit at any rate is dangerous and deprives not only the driver, but other motorists of the time and distance required to avoid a crash. I believe that drivers who chose to drive 21+ mph over the scientifically determined speed limit are driving at an

egregious level that is dangerous. Passage of this bill would be a great step in holding that small percentage of violators accountable for their irresponsible choices and hopefully add a level of deterrence to enhance safety to our roadways. This concludes my testimony, and I would be happy to answer any questions.

Current Fee Schedules

					F	LUCTU	ATI	NG DET	ERR	ENT								-
Speed Zones	25	35		45		50		55		60		65		70		75		80
Speeds									735				184					
55 mph	\$ 55	\$ 25	\$	10	\$	5	N/	A	N/	A	N/	Ą	N/	Α	N/	1	N/A	
65 mph	\$ 85	\$ 55	\$	25	\$	15	\$	10	S	1.0	N/I		N/		N/A	-	N/A	
70 mph	\$ 100	\$ 70	\$	40	\$	25	5	15	S	20	S	10	N/		N/A	-	-	THE RESERVE
80 mph	\$ 150	\$ 100	\$	70	\$	55	5	40	S	70	C	45	c	50	-	-	N/A	
90 mph	\$ 200	\$ 150	\$	100	S	85	S	70	5	120	4	95	9	-	\$	25	N/A	
100 mph	\$ 250	\$ 200	5	150	S	125	\$	100	S		-		5	100	>	75	\$	50
			-			*62	4	100	3	170	\$	145	>	150	\$	125	\$	100

SB 2168

							FL	UCTU	ATIN	G DETI	ERRE	NTA				···				
				3	9-0	5.1-06 (4)					39-06.	1-06	(5)		3	9-06	.1-06 (7)	
Speed Zones		25		35		45		50		55		60		65		70	I	75	I	80
Speeds			. Hukuma			+ 100%	6 at	21 + m	ph c	ver	<u> </u>		JL			+ 1009	/ a+ 1			
55 mph	\$	110	\$	25	\$ 10		S	5	N/		N/	۸	NI/	^			7		10	
65 mph	\$	170	\$	110	\$ 10		-				147		N/		N/	Α	N/A	4	N/A	4
	100			110	>	25	\$	15	\$	10	\$	10	N/	Α	N/	A	N/A	A	N/A	4
70 mph	\$	200	\$	140	\$	80	\$	25	\$	15	\$	20	<	10	N/	-				
80 mph	\$	300	\$	200	\$	140	\$	110	\$		4		7		147		N/A	4	N/A	4
90 mph	\$		53.00				BROKEN	STATE OF STREET		80	\$	70	Ş	45	\$	50	\$	25	N/A	4
	٠,	400	\$	300	\$	200	\$	170	\$	140	\$	240	5	190	\$	200	Ś	75	Ċ	50
100 mph	\$	500	\$	400	\$	300	\$	250	\$	200	S	340	5	290	e	300	ć	250	7	200

Two Fee Schedules

Less than 55 mph zones

55 mph and greater zones

	1						FL	UCTUA	TING	G DETE	RRE	NT A.1					CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE			
				39-06.3	1-06	5 (5)					-			39-06.	1-06	(7)			-	CHARLES AND
Speed Zones		25		35		45		50		55		60		65		70		75		80
Speeds		+	100)% at 2:	L + r	nph ov	er			W	I		100	% at 1	<u> </u>	nph ov	<u> </u>			
55 mph	\$	240	\$	70	\$	20	\$	10	N/	Δ	N/				1		1		1	
65 mph	\$	340	\$	240	\$	70	ć	45	5	-	-		N/A		N/		N/	A	N/A	4
70 mph	\$	390	-	290			3		9	50	\$	25	N/A	4	N/	A	N/	A	N/A	4
80 mph	\$	490	- 12	390	\$	190	>	70	\$	75	\$	50	\$	25	N/	A	N/	Α	N/A	4
90 mph	\$		100		-	290		240	\$	250	\$	200	\$	75	\$	50	\$	25	N/A	1
		590	Market .	490	\$	390	\$	340	\$	350	\$	300	\$	250	\$	200	5	75	ć	50
100 mph	\$	690	\$	590	\$	490	\$	440	\$	450	\$	400	\$	350	Ś	300	\$	250	\$	
							FL	UCTUA	TIN	G DETE	RRE	NTB			<u> </u>	300		230	٦	200
				39-06.1	-06	(5)								9-06.1	06	/7\				
Speed		25		25		A.F.								9-06.	1-06	(7)				

Speeds + \$100 at 21 + mph over 55 mph \$ 220 \$ 70 \$ 20 \$ 10 N/A N/A 55 mph \$ 270 \$ 220 \$ 70 \$ 45 \$ 50 \$ 70 mph \$ 295 \$ 245 \$ 195 \$ 70 \$ 75 \$		65 \$100 at 16	1-06 (7) 70 6 + mph	0		75	80	0
55 mph \$ 220 \$ 70 \$ 20 \$ 10 N/A N/A 55 mph \$ 270 \$ 220 \$ 70 \$ 45 \$ 50 \$ 70 mph \$ 295 \$ 245 \$ 195 \$ 70 \$ 75 \$			7	h ove	er			
55 mph \$ 220 \$ 70 \$ 20 \$ 10 N/A N/A 55 mph \$ 270 \$ 220 \$ 70 \$ 45 \$ 50 \$ 70 mph \$ 295 \$ 245 \$ 195 \$ 70 \$ 75 \$			7	n ove	_		T ·	
5 mph \$ 270 \$ 220 \$ 70 \$ 45 \$ 50 \$ 0 mph \$ 295 \$ 245 \$ 195 \$ 70 \$ 75 \$	N	N/A	I N/A	- 11	NI/A			
0 mph \$ 295 \$ 245 \$ 195 \$ 70 \$ 75 \$		The same of the sa			IN/F	4	N/A	
O much 6 9 17 5 5	25 N	N/A	N/A		N/A	Α	N/A	
	50 \$	\$ 25	N/A		N/A	1	N/A	
0 mph \$ 345 \$ 295 \$ 245 \$ 220 \$ 225 \$	200 \$	\$ 75	Ś	50	ς.	25	N/A	
0 mph \$ 395 \$ 345 \$ 295 \$ 270 \$ 275 \$	250 \$	\$ 225			-		IN/A	
00 mph \$ 445 \$ 305 ¢ 345	300 \$	\$ 275		200 250	\$	75	\$	50

Senate Bill 2168 Fee Schedule Proposals

Proposal A

- Increase fines 100% at 21 + mph over posted speed Limit 39-06.1-06 (4), (5), (8), and (9).
- Increase fines 100 % at 16 + mph over posted speed Limit 39-06.1-06 (7).
- · Stays with intent of initial bill.
- Several fluctuating deterrents with the greatest difference being a decrease of \$140 when going 100 mph in a 60 mph (\$340) and 55 mph (\$200) zone.
- Decrease in fines at speeds of 80 to 95 mph on the interstate.
- Pull speeding fines under 39-09-02 out from SB 2169 and add studies onto the bill.

Proposal A.1

- Remove 39-06.1-06 (4).
- Change 39-06.1-06 (5) to cover roads less than 55 mph and increase fines 100% at 21 + mph over posted speed limit 39-06.1-06 (4), (5), (8), and (9).
- Increase fines 100% at 16 + mph over posted speed limit 39-06.1-06 (7) and to cover roads of 55 mph and greater.
- Still some fluctuating deterrents with a difference of \$10 being the most. These differences occur when license would be suspended.
- Decrease in fines at speeds of 80 to 95 mph on the interstate.
- Decrease in fines at 1-2 mph over in 25 50 mph zones.
- 57.7 % of severe injury crashes are in zones of 55 mph and greater.
- 42.3 % of severe injury crashes are in zones of less than 55 mph.
- Hog house SB 2169 for studies

Proposal B

- Remove 39-06.1-06 (4).
- Change 39-06.1-06 (5) to cover roads less than 55 mph and increase fines \$100 at 21 + mph over posted speed limit 39-06.1-06 (5), (8), and (9)
- Increase fines \$100 at 16 + mph over posted speed Limit 39-06.1-06 (7) and change to cover roads of 55 mph and greater.
- Decrease in initial bill proposal and move to two fee schedules.
- Still some fluctuating deterrents with a difference of \$5 being the most. These differences
 occur when license would be suspended.
- Decrease in fines at speeds of 80 to 95 mph on the interstate.
- Decrease in fines at 1-2 mph over in 25 50 mph zones.
- 57.7 % of severe injury crashes are in zones of 55 mph and greater.
- 42.3 % of severe injury crashes are in zones of less than 55 mph.
- Hog house SB 2169 for studies

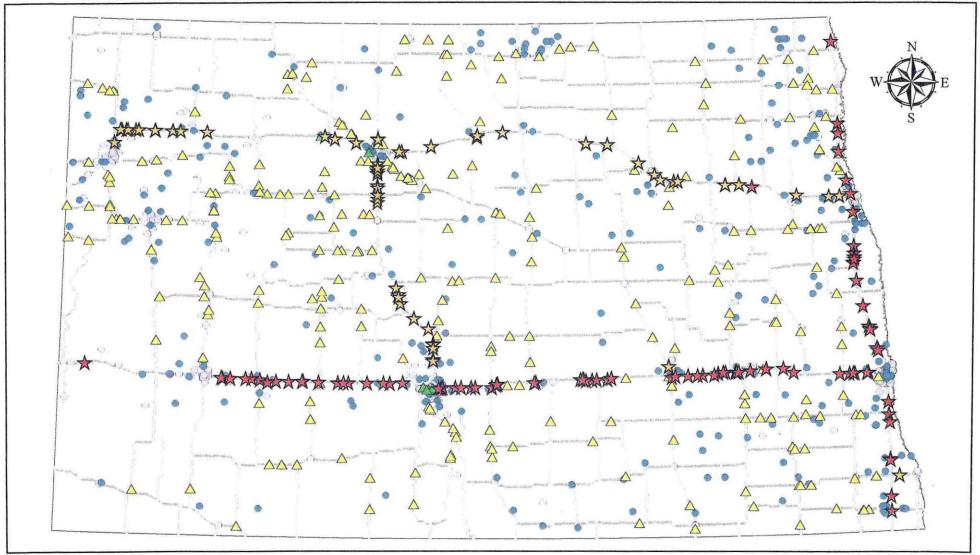
North Dakota Speed Zone Fee Schedules

			-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	_		Francisco.				The Real Property lies	WINDS OWNERS
Speed Limit Zones		mph one		mph one		mph one		mph one												
MPH Over	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine												
5 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	10	\$	10	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25
10 mph	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	20	\$	20	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50
15 mph	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	45	\$	45	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75
16 mph	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	50	\$	50	\$	80	\$	80	\$	80
20 mph	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	70	\$	70	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100
21 mph	\$	28	\$	28	\$	28	\$	28	\$	28	\$	75	\$	75	\$	105	\$	105	\$	105
30 mph	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	120	\$	120	\$	150	\$	150	\$	150
40 mph	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	170	\$	170	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200
50 mph	\$	125	\$	125	\$	125	\$	125	\$	125	\$	220	\$	220	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250

		***************************************								2168 osal B			***************************************							
Speed Limit Zones		mph one		mph one		mph one		mph one		mph one		mph one		mph one		mph one		mph one		mph one
MPH Over	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine
5 mph	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25
10 mph	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50
15 mph	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75
16 mph	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180
20 mph	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200
21 mph	\$	175	\$	175	\$	175	\$	175	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205
30 mph	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250
40 mph	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	300	\$	300	\$	300	\$	300	\$	300	\$	300
50 mph	\$	320	\$	320	\$	320	\$	320	\$	350	\$	350	\$	350	\$	350	\$	350	\$	350

						FI	LUCTUA	TING	G DETE	RRE	NT B					-A	240100000		
			39-06.1	L-06	(5)							3	39-06.1	L-06	(7)				
Speed Zones	25		35		45		50		55		60		65	7	70		75	8	30
Speeds	+	\$10	00 at 21	L+n	nph ov	er					+	\$10	0 at 16	+ m	ph ov	er			
55 mph	\$ 220	\$	70	\$	20	\$ 10		N/A	١	N/A	4	N/A	4	N/A	Α]	N/A		N/A	\
65 mph	\$ 270	\$	220	\$	70	\$	45	\$	50	\$	25	N/A	4	N/A	4	N/A		N/A	
70 mph	\$ 295	\$	245	\$	195	\$	70	\$	75	\$	50	\$	25	N/A	4	N/A		N/A	
80 mph	\$ 345	\$	295	\$	245	\$	220	\$	225	\$	200	\$	75	\$	50	\$	25	N/A	
90 mph	\$ 395	\$	345	\$	295	\$	270	\$	275	\$	250	\$	225	\$	200	\$	75	\$	50
100 mph	\$ 445	\$	395	\$	345	\$	320	\$	325	\$	300	\$	275	\$	250	\$	225	\$	200

Severe Crashes by Speed Limit



S	evere Cra	ashes by	Posted S	peed Lin	nit
★ 75mph	☆ 70mph	△ 65mph	60mph	55mph	<55mph
100	63	277	7	307	552
7.7%	4.8%	21.2%	0.5%	23.5%	42.3%

3yr Time Period = 1/1/2020 - 12/31/2022* *preliminary data Severe Crashes = crash severity of Fatal or Incapacitating Injury.

PREPARED BY THE
North Dakota Department of Transportation
Programming Division
Traffic Operations Section
January 2023

SB 2168 Proposal A

North Dakota Speeding Fines Fee Schedules

• 39-06.1-06 (4)

Except as provided in subsections 5 and 7, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over	
lawful speed limit	Fee
1-5	\$ 5
6 - 10	\$ 5 plus \$1/each mph over 5 mph over limit
11 - 15	\$ 10 plus \$1/each mph over 10 mph over limit
16 - 20	\$ 15 plus \$2/each mph over 15 mph over limit
21 - 25	\$ 25 plus \$3/each mph over 20 mph over limit
26 - 35	\$ 40 plus \$3/each mph over 25 mph over limit
36 - 45	\$ 70 plus \$3/each mph over 35 mph over limit
46 +	\$100 plus \$5/each mph over 45 mph over limit

39-06.1-06 (5)

On a highway on which the speed limit is a speed higher than fifty-five miles [88.51 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over lawful speed limit

Fee

iawiui speed iiiiii

\$2/each mph over limit

1 - 10 11 +

\$20 plus \$5/each mph over 10 mph over limit

39-06.1-06 (7)

On a highway on which the speed limit is posted in excess of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or equivalent ordinance, a fee of five dollars for each mile per hour over the limit.

• 39-06.1-06 (8)

For a violation of a school zone speed limit under subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, a fee of forty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and forty dollars, plus one dollar for each additional mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section.

39-06.1-06 (9)

For a violation of a highway construction zone speed limit under subsection 2 of section 39-09-02, a fee of eighty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and eighty dollars plus two dollars for each mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit, unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section. The fee in this subsection does not apply to a highway construction zone unless individuals engaged in construction are present at the time and place of the violation and the posted speed limit sign states "Minimum Fee \$80".

										No		Dakot Fee Sc		eed Z	one									
Speed Limit Zones	25 mpł zone	3	5 m		45 r	nph ne		mph one	55 r		V4	mph		mph		mph one		mph one		mph one	W	ol zone /ith Idren	zon	truction ne with orkers
MPH Over	Fine	+	Fine		Fi	ne	F	ine	Fi	ne	F	ine	Fi	ne	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	-	ine		Fine
1 mph	\$ 5	1	wordstein o	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	2	\$	2	\$	5	\$	5	s	5	\$	40	\$	80
2 mph	\$ 5	1	5	5	\$	THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERTY	\$	5	\$	5	\$	4	\$	4	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	40	\$	80 80
3 mph	\$ 5			5	\$	-	\$	5	\$	5	\$	6	\$	6	\$	15 20	\$	15 20	\$	20	\$	40	\$	80
4 mph	\$ 5	-	Court of the last	5	\$	-	\$	5	\$	5 5	\$	10	\$	10	\$	25	\$	25	S	25	\$	40	\$	80
5 mph	\$ 5	_	\$	5 6	\$	5 6	\$	5 6	\$	6	\$	12	\$	12	ŝ	30	\$	THE OWNER OF TAXABLE PARTY.	s	30	\$	40	\$	80
6 mph 7 mph	\$ 6	_	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	14	\$	14	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	40	\$	80
8 mph	\$ 8		\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	16	\$	16	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	80
9 mph	\$ 9	-	\$	9	\$	9	\$	9	\$	9	\$	18	\$	18	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	40	\$	80
10 mph	\$ 10		\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	20	\$	20	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	40	\$	80
11 mph	\$ 11	entre Printer	OPPOSITOR OF REAL PROPERTY.	11	\$	11	\$	11	\$	11	\$	25	\$	25	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	41	\$	82
12 mph	\$ 12	CONT.	The Party of the P	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	30	\$	30	\$	60	\$	60	\$	65	\$	42	\$	86
13 mph	\$ 13	_	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	35	\$	35	\$	65 70	\$	65 70	\$	70	\$	44	\$	88
14 mph	\$ 14	_	\$ \$	14 15	\$	14	\$	14 15	\$	14	\$	40	\$	40	\$	75	S	75	\$	75	\$	45	\$	90
15 mph 16 mph	\$ 17	-	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	50	\$	50	\$	80	\$	80	\$	80	\$	46	\$	92
17 mph	\$ 19	-	\$	19	\$	19	\$	55	\$	19	\$	55	\$	55	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	47	\$	94
18 mph	\$ 2:	_	\$	21	\$	21	\$	60	\$	21	\$	60	\$	60	\$	90	\$	90	\$	90	\$	48	\$	90
19 mph	\$ 23	eserd)	\$	23	\$	23	\$	65	\$	23	\$	65	\$	65	\$	95	\$	95	\$	95	\$	49	\$	98
20 mph	\$ 2	()	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	70	\$	70 75	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	50 51	\$	100
21 mph	\$ 2	_	\$	28	\$	28	\$	31	\$	31	\$	75 80	\$	80	\$	110	\$	110	\$	110	\$	52	\$	104
22 mph 23 mph	\$ 3	_	\$	31	\$	31	\$	34	\$	34	\$	85	\$	85	\$	115	\$	115	\$	115	\$	53	\$	10
24 mph	\$ 3	_	\$	37	\$	37	\$	37	\$	37	\$	90	\$	90	\$	120	\$	120	\$	120	\$	54	\$	10
25 mph	\$ 4	-	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	95	\$	95	\$	125	5	125	\$	125	\$	55	\$	11
26 mph	\$ 4	3	\$	43	\$	43	\$	43	\$	43	\$	100	\$	100	\$	130	\$	130	\$	130	\$	56	\$	11:
27 mph	\$ 4		\$	46	\$	46	\$	46	\$	46	\$	STATE OF TAXABLE PARTY.	\$	105	\$	135	\$	135	\$	135	\$	57	\$	11.
28 mph	\$ 4	_	\$	49	\$	49	\$	49	\$	49	-	110	\$	110	\$	140	\$	140	\$	140	\$	58 59	\$	11:
29 mph	\$ 5	_	\$	52	\$	52	\$	52	\$	52	5	115	\$	115	\$	145	\$	145 150	\$	145	\$	60	\$	120
30 mph 31 mph	\$ 5	_	\$	55 58	\$	55 58	\$	55 58	\$	55 58	_	120	\$	125	5	1.55	\$	155	5	355	\$	61	\$	12
32 mph	\$ 6	_	\$	61	\$	61	\$	61	\$	61	\$		\$	130	\$	160	\$	160	5	160	\$	62	\$	12
33 mph	\$ 6	_	\$	64	\$	64	\$	64	\$	64	\$		\$	135	\$	165	\$	165	\$	165	\$	63	\$	12
34 mph	\$ 6	_	\$	67	\$	67	\$	67	\$	67	\$	140	\$	140	\$	170	\$	170	\$	170	\$	64	\$	12
35 mph	\$ 7	0	\$	70	5	70	\$	70	\$	70			5	145	\$	175	\$	175	\$	175	\$	65	\$	13
36 mph	-	3	\$	73	5	73	\$	73	\$	73	9	-	5	150	5	180	5	180	5	180	\$ \$	66 67	\$	13
37 mph	\$ 7	-	\$	76 79	\$	76 79	\$	76 79	\$	76 79	_	155	\$	155	\$	185	\$	185		190	\$	68	\$	13
38 mph 39 mph	\$ 7	-	\$	82	\$	82	\$	82	\$	82	-	165	\$	165	5	195	\$	195	\$	195	\$	69	\$	13
40 mph	\$ 8	_	\$	85	\$	85	Ś	85	-	85		Marin Sanda	\$	170	-	200	\$	200		200	\$	70	\$	14
41 mph	\$ 8	8	\$	88	\$	88	\$	88	\$	88	\$	175	\$	175	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	71	\$	14
42 mph	\$ 9	1	\$	91	\$	91	\$	91	\$	91		180	\$	180	\$	210	\$	210		210	\$	73	\$	14
43 mph			\$	94		94	1	94	of the same of the same of	94		185		185		215	OR OTHER	215	ALC: UNKNOWN	215	\$	73	The state of the last	14
44 mph	The second second	1	\$	97	THE OWNER OF THE OWNER, OR WHEN	97		97	ALC: UNKNOWN	97		190		190	-	220	\$	220	_	220	\$	74 75	\$	14
45 mph 46 mph	\$ 10	The second liverage		100 105	5	100	\$	100		100	Name and Address	195	\$	195		225	\$	225		225	\$	75	-	15
47 mph	\$ 11	_	-	110		110	-	110	-	110	-	205	\$	205	Name and Address of the Owner, where	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	-	235	-	235	\$	77	-	15
48 mph	\$ 11			115	STATE OF THE PERSON.	115	\$	-	-	115		210	\$	210	-	240	of the latest designation of the latest desi	240	-	240	S	78	-	15
49 mph	\$ 12	0		120	\$	120	THE OWNER OF THE OWNER, THE OWNER	COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.	merchanism and the same of	120		215		215	_	245	-	245	THE OWNER OF TAXABLE PARTY.	245	\$	79	-	15
50 mph	\$ 12		TAXABLE DAY	125	-	125	-	125	-	125		220		220	-	250	-	250		250	\$	80	-	16
51 mph	\$ 13	-	THE RESERVE	130	THE REAL PROPERTY.	130	ne la constant		-	130		225		225	-	255	THE REAL PROPERTY.	255	THE OWNER WHEN	255	\$	81	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	16
52 mph	\$ 13	_	_	135	_	135			_	135		230		230	-	260		260		260	\$	82	-	16
53 mph 54 mph	\$ 14		-	140 145	_	140			-	140		235		235	_	265 270		265 270	1000000	265 270	\$	83 84	_	16
55 mph	\$ 15	-	-	150	ACCRECATE VALUE OF THE PARTY.	150	_			150		245			\$	275		275	-	275	\$	85		17
BESTELL	THE REAL PROPERTY.					dale		CONT.				233												24km
Fines for t		_																						
Fines for t	MATERIAL COURT HOME	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	OCKERATIONS!	ARROW MICH.											-			**********						
Fines for t	MATERIAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND		MANAGEMENT	DESMINISTRA																				
Fines for t															LE DUC					a de la compa			NO	
Fines fro t		Marie States				V Charles	- 01	Total #			lia.					OF SECOND								
Constructi					n wo	orkers	pre	sent. N	/linin	num o	f \$8	0 unl	ess a	great	er fi	ne wo	ıld b	e appl	icab	le.	- 17 July 1	a constant president		220-11-0-00
School zor			-	-	THE RESERVE	-	sen	t. Mini	mum	of \$4	0 u	nless	a gre	eater f	ine v	would	be a	pplicat	ole.					
\$25 decrea	THE OWNER WHEN PERSON NAMED IN		-	THE REAL PROPERTY.	-	-	06				-	J 5							O COMP					
	1 poi	US.	3 po	ints	5 p	oints	120	points					19 p	oints	110	points	112	points	123	points			1	

Proposal A

- Increase fines 100% at 21 + mph over posted speed Limit 39-06.1-06 (4), (5), (8), and (9).
- Increase fines 100 % at 16 + mph over posted speed Limit 39-06.1-06 (7).
- Stays with intent of initial bill.
- Several fluctuating deterrents with the greatest difference being a decrease of \$140 when going 100 mph in a 60 mph (\$340) and 55 mph (\$200) zone.
- Decrease in fines at speeds of 80 to 95 mph on the interstate.

Proposal A.1

- Remove 39-06.1-06 (4).
- Change 39-06.1-06 (5) to cover roads less than 55 mph and increase fines 100% at 21 + mph over posted speed limit 39-06.1-06 (4), (5), (8), and (9).
- Increase fines 100 % at 16 + mph over posted speed limit 39-06.1-06 (7) and to cover roads of 55 mph and greater.
- Still some fluctuating deterrents with a difference of \$10 being the most. These differences occur when license would be suspended.
- Decrease in fines at speeds of 80 to 95 mph on the interstate.
- Decrease in fines at 1-2 mph over in 25 50 mph zones.
- 57.7 % of severe injury crashes are in zones of 55 mph and greater.
- 42.3 % of severe injury crashes are in zones of less than 55 mph.

SB 2168 Fee Schedules Proposal A

Speed Limit Zones		mph one		mph one		mph zone		mph one	9 200	5 mph zone		mph one	1	mph one		mph one		mph one	-71A	mph	ool zone children	zo	struction ne with orkers
MPH Over	F	ine	F	ine		Fine	F	ine		Fine	F	ine		ine	F	ine	F	ine		Fine	Fine		Fine
1 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	2	\$	2	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$ 40	\$	80
2 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	4	\$	4	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$ 40	\$	80
3 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	6	\$	6	\$	15	\$	15	5	15	\$ 40	\$	80
4 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	8	\$	8	\$	20	\$	20	5	20	\$ 40	\$	80
5 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	10	\$	10	\$	25	\$	25	Ś	25	\$ 40	\$	80
6 mph	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	12	\$	12	S	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$ 40	\$	80
7 mph	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	14	\$	14	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$ 40	\$	80
8 mph	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	16	\$	16	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$ 40	\$	80
9 mph	\$	9	\$	9	\$	9	\$	9	\$	9	\$	18	\$	18	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$ 40	\$	80
10 mph	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	20	\$	20	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$ 40	\$	80
11 mph	\$	11	\$	11	\$	11	\$	1.1	\$	11	\$	25	\$	25	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$ 41	\$	82
12 mph	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	30	\$	30	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$ 42	\$	84
13 mph	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	35	\$	35	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$ 43	\$	86
14 mph	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	40	\$	40	\$	70	\$	70	Ś	70	\$ 44	\$	88
15 mph	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	45	\$	45	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75	\$ 45	\$	90
16 mph	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	50	\$	50	\$	160	\$	160	\$	160	\$ 46	\$	92
17 mph	\$	19	\$	19	\$	19	\$	55	\$	19	\$	55	\$	55	\$	170	\$	170	\$	170	\$ 47	\$	94
18 mph	\$	21	\$	21	\$	21	\$	60	\$	21	\$	60	\$	60	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$ 48	\$	96
19 mph	\$	23	\$	23	\$	23	\$	65	\$	23	\$	65	\$	65	\$	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$ 49	\$	98
20 mph	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	70	\$	70	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$ 50	\$	100
21 mph	\$	56	\$	56	\$	56	\$	56	\$	56	\$	150	\$	150	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$ 102	\$	204
22 mph	\$	62	\$	62	\$	62	\$	62	\$	62	\$	160	\$	80	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$ 104	\$	208
23 mph	\$	68	\$	68	\$	68	\$	68	\$	68	\$	170	\$	170	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$ 106	\$	212
24 mph	\$	74	\$	74	\$	74	\$	74	\$	74	\$	180	\$	180	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$ 108	\$	216
25 mph	\$	80	\$	80	\$	80	\$	80	5	80	\$	190	5	190	\$	250	5	250	\$	250	\$ 110	\$	220
26 mph 27 mph	\$	86 92	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	200	\$	200	S	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$ 112	\$	224
28 mph	\$	98	\$	92 98	\$	92	\$	92	\$	92	\$	210	\$	210	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$ 114	\$	228
29 mph	\$	104	\$	104	\$	104	\$	98	\$	98	\$	220	\$	220	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$ 116	\$	232
30 mph	\$	110	\$	110	\$	110	\$	110	\$	104	\$	230	\$	230	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$ 118	\$	236
31 mph	\$	116	\$	116	\$	116	\$	116	\$	110	S	240	\$	240	\$	300	\$	300	\$	300	\$ 120	\$	240
32 mph	\$	122	\$	122	\$	122	\$	122	\$	116	\$	250	\$	250	\$	310	\$	310	\$	310	\$ 122	\$	244
33 mph	\$	128	\$	128	\$	128	\$	128	\$	122	\$	260	\$	260	\$	320	\$	320	\$	320	\$ 124	\$	248
34 mph	\$	134	\$	134	\$	134	\$	134	\$	128	\$	270	\$	270	\$	330	\$	330	\$	330	\$ 126	\$	252
35 mph	\$	140	\$	140	5	140	\$	140	5	140	\$	280	\$	280	\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	\$ 128	\$	256
36 mph	Ś	146	5	146	Ś	146	S	146	\$	146	-	290	8	290	\$	350	\$	350	\$	350	\$ 130	\$	260
37 mph	\$	152	\$	152	\$	152	\$	152	\$	152	\$	310	\$	300	3	360	S	360	\$	360	\$ 132	\$	264
38 mph	\$	158	\$	158	\$	158	\$	158	\$	158	\$	320	\$		\$	370	\$	370	\$	370	\$ 134	\$	268
39 mph	\$	164	\$	164	\$	164	\$	164	\$	164	\$	330	\$	320 330	\$	380	\$	380	\$	380	\$ 136	\$	272
40 mph	\$	170	\$	170	\$	170	5	170	\$	170	1	340	\$	340	\$	400	\$	390	\$	390	\$ 138	\$	276
41 mph	\$	176	\$	176	\$	176	\$	176	\$	176	\$	350	\$	350	\$	410	\$	400	\$	400	\$ 140	\$	280
42 mph	\$	182	\$	182	\$	182	\$	182	\$	182	\$	360	\$	360	\$	420	\$	410	\$	420	\$ 142	\$	284
43 mph	\$	188	\$	188	\$	188	\$	188	\$	188	\$	370	\$	370	\$	430	\$	430	\$	430	\$ 144	\$	288
44 mph	\$	194	\$	194	\$	194	\$	194	\$	194	\$	380	\$	380	\$	440	\$	440	\$	440	\$ 148	\$	292
45 mph	\$	200	\$	200	13	200	\$	200	650	200	\$	390	\$	390	\$	450	\$	450	\$	450	\$ 150	\$	300
46 mph	\$	210	5	210	\$	210	5	210	5	210	S	400	Ś	400	\$	460	\$	460	\$	460	\$ 152	\$	304
47 mph	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	410	\$	410	\$	470	\$	470	\$	470	\$ 154	\$	308
48 mph	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	420	\$	420	\$	480	\$	480	\$	480	\$ 156	\$	312
49 mph	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	430	\$	430	\$	490	\$	490	\$	490	\$ 158	\$	316
50 mph	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	gr W	250		250	\$	440	\$	440	\$	500	\$	500	\$	500	\$ 160	\$	320
51 mph	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	-	260	\$	450	\$	450	\$	510	\$	510	\$	510	\$ 162	\$	324
52 mph	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	460	\$	460	\$	520	\$	520	\$	520	\$ 164	\$	328
53 mph	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	280	\$	470	\$	470	\$	530	\$	530	\$	530	\$ 166	\$	332
54 mph	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	480	\$	480	\$	540	\$	540	\$	540	\$ 168	\$	332
55 mph	\$	300	5	300	22.2	300	\$	300	_	300	\$	490	\$	490	The same of	550	\$	-	\$	550	\$ 170		340

Fines for traveling 55 mph

Fines for traveling 65 mph

Fines for traveling 70 mph

Fines for traveling 80 mph

Fines for traveling 90 mph

Fines for traveling 100 mph

Constructions zone fines when workers present. Minimum of \$80 unless a greater fine would be applicable.

School zone fines when childred are present. Minimum of \$40 unless a greater fine would be applicable.

\$25 decrease in fine at these speeds

1 point 3 points 5 points 7 points 9 points 10 points 12 points 15 points

SB 2168 Fee Schedules Proposal A.1

Speed Limit Zones		mph ne		mph		mph one		mph	55 mph zone		mph one	10.00	mph		70 mph zone		mph		mph	100	chool zone ith children	zor	struction ne with orkers
MPH Over	Fi	ne	F	ine	F	ine	Fi	ine	Fine	F	ine	F	ine		Fine	J=5)	Fine	F	ine		Fine		Fine
1 mph	S	2	\$	2	S	2	\$	2	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	COMPANY AND DESCRIPTION OF STREET	\$	80
2 mph	\$	4	\$	4	\$	4	\$	4	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$		\$	80
3 mph	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$ 15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$		\$	80
4 mph	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$ 20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$		\$	80
5 mph	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$ 25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$		\$	80
6 mph	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$ 30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$		\$	80
7 mph	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$ 35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	S	35	\$	THE RESERVE TO THE PARTY OF THE	\$	80
8 mph	\$	16	\$	16	\$	16	\$	16	\$ 40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	S	40	\$	THE RESERVE TO SHARE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	\$	80
9 mph	\$	18	\$	18	\$	18	\$	18	\$ 45	\$	45	\$	45	\$		\$	45	\$	45	\$		\$	80
10 mph	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$ 50	\$	50	\$	50	Ś	50	\$	50	S	50	\$		\$	80
11 mph	5	25	S	25	ŝ	25	S	25	\$ 55	5	55	5	55	\$	Control Section 19 (1977)	\$	55	\$	55	\$	Agent and the second	\$	82
12 mph	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$ 60	\$	60	\$	60	\$		\$	60	5	60	\$	NAME AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.	\$	84
13 mph	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$ 65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	Name and Address of the Owner, where	\$	65	\$	65	\$		\$	86
14 mph	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$ 70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	-	\$	70	\$	70	\$	The second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a section section in the section is a section section in the section section in the section section is a section	\$	88
15 mph	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$ 75	\$	75	ŝ	75	\$	THE RESERVE AND PERSONS ASSESSED.	5	75	5	75	\$		\$	90
16 mph	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$ 160	\$	160	\$	160	\$	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	\$	160	\$	160	S S		\$	92
17 mph	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$ 170	\$	170	\$	170	\$		\$	170	\$	170	\$		\$	94
18 mph	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$ 180	\$	180	\$	180	\$		\$	180	\$	180	\$		\$	96
19 mph	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$ 190	_	190	\$	190	\$		\$	190	\$	190	S		\$	98
20 mph	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$ 200	Ś	200	\$	200	S	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	\$	200	3	200	\$		\$	100
21 mph		150	\$	150	\$	150	\$	150	\$ 210	\$	210	\$	210	\$		\$	210	\$	210	\$		\$	204
22 mph	-	160	\$	160	\$	160	\$	160	\$ 220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	-	\$	220	\$	220	\$		\$	208
23 mph	-	170	\$	170	\$	170	\$	170	\$ 230	\$	230	\$	230	\$		\$	230	\$	230	\$		\$	212
24 mph	-	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$ 240	\$	240	\$	240	\$		\$	240	\$	240	\$		\$	216
25 mph	_	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$ 250	\$	250	S	250	\$		S	250	\$	250	\$		\$	220
26 mph	****	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$ 260	\$	260	\$	260	\$		\$	260	\$	260	\$	CHECKS IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.	\$	224
27 mph	_	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$ 270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	-	\$	270	\$	270	\$		\$	228
28 mph	_	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$ 280	5	280	\$	280	Š		\$	280	\$	280	\$		\$	232
29 mph	-	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$ 290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN	\$	290	\$	290	\$	And in case of the last of the	\$	236
30 mph	-	240	\$	240	\$	240	5	240	\$ 300	S	300	\$	300	S	STATE OF THE PARTY NAMED IN	\$	300	\$	300	\$	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	\$	240
31 mph	_	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$ 310	-	-	\$	310	ŝ		Š	310	\$	310	\$		\$	244
32 mph	_	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$ 320	-	-	\$	320	\$	-	\$	320	\$	320	\$	The second second	\$	248
33 mph	The Real Property lies	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$ 330	\$	330	\$	330	\$	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	\$	330	\$	330	\$	The second second	\$	252
34 mph	-	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$ 340	\$		\$	340	\$	-	\$	340	\$	340	\$		\$	256
35 mph	_	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$ 350	\$	350	13	350	\$		\$	350	\$	350	\$		\$	260
36 mph	5	300	5	300	\$	300	5	300	\$ 360	15	360	S	360	S	Company of the last	\$	360	\$	360	\$		\$	264
37 mph	\$	310	\$	310	\$	310	\$	310	\$ 370	\$	370	\$	370	\$	370	\$	370	\$	370	\$	134	\$	268
38 mph	\$	320	\$	320	\$	320	\$	320	\$ 380	\$	380	\$	380	\$		\$	380	\$	380	\$	136	\$	272
39 mph	\$	330	\$	330	\$	330	\$	330	\$ 390	\$	390	\$	390	\$	390	\$	390	\$	390	\$	138	\$	276
40 mph	\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	\$ 400	\$	400	\$	400	\$	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	\$	400	\$	400	\$	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	\$	280
41 mph	\$	350	\$	350	\$	350	\$	350	\$ 410	\$	410	\$	410	\$	410	\$	410	\$	410	\$	142	\$	284
42 mph	\$	360	\$	360	\$	360	\$	360	\$ 420	\$	420	\$	420	\$	420	\$	420	\$	420	\$	144	\$	288
43 mph	\$	370	\$	370	\$	370	\$	370	\$ 430	\$	430	\$	430	\$	430	\$	430	\$	430	\$	146	\$	292
44 mph	\$	380	\$	380	\$	380	\$	380	\$ 440	\$	440	\$	440	\$	440	\$	440	\$	440	\$	148	\$	296
45 mph	\$	390	\$	390	Isl	390	\$	390	\$ 450	\$	450	\$	450	\$	450	\$	450	\$	450	\$	150	\$	300
46 mph	5	400	5	400	5	400	5	400	\$ 460	5	460	5	460	\$	460	\$	460	\$	460	\$	152	\$	304
47 mph	\$	410	\$	410	\$	410	\$	410	\$ 470	\$	470	\$	470	\$	470	\$	470	\$	470	\$	154	\$	308
48 mph	\$	420	\$	420	\$	420	\$	420	\$ 480	\$	480	\$	480	\$		\$	480	\$	480	\$		\$	312
49 mph	\$	430	\$	430	\$	430	\$	430	\$ 490	\$	490	\$	490	\$	The Person Name of Street, or other Designation of the Owner, where the Person of the Owner, where the Owner, which the Owner	\$	490	\$	490	\$		\$	316
50 mph	\$	440	\$	440	\$	440	武士	440	\$ 500	\$	500	\$	500	\$	500	\$	500	\$	500	\$		\$	320
51 mph	\$	450	\$	450	\$	450	\$	450	\$ 510	and in case of	510	\$	510	\$	THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IN COLUM	\$	510	\$	510	\$	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	\$	324
52 mph	\$	460	\$	460	\$	460	\$	460	\$ 520		520	\$	520	\$		\$	520	\$	520	5		\$	328
53 mph	\$	470	\$	470	\$	470	\$	470	\$ 530	\$	530	\$	530	\$	THE RESERVE AND DESCRIPTIONS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	\$	530	\$	530	\$	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	\$	332
54 mph	\$	480	\$	480	\$	480	\$	480	\$ 540		540	\$	540	\$	_	\$	540	\$	540	5		-	336
55 mph	-	490	Is.	490	111	490	\$	490	\$ 550		550	\$	550	\$		\$	550	C-	550	4		Contract of the last	340

Fines for traveling 55 mph

Fines for traveling 65 mph

Fines for traveling 70 mph

Fines for traveling 80 mph

Fines for traveling 90 mph

Fines for traveling 100 mph

Constructions zone fines when workers present. Minimum of \$80 unless a greater fine would be applicable.

School zone fines when childred are present. Minimum of \$40 unless a greater fine would be applicable.

\$25 decrease in fines at these speeds with the increase in speed limit to 80 mph. 25 - 50 mph zones see a slight fine decrease at 1 - 2 mph over.

1 point 3 points 5 points 7 points 9 points 10 points 12 points 15 points

SB 2168 Proposal B

North Dakota Speeding Fines Fee Schedules

· 39-06.1-06 (4)

Except as provided in subsections 5 and 7, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over	
lawful speed limit	Fee
1 - 5	\$ 5
6 - 10	\$ 5 plus \$1/each mph over 5 mph over limit
11 - 15	\$ 10 plus \$1/each mph over 10 mph over limit
16 - 20	\$ 15 plus \$2/each mph over 15 mph over limit
21 - 25	\$ 25 plus \$3/each mph over 20 mph over limit
26 - 35	\$ 40 plus \$3/each mph over 25 mph over limit
36 - 45	\$ 70 plus \$3/each mph over 35 mph over limit
46 +	\$100 plus \$5/each mph over 45 mph over limit

39-06.1-06 (5)

On a highway on which the speed limit is a speed higher than fifty-five miles [88.51 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over lawful speed limit	Fee
1 - 10	\$2/each mph over limit
11+	\$20 plus \$5/each mph over 10 mph over limit

39-06.1-06 (7)

On a highway on which the speed limit is posted in excess of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or equivalent ordinance, a fee of five dollars for each mile per hour over the limit.

39-06.1-06 (8)

For a violation of a school zone speed limit under subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, a fee of forty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and forty dollars, plus one dollar for each additional mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section.

39-06.1-06 (9)

For a violation of a highway construction zone speed limit under subsection 2 of section 39-09-02, a fee of eighty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and eighty dollars plus two dollars for each mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit, unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section. The fee in this subsection does not apply to a highway construction zone unless individuals engaged in construction are present at the time and place of the violation and the posted speed limit sign states "Minimum Fee \$80".

peed Limit Zones	25 m zon		35 r	nph ne	000000	mph ne		mph		mph ine	-	mph one		nph ne		mph one		mph		mph one	w	ol zone vith Idren	zon	truction e with orkers
MPH Over	Fin	e	Fit	ne	Fi	ne	F	ine	Fi	ne	F	ine	Fi	ne	Fi	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine
1 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	2	\$	2	\$	5	\$	5	5-	5	\$	40	\$	8
2 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	4	\$	4	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	40	\$	
3 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	6	\$	6	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	40	\$	8
4 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	8	\$	8	\$	20	\$	20	5	20	\$	40	\$	8
5 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	10	\$	10	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	40	\$	
6-mph	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	12	\$	12	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	40	\$	
7 mph	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	14	\$	14	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	40	\$	
8 mph	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	16	\$	16	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	
9 mph	\$	9	\$	10	\$	10	\$	9	\$	10	\$	18 20	\$	18 20	\$	45 50	\$	45 50	S	45 50	\$	40	\$	- 1
10 mph	-	11	5	11	\$	11	\$	11	\$	11	S	25	\$	25	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	41	\$	
12 mph		12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	30	\$	30	\$	60	\$	60	S	60	\$	42	\$	
13 mph		13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	35	\$	35	\$	65	\$	65	Ś	65	\$	43	\$	
14 mph		14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	40	\$	40	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	44	\$	
15 mph	-	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	45	5	45	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75	\$	45	\$	
16 mph	-	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	50	\$	50	\$	80	\$	80	\$	80	\$	46	\$	
17 mph	-	19	\$	19	\$	19	\$	55	\$	19	\$	55	\$	55	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	47	\$	
18 mph	-	21	\$	21	\$	21	\$	60	\$	21	\$	60	\$	60	\$	90	\$	90	S	90	\$	48	\$	
19 mph	The same of	23	\$	23	\$	23	\$	65	\$	23	\$	65	\$	65	\$	95	\$	95	\$	95	\$	49	\$	-
20 mph	_	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	70	\$	70	5	100	\$	100	5	100	\$	50 51	\$	1
21 mph 22 mph	and a second	28 31	\$	31	\$	28 31	\$	31	\$	31	\$	75 80	\$	75 80	\$	105	\$	105	\$	105	\$	52	\$	
23 mph	_	34	\$	34	\$	34	\$	34	\$	34	\$	85	\$	85	\$	115	\$	115	5	115	\$	53	\$	1
24 mph	-	37	\$	37	\$	37	\$	37	\$	37	\$	90	\$	90	\$	120	\$	120	5	120	\$	54	\$	1
25 mph	The same of	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	95	\$	95	\$	125	5	125	S	125	\$	55	\$	1
26 mph	\$	43	\$	43	\$	43	\$	43	\$	43	\$	100	\$	100	\$	130	\$	130	\$	130	\$	56	\$	- :
27 mph	\$	46	\$	46	\$	46	\$	46	\$	46	\$	105	\$	105	\$	135	\$	135	\$	135	\$	57	\$	
28 mph	_	49	\$	49	\$	49	\$	49	\$	49	\$		\$	110	\$	140	\$	140	\$	140	\$	58	\$:
29 mph	-	52	\$	52	\$	52	\$	52	\$	52	-	115	\$	115	\$	145	\$	145	5	145	\$	59	\$	1
30 mph	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	5	-	\$	120		150	\$	150	\$	150	\$	60	\$	1
31 mph 32 mph	-	58 61	\$	58 61	\$	58 61	\$	58 61	\$	58 61	\$	125	\$	130	\$	160	\$	160	\$	160	\$	62	\$	1
33 mph	The same of	64	\$	64	\$	64	\$	64	\$	64	\$	Contract of the last	\$	135	\$	165	\$	165	Ś	165	\$	63	\$	
34 mph	_	67	\$	67	\$	67	\$	67	\$	67	\$		\$	140	\$	170	\$	170	5	170	\$	- 64	\$	1
35 mph	\$	70	\$	70	5	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	145	5	145	\$	175	\$	175	\$	175	\$	65	\$	
36 mph	5	73	\$	73	\$	73	5	73	\$	73	\$	-	\$	150	\$	180	\$	180	5	180	\$	66	\$	1
37 mph	The state of the s	76	\$	76	\$	76	\$	76	\$	76	\$		\$	155	\$	185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	-67	\$	1
38 mph	\$	79	\$	79	\$	79	\$	79	\$	79	\$	-	\$	160	\$	190	\$	190	5	190	\$		\$	
39 mph 40 mph	\$	82 85	\$	82 85	\$	82 85	\$	82	\$	82 85	\$	NAME OF PERSONS ASSESSED.	\$	165	\$	195	\$	195	5	200	\$ \$	69	\$	
41 mph	\$	88	-	88	-	88	4	88		88	\$			175	\$	205	\$	205		205	-	71	-	
42 mph	\$	91	\$	91	\$	91	\$	91		91	_	180	\$	180	\$	210	\$	210	5	210	\$	73	\$	
43 mph	\$	94	\$	94	-	94	\$	94	Section 1	94	-	185	\$	185	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	73	\$	-
44 mph	\$	97	\$	97	\$	97	\$	97	\$	97	\$	190	\$	190	\$	220	\$	220	5	220	\$	74	\$	
45 mph	\$ 1	100	\$	100	\$	100	\$	100	S	1.00	\$	195	\$	195	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	75	\$	
46 mph	THE OWNER WHEN PERSON NAMED IN	105	5	105	15	105	\$	105	1 \$	105	5	200	5	200	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$_	76	\$	
47 mph	\$ 1		\$	110	_	110	\$	110		110	_	205	\$	205	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	77	\$	
48 mph	\$ 1		\$	115	_	115	\$	115	_	115	\$		\$	210	\$	240	\$	240	-	240	\$	78	\$	
49 mph 50 mph	\$ 1	_	\$	120 125	_	120 125	\$	120	\$	120 125		215	\$	215	\$	245	\$	245 250	\$	245	\$ -	79	\$	
51 mph	\$ 1	Of the last of the	\$	130	or other Designation of the last	130	\$	130	Season.	130		225	\$	225	\$	255	\$	255	5	250	\$ \$	80 81	\$	-
52 mph	\$ 1	_	\$	135	-	135	\$	135	_	135	_	230	\$	230	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	82	\$	
53 mph	\$ 1		\$	140		140	\$	140	-	140	_	235	\$	235	\$	265	\$	265	-	265	\$	83	\$	
54 mph	\$ 1	L45	\$	145	\$	145	\$	145	\$	145		240	\$	240	\$	270	\$	270	5	270	\$	84	\$	
55 mph	\$ 1	150	S	150	S	150	\$	150	\$	150	\$	245	\$	245	\$	275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	85	\$	
ines for tr ines for tr ines for tr ines for tr ines for tr ines fro tr onstruction	avelin avelin avelin avelin	g 65 g 70 g 80 g 90	mp mp mp	h h h h							to to													

Proposal B

- Remove 39-06.1-06 (4).
- Change 39-06.1-06 (5) to cover roads less than 55 mph and increase fines \$100 at 21 + mph over posted speed limit 39-06.1-06 (5), (8), and (9)
- Increase fines \$100 at 16 + mph over posted speed Limit 39-06.1-06 (7) and change to cover roads of 55 mph and greater.
- Decrease in initial bill proposal and move to two fee schedules.
- Still some fluctuating deterrents with a difference of \$5 being the most. These differences occur when license would be suspended.
- Decrease in fines at speeds of 80 to 95 mph on the interstate.
- Decrease in fines at 1-2 mph over in 25 50 mph zones.
- Targeting speed zones along the interstate corridor.
- Targeting speed zones where the most severe injury crashes occur.
- 57.7 % of severe injury crashes are in zones of 55 mph and greater.
- 42.3 % of severe injury crashes are in zones of less than 55 mph.
- Hog house SB 2169 for studies.

SB 2168
Fee Schedules
Proposal B

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Speed Limit Zones	25 mph zone		mph ne		mph one		mph		mph	60 mg			nph ne		mph		mph		mph		nool zone with children	zoi	struction ne with orkers
MPH Over	Fine	Fi	ne	Fi	ine	F	ine	F	ine	Fine	1	Fir	ne	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine		Fine	THE PERSON NAMED IN	Fine
1 mph	\$ 2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	5	\$	5 \$		5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	40	\$	80
2 mph	\$ 4	\$	4	\$	4	\$	4	\$	10	\$ 1	0 \$		10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	40	\$	80
3 mph	\$ 6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	15	\$ 1	5 \$		15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	40	\$	80
4 mph	\$ 8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	20	\$ 2	0 \$		20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	40	\$	80
5 mph	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	25	\$ 2	5 \$		25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	40	\$	80
6 mph	\$ 12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	30	\$ 3	0 \$,	30	\$	30	\$	30	5	30	\$	40	\$	80
7 mph	\$ 14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	35	\$ 3	5 \$,	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	40	.\$	80
8 mph	\$ 16	\$	16	\$	16	\$	16	\$	40	\$ 4	0 \$		40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	80
9 mph	\$ 18	\$	18	\$	18	\$	18	\$	45	\$ 4	5 \$,	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	40	\$	80
10 mph	\$ 20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	50	\$ 5	0 \$,	50	5	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	40	\$	80
11 mph	\$ 25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	55	\$ 5	5 \$		55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	41	\$	82
12 mph	\$ 30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	60	\$ 6	0 \$;	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	42	\$	84
13 mph	\$ 35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	65	\$ 6	5 \$;	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	43	\$	86
14 mph	\$ 40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	70		0 \$,	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	44	\$	88
15 mph	\$ 45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	75	REAL PROPERTY.	5		75	\$	75	\$	75	5	75	\$	45	\$	90
16 mph	\$ 50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	180	\$ 18	STATE OF THE PERSON	STREET, SQUARE,	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	46	\$	92
17 mph	\$ 55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	185	\$ 18		-	185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	47	\$	94
18 mph	\$ 60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	190	\$ 19	_	_	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	48	\$	96
19 mph	\$ 65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	195	\$ 19		-	195	\$	195	\$	195	\$	195	\$	49	\$	98
20 mph	\$ 70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	200	\$ 20	_	-	200	S	200	\$	200	5	200	\$	50	\$	100
21 mph	\$ 175	\$	175	\$	175	\$	175	\$	205	\$ 20	_	-	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	151	\$	202
22 mph	\$ 180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	210	\$ 21	-	-	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	152	\$	204
23 mph	\$ 185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	215	\$ 21	_	_	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	153	\$	206
24 mph 25 mph	\$ 190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	220	\$ 22	-	,	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$ \$	154 155	\$	208
26 mph	\$ 200	5	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	230	\$ 23	_	Ś	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	156	\$	212
27 mph	\$ 205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	235	\$ 23	_	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	157	\$	214
28 mph	\$ 210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	240	\$ 24	_	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	158	\$	216
29 mph	\$ 215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	245	\$ 24		\$	245	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245	S	159	\$	218
30 mph	\$ 220	\$	220	\$	220	ŝ	220	\$	250	5 25		\$	250	NS.	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	160	\$	220
31 mph	\$ 225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	255	\$ 25		\$	255	5	255	S	255	5	255	\$	161	\$	222
32 mph	\$ 230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	260	\$ 26	0 3	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	162	\$	224
33 mph	\$ 235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	265	\$ 26	55	\$	265	\$	265	\$	265	\$	265	\$	163	\$	226
34 mph	\$ 240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	270	\$ 27	0	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	164	\$	228
35 mph	\$ 245	\$	245	S	245	\$	245	5	275	\$ 27	5		275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	165	\$	230
36 mph	\$ 250	\$	250	\$	250	Ş	250	\$	280	5 28	80	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	5	280	\$	166	\$	232
37 mph	\$ 255	\$	255	\$	255	\$	255	\$	285	\$ 28	35	\$	285	\$	285	\$	285	\$	285	\$	167	\$	234
38 mph	\$ 260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	290	\$ 29	00 :	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	168	\$	236
39 mph	\$ 265	\$	265	\$	265	\$	265	\$	295	\$ 29	95	\$	295	\$	295	\$	295	\$	295	\$	169	\$	238
40 mph	\$ 270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	300	5 30	0	\$	300	\$	300	\$	300	\$	300	\$	170	\$	240
41 mph	\$ 275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	305	\$ 30)5	\$	305	\$	305	\$	305	\$	305	\$	171	\$	242
42 mph	\$ 280	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$	310	\$ 3:	-	\$	310	\$	310	\$	310	\$	310	\$	172	\$	244
43 mph	\$ 285	\$	285	\$	285	\$	285	\$	315	\$ 3:		\$	315	\$	315	\$	315	\$	315	\$	173	\$	246
44 mph	\$ 290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	320	\$ 32	THE REAL PROPERTY.	\$	320	\$	320	\$	320	\$	320	\$	174	\$	248
45 mph	\$ 295	5	295	S	295	\$	295	15	325	\$ 32	SHOWING THE PERSON	\$	325	\$	325	\$	325	\$	325	\$	175	\$	250
46 mph	\$ 300	1 5	300	5	300	5	300	3	330	\$ 35		\$	330	\$	330	\$	330	\$	330	\$		\$	252
47 mph	\$ 305	\$	305	\$	305	\$	305	\$	335	\$ 33	-	\$	335	\$	335	\$	335	\$	335	\$	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED AND ADDRESS OF THE	\$	254
48 mph	\$ 310	\$	310	\$	310	\$	310	\$	340	\$ 34	-	\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	\$		\$	256
49 mph	\$ 315	\$	315	\$	315	\$	315	\$	345	\$ 34		\$	345	\$	345	\$	345	\$	345	\$		\$	258
50 mph	\$ 320	\$	320	\$	320		320	-	350	\$ 3		\$	350	\$	350	\$	350	\$	350	\$		\$	260
51 mph	\$ 325	\$	325	\$	325	\$	325	-	355	\$ 3		\$	355	\$	355	\$	355	\$	355	\$		\$	262
52 mph	\$ 330	\$	330	\$	330	\$	330	_	360	\$ 30		\$	360	\$	360	\$	360	\$	360	\$		\$	264
53 mph	\$ 335	\$	335	\$	335	\$	335	-	365	\$ 30	-	\$	365	\$	365	\$	365	\$	365	\$		\$	266
54 mph	\$ 340	\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	\$	370	\$ 3	Street, or other Designation of the last o	\$	370	\$	370	\$	370	\$	370	\$		\$	268
55 mph	\$ 345	5	345	5	345	\$	345	\$	375	\$ 3	5	\$	375	\$	375	\$	375	\$	375	\$	185	\$	270

				Senoth C	Tolly Medical
Car Collins			LESSON NO.	RESOLUTION	The Park of the
nless a great	er fine wou	ld be applicab	le.	arm the Model and	
ss a greater fi	ine would b	e applicable.		and the second	
					1
	ss a greater f	ss a greater fine would b	ss a greater fine would be applicable.	inless a greater fine would be applicable. ss a greater fine would be applicable. 9 points 10 points 12 points 15 points	ss a greater fine would be applicable.

							CURREI	NT F	EE SCH	EDU	JLES								
Speed Zones	25		35		45	7	50		55		60		65		70	7	5	8	30
Speeds		Tree	3	9-06	.1-06 (4)					39-06.1	L-06 ((5)		3	9-06.:	1-06 (7)	
55 mph	\$ 55	\$	25	\$	10	\$	5	N/	A	N/	Ά	N/A		N/A	1 2 1 2	N/A		N/A	
65 mph	\$ 85	\$	55	\$	25	\$	15	\$	10	\$	10	N/A		N/A	-	N/A		N/A	
70 mph	\$ 100	\$	70	\$	40	\$	25	\$	15	\$	20	\$	10	N/A	-	N/A		N/A	
80 mph	\$ 150	\$	100	\$	70	\$	55	\$	40	\$	70	\$	45	\$	50	\$	25	N/A	
90 mph	\$ 200	\$	150	\$	100	\$	85	\$	70	\$	120	\$	95	\$	100	\$	75	\$	50
100 mph	\$ 250	\$	200	\$	150	\$	125	\$	100	\$	170	\$	145	\$	150	\$	125	\$	100

						ffbank,			Pro	oosal B				er di torre			1 31	John H.		
				3:	9-06	5.1-06 (4)	gun en				39-06.1	L-06	(5)	4/4	3:	9-06.	1-06 (7)	
Speed Zones		25		35		45		50		55		60		65	10	70		75		30
Speeds					Ti.	+ \$100	at	21 + mp	oh o	ver				N. I	PAGE	+ 100%	6 at 1	6 + m	ph ov	/er
55 mph	\$ 155 \$ 25 \$			10	\$	5	N/	4	N/	A	N/	A	N/A		N/A	ALC: NAME OF PERSONS ASSESSED.	N/A			
65 mph	\$	185				25	\$	15	\$	10	5	10	N/		N/A		N/A		N/A	
70 mph	\$	200	\$	170	\$	140	\$	25	\$	15	\$	20	\$	10	N/A		N/A		N/A	
80 mph	\$	250	\$	200	\$	170	\$	155	\$	140	\$	70	\$	45	5	50	\$	25	N/A	
90 mph	\$	300	\$	250	\$	200	\$	185	\$	170	\$	220	\$	195	\$	200	\$	75	Ċ	50
100 mph	\$	350	\$	300	\$	250	\$	225	\$	200	\$	270	\$	245	\$	250	\$	200		

								7	rop	osal B.	1							Part of		
						3	9-0	6.1-06 (5)							3	9-06	.1-06 (7)	
Speed Zones		25		35		45		50		55		60		65		70		75		80
Speeds						+ \$100	at	21 + mp	oh o	ver	Mill	Alaka				+ \$100) at 1	6 + mi	oh ov	/er
55 mph	\$ 220 \$ 70 \$ 2			20	\$	10	N/	A	N/	A	N/	4	N/		N/A		N/A			
65 mph	\$	270			70	\$	45	\$	20	\$	10	N/		N/		N/A		N/A		
70 mph	\$	295	\$	245	\$	195	\$	70	\$	45	\$	20	\$	10	N/		N/A		N/A	
80 mph	\$ 345 \$ 295 \$		245	\$	220	\$	195	\$	70	\$	45	\$	50	\$	25	N/A				
90 mph	\$	395	\$	345	\$			270	\$	245	\$	220	\$	195	\$	200	\$	75	\$	50
100 mph	\$	445	\$	395 \$ 345			\$	320	\$	295	\$	270	\$	245	\$	250	\$	225	\$	200

					Big			I	rop	osal B.	2						NAME OF	CALL THE		
				39-06.	1-06	(5)								39-06.	1-06	(7)				
Speed Zones		25		35		45		50		55		60		65		70	7	75	8	30
Speeds							er						- \$10	00 at 16	+ m	vo da	er		No Mail	
55 mph	\$	220	\$	70	\$	20	\$	10	N/	Д	N/		N/		N/A		N/A	e San	N/A	
65 mph	\$	270	\$	220	\$	70	\$	45	Ś	50	\$	25	N/		N/A		N/A		N/A	
70 mph	\$	295	\$	245	\$	195	\$	70	Ś	75	\$	50	\$	25	N/A		N/A		N/A	
80 mph	\$	345	\$	295	\$	245	\$	220	\$	225	\$	200	\$	75	\$	50	\$	25	N/A	
90 mph	\$	395	\$	345	\$	295	\$	270	\$	275	\$	250	\$	225	\$	200	\$	75		50
100 mph	\$	445	\$	395	\$	345	\$	320	\$	325	\$	300	\$	275	\$	250	\$	225	\$	200

North Dakota Speeding Current Fee Schedules

Speed Limit	mph one	mph one	mph one	mph one		mph one		mph	mph		mph one	100	mph		mph one
Zones	- 1 1 60% 61		- 11	Rece, salverance		200,000					one		one		one
MPH Over	ine	ine	ine	ine	9.45	ine		ine	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine
1 mph	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	2	\$ 2	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5
2 mph	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	4	\$ 4	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10
3 mph	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	6	\$ 6	\$	15	\$	15	S	15
4 mph	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	8	\$ 8	\$	20	\$	20	\$	2.0
5 mph	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	10	\$ 10	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25
6 mph	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$	6	\$	12	\$ 12	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30
7 mph	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$	7	\$	14	\$ 14	\$	35	\$	35	5	35
8 mph	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$	8	\$	16	\$ 16	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40
9 mph	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$	9	\$	18	\$ 18	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45
10 mph	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	20	\$ 20	\$	50	\$	50	S	50
11 mph	\$ 11	\$ 11	\$ 11	\$ 11	\$	11	\$	25	\$ 25	\$	55	\$	55	5	55
12 mph	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$	12	\$	30	\$ 30	\$	60	\$	60	S	60
13 mph	13	\$ 13	\$ 13	\$ 13	\$	13	\$	35	\$ 35	\$	65	\$	65	S	65
14 mph	\$ 14	\$ 14	\$ 14	\$ 14	\$	14	\$	40	\$ 40	\$	70	\$	70	S	70
15 mph	15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$	15	\$	45	\$ 45	\$	75	\$	75	ş	75
16 mph	\$ 17	\$ 17	\$ 17	\$ 17	\$	17	\$	50	\$ 50	\$	80	\$	80	5	80
17 mph	\$ 19	\$ 19	\$ 19	\$ 55	\$	19	\$	55	\$ 55	\$	85	\$	85	5	85
18 mph	21	\$ 21	\$ 21	\$ 60	\$	21	\$	60	\$ 60	\$	90	\$	90	\$	90
19 mph 20 mph	\$ 23	\$ 23	\$ 23	\$ 65	\$	23	\$	65	\$ 65	\$	95	\$	95	\$	95
	\$	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$	25	\$	70	\$ 70	\$	100	\$	100	5	100
21 mph	\$ 28	\$ 28 31	\$ 28	\$ 28	\$	28	\$	75	\$ 75	\$	105	\$	105	\$	105
22 mph 23 mph	\$ 34	\$ 34	\$ 31	\$ 31	\$	31	\$	80	\$ 80	\$	110	\$	110	5	110
24 mph	\$ 37	\$ 37	\$ 37	\$ 34	\$	34		85	\$ 85	\$	115	\$	115	\$	115
25 mph	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$	\$	\$	37	\$	90	\$ 90	\$	120	\$	120	\$	120
26 mph	\$ 43	\$ 43	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$	40	\$	95	\$ 95	\$	125	\$	125	3	125
	\$ 46	\$ Constitution of the last	\$ -	\$	\$		100	100	\$ 100	the state of	130	\$	130	S	130
27 mph 28 mph	\$ 49	\$ 46	\$ 46	\$ 46	\$	46	\$	105	\$ 105	\$	135	\$	135	\$	135
29 mph	\$ 52	\$ 52	\$ 52	\$ 52	\$	52	\$	115	\$ 115	\$	145	\$	145	\$	140
30 mph	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$	55	\$	120	\$ 120	\$	150	\$	150	5	150
31 mph	\$ 58	\$ 58	\$ 58	\$ 58	\$	58	\$	125	\$ 125	\$	155	\$	155	s	155
32 mph	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$	61	\$	130	\$ 130	\$	160	\$	160	5	160
33 mph	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$	64	\$	135	\$ 135	\$	165	\$	165	\$	165
34 mph	\$ 67	\$ 67	\$ 67	\$ 67	\$	67	\$	140	\$ 140	\$	170	\$	170	\$	170
35 mph	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$	70	\$	145	\$ 145	\$	175	\$	175	Ş	175
36 mph	\$ 73	\$ 73	\$ 73	\$ 73	\$	73	\$	150	\$ 150	\$	180	\$	180	ş	180
37 mph	\$ 76	\$ 76	\$ 76	\$ 76	\$	76	\$	155	\$ 155	\$	185	\$	185	ş	185
38 mph	\$ 79	\$ 79	\$ 79	\$ 79	\$	79	\$	160	\$ 160	\$	190	\$	190	5	190
39 mph	\$ 82	\$ 82	\$ 82	\$ 82	\$	82	\$	165	\$ 165	\$	195	\$	195	s	195
40 mph	\$ 85	\$ 85	\$ 85	\$ 85	\$	85	\$	170	\$ 170	\$	200	\$	200	S	200
41 mph	\$ 88	\$ 88	\$ 88	\$ 88	\$	88	\$	175	\$ 175	\$	205	\$	205	s	205
42 mph	\$ 91	\$ 91	\$ 91	\$ 91	\$	91	\$	180	\$ 180	\$	210	\$	210	s	210
43 mph	\$ 94	\$ 94	\$ 94	\$ 94	\$	94	\$	185	\$ 185	\$	215	\$	215	s	215
44 mph	\$ 97	\$ 97	\$ 97	\$ 97	\$	97	\$	190	\$ 190	\$	220	\$	220	5	220
45 mph	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$	100	\$	195	\$ 195	\$	225	\$	225	5	225
46 mph	\$ 105	\$ 105	\$ 105	\$ 105	\$	105	\$	200	\$ 200	\$	230	\$	230	s	230
47 mph	\$ 110	\$ 110	\$ 110	\$ 110	\$	110	\$	205	\$ 205	\$	235	\$	235	s	235
48 mph	\$ 115	\$ 115	\$ 115	\$ 115	\$	115	\$	210	\$ 210	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240
49 mph	\$ 120	\$ 120	\$ 120	\$ 120	\$	120	\$	215	\$ 215	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245
50 mph	\$ 125	\$ 125	\$ 125	\$ 125	\$	125	\$	220	\$ 220	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250
51 mph	\$ 130	\$ 130	\$ 130	\$ 130	\$	130	\$	225	\$ 225	\$	255	\$	255	\$	255
52 mph	\$ 135	\$ 135	\$ 135	\$ 135	\$	135	\$	230	\$ 230	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260
53 mph	\$ 140	\$ 140	\$ 140	\$ 140	\$	140	\$	235	\$ 235	\$	265	\$	265	\$	265
54 mph	\$ 145	\$ 145	\$ 145	\$ 145	\$	145	\$	240	\$ 240	\$	270	\$	270	5	270
55 mph	\$ 150	\$ 150	\$ 150	\$ 150	\$	150	\$	245	\$ 245	\$	275	\$	275	\$	275

SB 2168 Fee Schedules Proposal B

Speed Limit Zones	1000	mph one		mph one		mph one	Lucio Contraction of the Contrac	mph one	-	mph		mph one	-	mph one		mph one		mph	1000	mph one		Schoo zone with childre	ol	zo w	ion ion one ith rkers
MPH Ove	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	1	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine		Fine			ne
1 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	2	\$	2	\$	5	\$	5	5	5			0	\$	80
2 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	4	\$	4	\$	10	\$	10	S	10				\$	80
3 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	6	\$	6	\$	15	\$	15	S	15	1		_	\$	80
	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	8	\$	8	\$	20	\$	20	5	20				\$	80
4 mph	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	10	\$	10	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25		September 1912 and		\$	80
5 mph	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$					\$	80
6 mph	-				-		_		_			12		12	_	30	-	30		30		The second second	0	-	-
7 mph	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	7	\$	14	\$	14	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35		-	-	\$	80
8 mph	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	16	\$	16	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40		-	-	\$	80
9 mph	\$	9	\$	9	\$	9	\$	9	\$	9	\$	18	\$	18	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	-			\$	80
10 mph	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	20	\$	20	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	-			\$	80
11 mph	\$	11	\$	11	\$	11	\$	11	\$	11	\$	25	\$	25	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55		THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	-	\$	82
12 mph	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	30	\$	30	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60		-		\$	84
13 mph	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	13	\$	35	\$	35	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65			_	\$	86
14 mph	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	40	\$	40	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70				\$	88
15 mph	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	15	\$	45	\$	45	\$	75	\$	75	\$	75		Name and Address of the Owner, where		\$	90
16 mph	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	17	\$	50	\$	50	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180				\$	92
17 mph	\$	19	\$	19	\$	19	\$	55	\$	19	\$	55	\$	55	\$	185	\$	185	\$	185	-			\$	94
18 mph	\$	21	\$	21	\$	21	\$	60	\$	21	\$	60	\$	60	\$	190	\$	190	\$	190				\$	96
19 mph	\$	23	\$	23	\$	23	\$	65	\$	23	\$	65	\$	65	\$	195	\$	195	\$	195	The second second		9	\$	98
20 mph	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	70	\$	70	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200		\$ 5	0	\$	100
21 mph	\$	128	\$	128	\$	128	\$	128	\$	128	\$	175	\$	175	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205		\$ 15	1	\$	202
22 mph	\$	131	\$	131	\$	131	\$	131	\$	131	\$	180	\$	180	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210		\$ 15	2	\$	204
23 mph	\$	134	\$	134	\$	134	\$	134	\$	134	\$	185	\$	185	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215		\$ 15	3	\$	206
24 mph	\$	137	\$	137	\$	137	\$	137	\$	137	\$	190	\$	190	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220		\$ 15	4	\$	208
25 mph	\$	140	\$	140	\$	140	\$	140	\$	140	\$	195	\$	195	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225		\$ 15	5	\$	210
26 mph	\$	143	\$	143	\$	143	\$	143	\$	143	\$	200	\$	200	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230		\$ 15	6	\$	212
27 mph	\$	146	\$	146	\$	146	\$	146	\$	146	\$	205	\$	205	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235		\$ 15	7	\$	214
28 mph	\$	149	\$	149	\$	149	\$	149	\$	149	\$	210	\$	210	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240		\$ 15		\$	216
29 mph	\$	152	\$	152	\$	152	\$	152	\$	152	\$	215	Ś	215	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245		\$ 15	-	\$	218
30 mph	\$	155	\$	155	\$	155	\$	155	\$	155	\$	220	\$	220	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250		\$ 16	_	\$	220
31 mph	\$	158	\$	158	\$	158	\$	158	\$	158	\$	225	\$	225	\$	255	\$	255	\$	255		\$ 16	-	\$	222
32 mph	\$	161	\$	161	\$	161	Ś	161	\$	161	\$	230	\$	230	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260		\$ 16		\$	224
33 mph	\$	164	\$	164	\$	164	\$	164	\$	164	\$	235	\$	235	\$	265	\$	265	\$	265		\$ 16		\$	226
34 mph	\$	167	\$	167	\$	167	\$	167	\$	167	\$	240	\$	240	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270		\$ 16	-	\$	228
35 mph	\$	170	\$	170	\$	170	\$	170	\$	170	\$	245	\$	245	\$	275	\$	275	\$	275		\$ 16		\$	230
36 mph	\$	173	\$	173	\$	173	\$	173	\$	173	\$	250	\$	250	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280		\$ 16		\$	232
37 mph	\$	176	\$	176	\$	176	\$	176	\$	176	\$	255	\$	255	\$	285	\$	285	\$	285		\$ 16	_	\$	234
38 mph	\$	179	\$	179	\$	179	\$	179	\$	179	\$	260	\$	260	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290		\$ 16		\$	236
39 mph	\$	182	\$	182	\$	182	\$	182	\$	182	\$	265	\$	265	\$	295	\$	295	\$	295		\$ 16		-	-
40 mph	\$	185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	270	\$	270	\$		\$	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	-	No.			-	\$	238
41 mph	\$	188	\$	188	\$	188	\$	188			\$			275		300	No.	300	\$	300		\$ 17		\$	240
42 mph	\$	191	\$	191		191	\$	191	\$	188		275	\$		\$		\$	305	\$	305		\$ 17		\$	242
THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA	1741		\$		\$		\$	_	\$	191	\$	280	\$	280	\$	310	\$	310	\$	310		\$ 17	100	\$	244
43 mph	\$	194	_	194	\$	194	_	194	\$	194	\$	285	\$	285	\$	315	\$	315	\$	315	_	\$ 17	-	\$	246
44 mph	\$	197	\$	197	\$	197	\$	197	\$	197	\$	290	\$	290	\$	320	\$	320	\$	320		\$ 17	_	\$	248
45 mph	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	295	\$	295	\$	325	\$	325	\$	325		\$ 17		\$	250
46 mph	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	300	\$	300	\$	330	\$	330	\$	330	100	\$ 17	-	\$	252
47 mph	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	305	\$	305	\$	335	\$	335	\$	335		\$ 17	- Company	\$	254
48 mph	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	310	\$	310	\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	_	\$ 17	-	\$	256
49 mph	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	315	\$	315	\$	345	\$	345	\$	345		\$ 17		\$	258
50 mph	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	320	\$	320	\$	350	\$	350	\$	350		\$ 18	-	\$	260
51 mph	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	325	\$	325	\$	355	\$	355	\$	355	1000	\$ 18		\$	262
52 mph	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	330	\$	330	\$	360	\$	360	\$	360		\$ 18	2	\$	264
53 mph	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	335	\$	335	\$	365	\$	365	\$	365		\$ 18	3	\$	266
54 mph	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245	\$	340	\$	340	\$	370	\$	370	\$	370	Name and Address of the Owner, where	\$ 18		\$	268
55 mph	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	345	\$	345	\$	375	\$	375	\$	375		\$ 18	5	\$	270

^{+\$100} at 16 + mph over

^{+\$100} at 21 + mph over

SB 2168 Fee Schedules Proposal B.1

Speed Limit Zones	zone zone		10.00		mph		mph one		mph one	1000	mph one	100	mph		mph	mph) mph zone		ool zone with iildren	zo	struction ne with orkers	
MPH Over	Fi	ne	F	ine	F	ine	F	ine	F	Fine	F	ine	F	ine		Fine	Fine		Fine		Fine		Fine
1 mph	8	2	5	2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	5	\$ 5	Ś	5	\$	40	\$	80
2 mph	5	4	\$	4	\$	4	\$	4	\$	4	\$	4	\$	4	\$	10	\$ 10	S	10	\$	40	\$	80
3 mph	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	15	\$ 15	\$	15.	\$	40	\$	80
4 mph	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	20	\$ 20	5	20	s	40	\$	80
5 mph	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	10	\$	25	\$ 25	Š	25	\$	40	\$	80
6 mph	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	30	\$ 30	\$	30	\$	40	\$	80
7 mph	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14	\$	35	\$ 35	Ś	35	\$	40	\$	80
8 mph	\$	16	\$	16	\$	16	\$	16	\$	16	\$	16	\$	16	\$	40	\$ 40	s	40	\$	40	\$	80
9 mph	\$	18	\$	18	\$	18	\$	18	\$	18	\$	18	\$	18	\$	45	\$ 45	s	45	\$	40	\$	80
10 mph	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	20	\$	50	\$ 50	s	50	\$	40	\$	80
11 mph	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25	\$	55	\$ 55	s	55	\$	41	\$	82
12 mph	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	60	\$ 60	s	60	\$	42	\$	84
13 mph	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	35	\$	65	\$ 65	s	65	\$	43	\$	86
14 mph	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	40	\$	70	\$ 70	\$	70	\$	44	\$	88
15 mph	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	75	\$ 75	s	75	\$	45	\$	90
16 mph	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	180	\$ 180	\$	180	\$	46	\$	92
17 mph	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	55	\$	185	\$ 185	\$	185	\$	47	\$	94
18 mph	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	60	\$	190	\$ 190	\$	190	\$	48	\$	96
19 mph	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	65	\$	195	\$ 195	\$	195	\$	49	\$	98
20 mph	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	70	\$	200	\$ 200	\$	200	\$	50	\$	100
21 mph	\$ 1	175	\$	175	\$	175	\$	175	\$	175	100	175	\$	175	Ś	205	\$ 205	\$	205	\$	151	\$	202
22 mph	\$ 1	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180	\$	180	100	180	\$	180	\$	210	\$ 210	\$	210	\$	152	\$	204
23 mph	\$ 1	185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	185	\$	185		185	\$	185	\$	215	\$ 215	\$	215	\$	153	\$	206
24 mph	\$ 1	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	190	\$	220	\$ 220	\$	220	\$	154	\$	208
25 mph	\$ 1	195	\$	195	\$	195	\$	195	\$	195	\$	195	\$	195	\$	225	\$ 225	\$	225	\$	155	\$	210
26 mph	\$ 7	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	200	\$	230	\$ 230	\$	230	\$	156	\$	212
27 mph	\$ 2	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	205	\$	235	\$ 235	\$	235	\$	157	\$	214
28 mph	\$ 2	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	210	\$	240	\$ 240	\$	240	\$	158	\$	216
29 mph	\$ 2	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	215	\$	245	\$ 245	\$	245	\$	159	\$	218
30 mph	\$ 2	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	220	\$	250	\$ 250	\$	250	\$	160	\$	220
31 mph	\$ 2	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	225	\$	255	\$ 255	\$	255	\$	161	\$	222
32 mph	\$ 2	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	230	\$	260	\$ 260	\$	260	\$	162	\$	224
33 mph	\$ 2	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	265	\$ 265	\$	265	\$	163	\$	226
34 mph	\$ 2	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	240	\$	270	\$ 270	\$	270	\$	164	\$	228
35 mph	\$ 2	245	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245	\$	245	\$	275	\$ 275	\$	275	\$	165	\$	230
36 mph	\$ 2	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$	280	\$ 280	\$	280	\$	166	\$	232
37 mph	\$ 2	255	\$	255	\$	255	\$	255	\$	255	\$	255	\$	255	\$	285	\$ 285	\$	285	\$	167	\$	234
38 mph	\$ 2	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	260	\$	290	\$ 290	\$	290	\$	168	\$	236
39 mph	\$ 2	265	\$	265	\$	265	\$	265	\$	265	\$	265	\$	265	\$	295	\$ 295	\$	295	\$	169	\$	238
40 mph	\$ 2	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	270	\$	300	\$ 300	\$	300	\$	170	\$	240
41 mph	\$ 2	275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	275	\$	305	\$ 305	\$	305	\$	171	\$	242
42 mph	\$ 2	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$	280	\$	310	\$ 310	\$	310	\$	172	\$	244
43 mph	\$ 2		\$	285	\$	285	\$	285	\$	285	_	285	\$	285	\$	315	\$ 315	\$	315	\$	173	\$	246
44 mph	\$ 2		\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	\$	290	-	290	\$	290	\$	320	\$ 320		320	\$	174	\$	248
45 mph	\$ 2		\$	295	\$	295	\$	295	\$	295	-	295	\$	295	\$	325	\$ 325	1	325	\$	175	\$	250
46 mph	\$ 3		\$	300	\$	300	\$	300	\$	300		300	\$	300	\$	330	\$ 330	1	330	\$	176	\$	252
47 mph	\$ 3		\$	305	\$	305	\$	305	\$	305	_	305	\$	305	\$	335	\$ 335	\$	335	\$	177	\$	254
48 mph	\$ 3		\$	310	\$	310	\$	310	\$	310		310	\$	310	\$	340	\$ 340	\$	340	\$	178	\$	256
49 mph	\$ 3		\$	315	\$	315	\$	315	\$	315		315	\$	315	\$	345	\$ 345	100	345	\$	179	\$	258
50 mph	\$ 3		\$	320	\$	320	\$	320	\$	320	_	320	\$	320	\$	350	\$ 350		350	\$	180	\$	260
51 mph	\$ 3	_	\$	325	\$	325	\$	325	\$	325		325	\$	325	\$	355	\$ 355	\$	355	\$	181	\$	262
52 mph	\$ 3		\$	330	\$	330	\$	330	\$	330	-	330	\$	330	\$	360	\$ 360	No.	360	\$	182	\$	264
53 mph	\$ 3		\$	335	\$	335	\$	335	\$	335	_	335	\$	335	\$	365	\$ 365	\$	365	\$	183	\$	266
54 mph	\$ 3		\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	_	340	\$	340	\$	370	\$ 370	\$	370	\$	184	\$	268
55 mph	\$ 3	345	\$	345	\$	345	\$	345	\$	345	\$	345	\$	345	\$	375	\$ 375	\$	375	\$	185	\$	270

SB 2168 Fee Schedules Proposal B.2

Speed Limit Zones	nit 25 mph zone zone		45 mph zone		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		La Contraction of the		50 mph zone	55 mph zone	60 mph zone	65 mph zone	70 mp		75 mph zone		mph		ool zone with ildren	zon	struction ne with orkers
MPH Over	Fine	Fine	Fin	e	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine		Fine		Fine		Fine		Fine				
1 mph	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$	2	\$ 2	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$	5	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	40	\$	80				
2 mph	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$	4	\$ 4	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$	10	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	40	\$	80				
3 mph	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$	6	\$ 6	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15		15	\$ 15	Ś	15	\$	40	\$	80				
4 mph	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$	8	\$ 8	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 20		20	\$ 20	\$	20	\$	40	\$	80				
5 mph	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$	10	\$ 10	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 25		25	\$ 25	Ś	25	\$	40	\$	80				
6 mph	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$	12	\$ 12	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 30		30	\$ 30	s	30	\$	40	\$	80				
7 mph	\$ 14	\$ 14	\$	14	\$ 14	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35		35	\$ 35	s	35	\$	40	\$	80				
8 mph	\$ 16	\$ 16	\$	16	\$ 16	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$ 40		40	\$ 40	s	40	\$	40	\$	80				
9 mph	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$	18	\$ 18	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 45	-	45	\$ 45	Š	45	\$	40	\$	80				
10 mph	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$	20	\$ 20	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50		50	\$ 50	Š	50	\$	40	\$	80				
11 mph	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$	25	\$ 25	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 55		55	\$ 55	Ś	55	\$	41	\$	82				
12 mph	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$	30	\$ 30	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$ 60		60	\$ 60	s	60	\$	42	\$	84				
13 mph	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$	35	\$ 35	\$ 65	\$ 65	\$ 65	-	65	\$ 65	Š	65	\$	43	\$	86				
14 mph	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$	40	\$ 40	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70		70	\$ 70	S	70	\$	44	\$	88				
15 mph	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$	45	\$ 45	\$ 75	\$ 75	\$ 75		75	\$ 75	S	75	\$	45	\$	90				
16 mph	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$	50	\$ 50	\$ 180	\$ 180	\$ 180		80	\$ 180	\$	180	\$	45	\$	92				
17 mph	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$	55	\$ 55	distance of the latest of the	\$ 185	\$ 185	The second second	85	\$ 185	\$	185	\$	47	\$	94				
18 mph	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$	60	\$ 60		\$ 190	\$ 190		90	\$ 190	\$	190	\$	48	\$	96				
19 mph	\$ 65	\$ 65	\$	65	\$ 65	All the second s	\$ 195	\$ 195		95	\$ 195	\$	195	\$	49	\$	98				
20 mph	\$ 70	\$ 70		70			\$ 200			00	\$ 200	\$	200	\$	50	\$	100				
	\$ 175		\$	175	-					The same of	\$ 205	\$	205	\$	151	\$	202				
21 mph										05			210		152	\$					
22 mph	\$ 180	\$ 180	-	180	\$ 180	\$ 210 \$ 215	\$ 210			10	\$ 210	\$		\$	The second division of		204				
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26 mph	\$ 200	\$ 200		200	\$ 200	\$ 230	\$ 230	\$ 230		30	\$ 230	\$	230	\$	156	\$	212				
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28 mph	\$ 215	\$ 210 \$ 215		210	\$ 210 \$ 215	\$ 240 \$ 245	\$ 240	\$ 240	-	40	\$ 240	\$	240	\$	158	\$	216				
29 mph						The second second		\$ 245		45	\$ 245	\$	245	\$	159	\$	218				
30 mph	\$ 220	\$ 220		220	\$ 220	\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ 250		50	\$ 250	\$	250	\$	160	\$	220				
31 mph	\$ 225	\$ 225		225	\$ 225	\$ 255	\$ 255	\$ 255		55	\$ 255	\$	255	\$	161	\$	222				
32 mph	\$ 230	\$ 230		230	\$ 230	\$ 260	\$ 260	\$ 260		60	\$ 260	\$	260	\$	162	\$	224				
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45 mph	\$ 290	\$ 290 \$ 295		290	\$ 290		\$ 320	\$ 320		20	\$ 320	\$	320	\$	174	\$	248				
46 mph	\$ 300	\$ 300		295	\$ 295	The second second	\$ 325	\$ 325	The second second	25	\$ 325	\$	325	\$	175	\$	250				
47 mph	\$ 305	\$ 305		300	\$ 300	\$ 330	\$ 330	\$ 330		30	\$ 330	\$	330	\$	176	\$	252				
48 mph	\$ 310	\$ 305	1	305	\$ 305	\$ 335	The second secon	\$ 335		35	\$ 335	\$	335	\$ 6	177	\$	254				
	\$ 315			310	\$ 310	\$ 340	\$ 340	\$ 340	-	40	\$ 340	\$	340	\$	178	\$	256				
49 mph	The second second	\$ 315		315	\$ 315		\$ 345	\$ 345	The second second	45	\$ 345	\$	345	\$	179	\$	258				
50 mph	\$ 320	\$ 320		320	\$ 320	\$ 350	\$ 350	\$ 350		50	\$ 350	\$	350	\$	180	\$	260				
51 mph	\$ 325	\$ 325	1000	325	\$ 325		\$ 355	\$ 355	The second second	55	\$ 355	\$	355	\$	181	\$	262				
52 mph	\$ 330	\$ 330		330	\$ 330	-	\$ 360	\$ 360		60	\$ 360	\$	360	\$	182	\$	264				
53 mph	\$ 335	\$ 335		335	\$ 335		\$ 365	\$ 365		65	\$ 365	\$	365	\$	183	\$	266				
54 mph	\$ 340	\$ 340		340	\$ 340	The second second	\$ 370	\$ 370		70	\$ 370	\$	370	\$	184	\$	268				
55 mph	\$ 345	\$ 345	\$	345	\$ 345	\$ 375	\$ 375	\$ 375	\$ 3	75	\$ 375	\$	375	\$	185	\$	270				

+\$100 at 16 + mph over

+\$100 at 21 + mph over

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO House Bill No. 2168

Page 1, after line 5 add "**Section 1. AMENDMENT**. Section 39-06.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-06.1-06. Amount of statutory fees.

The fees required for a noncriminal disposition under section 39-06.1-02 or 39-06.1-03 must be as follows:

- 1. For a nonmoving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-08, a fee of twenty dollars except for a violation of any traffic parking regulation on any state charitable or penal institution property or on the state capitol grounds, a fee in the amount of five dollars, excluding a violation of subsection 11 of section 39-01-15.
- 2. For a moving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-09, a fee of twenty dollars, except for:
 - a. A violation of section 39-10-26, 39-10-26.2, 39-10-41, or 39-10-42, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - b. A violation of section 39-10-05 involving failure to yield to a pedestrian or subsection 1 of section 39-10-28, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - c. A violation of section 39-21-41.2, a fee of twenty-five dollars.
 - d. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-12-02, section 39-08-23, or section 39-08-25, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - e. A violation of subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 39-12-04, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - f. A violation of subsection 6 of section 39-04-37, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - g. A violation of subsection 2 of section 39-10-21.1, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
 - h. A violation of section 39-10-59, a fee of five hundred dollars.
 - i. A violation of section 39-09-01, a fee of thirty dollars.
 - j. A violation of section 39-09-01.1, a fee of thirty dollars.
 - k. A violation of section 39-10-46 or 39-10-46.1, a fee of one hundred dollars.

- I. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-08-20, one hundred fifty dollars for a first violation and three hundred dollars for a second or subsequent violation in three years.
- m. A violation of section 39-10-24 or 39-10-44, a fee of forty dollars.
- n. A violation of section 39-10-50.1, a fee of fifty dollars.
- o. A violation of section 39-19-03, a fee of fifty dollars.
- 3. For a violation of section 39-21-44 or a rule adopted under that section, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
- 4. Except as provided in subsections 5 and 7, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over	
lawful speed limit	Fee
1-5	\$5
6-10	\$ 5 plus \$1/each mph over 5 mph over limit
11 - 15	\$ 10 plus \$1/each mph over 10 mph over limit
16 - 20	\$ 15 plus \$2/each mph over 15 mph over limit
21 - 25	\$ 25 plus \$3/each mph over 20 mph over limit
26 - 35	\$ 40 plus \$3/each mph over 25 mph over limit
36 - 45	\$ 70 plus \$3/each mph over 35 mph over limit
46 +	\$100 plus \$5/each mph over 45 mph over limit

5. <u>4.</u> On a highway on which the speed limit is a speed higher than fifty-of sixty-five miles [88.51 kilometers] an hour and lower, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over	
lawful speed limit	Fee
1 - 10	\$2/each mph over limit
11 +	\$20 plus \$5/each mph over 10 mph over limit

- 6. <u>5.</u> For a violation of section 39-06.2-10.9 or subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, a fee established as follows:
 - a. Driving more than eleven hours since the last ten hours off duty, driving after fourteen hours on duty since the last ten hours off duty, driving after sixty hours on duty in seven days or seventy hours in eight days, no record of duty status or log book in possession, failing to retain previous seven-day record of duty status or log book, or operating a vehicle with four to six out-of-service defects, one hundred dollars;

- b. False record of duty status or log book or operating a vehicle with seven to nine out-of-service defects, two hundred fifty dollars;
- c. Operating a vehicle after driver placed out of service, operating a vehicle with ten or more out-of-service defects, or operating a vehicle that has been placed out of service prior to its repair, five hundred dollars; and
- d. All other violations of motor carrier safety rules adopted under subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, fifty dollars.
- 7. 6. On a highway on which the speed limit is posted in excess of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or equivalent ordinance, a fee of five dollars for each mile per hour over the limit.
- 8. 7. For a violation of a school zone speed limit under subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, a fee of forty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and forty dollars, plus one dollar for each additional mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section.
- 9. 8. For a violation of a highway construction zone speed limit under subsection 2 of section 39-09-02, a fee of eighty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and eighty dollars plus two dollars for each mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit, unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section. The fee in this subsection does not apply to a highway construction zone unless individuals engaged in construction are present at the time and place of the violation and the posted speed limit sign states "Minimum Fee \$80"."

Page 1, line 6, after "SECTION", replace "1" with "2"

Page 1, line 8, after "4,", remove "5,"

Page 1, line 8 replace "7, 8, and 9" with "6, 7, and 8"

Page 1, line 9, after "more" add "in a speed zone of less than seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour

Page 1, line 10, after "hundred" replace "percent" with "dollars"

Page 1, line 10 after "percent." add "If a violation of subsection 6 is for exceeding the speed limit by sixteen miles [25.74 kilometers] an hour or more in a speed zone of seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour or greater, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars."

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO.

Introduced by

Senators

Representatives

A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 39-21-41.4 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to safety belt usage;

and to provide a penalty.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 39-21-41.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is

amended and reenacted as follows:

39-21-41.4. Use of safety belts required in certain motor vehicles - Enforcement -

- Subject to the limitations of this section and section 39-21-41.5, a driver may not operate upon a highway a motor vehicle designed for carrying fewer than eleven passengers, which was originally manufactured with safety belts unless each front-seat occupant is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened safety belt.
- 2. This section does not apply to a child in a child restraint or safety belt in accordance with section 39-21-41.2; to drivers of implements of husbandry; to operators of farm vehicles as defined in subsection 5 of section 39-04-19; to rural mail carriers while on duty delivering mail; to an occupant with a medical or physically disabling condition that prevents appropriate restraint in a safety belt, if a qualified physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse states in a signed writing the nature of the condition and the reason restraint is inappropriate; or when all front seat safety belts are in use by other occupants. A physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who, in good faith, provides a statement that restraint would be inappropriate is not subject to civil liability.

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Evidence.

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly

1	3. The use or nonuse of a safety belt:
2	 a. May not be used in any action as evidence of fault;
3	b. Is not, in itself, evidence of negligence; and
4	 Is not admissible in any proceedings other than one charging the violation.
5	 The fee imposed for a violation of this section must be issued to:
6	a. The driver if the violation is by the driver or a passenger who is a minor; or
7	b. The adult passenger if the violation was by an adult passenger.

Koppelman, Ben

From:

Solberg, Col. Brandon J.

 bjsolberg@nd.gov>

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 2023 6:04 PM

To:

Koppelman, Ben

Cc: Subject: Kadrmas, Sgt. Wade R. House Transportation Subcommittee Follow-Up

Attachments:

HB 1193.pdf; Variable Speed Limit Proposal.docx

Hello Representative Koppelman,

I wanted to share a few notes below as you finalize SB 2168 and SB 2169 in your subcommittee. I'll carbon copy Sgt. Wade Kadrmas to keep him in the loop.

Variable Speed Limits

As we discussed, commercial motor vehicle traffic is one of the biggest issues when trying to keep roads open. One jackknifed CMV can back up traffic and cause road closures. One option would be to explore restricting CMV traffic during storms as we currently do for oversize loads, but another option would be to install variable speed limits similar to Wyoming to try to control the speed of all traffic.

Attached is some proposed language that could help clean up authority to implement variable speed limits (see "Variable Speed Limit Proposal.docx"). This language may not be needed, but I said that I'd offer some sort of proposal.

The larger issue may be the costs involved to purchase and install digital signs. For example, DOT estimated that it would cost \$4-5 million to transition to all digital signs along the interstate system. These signs would require power and network connections. In comparison, a rough estimate to swap out all regular speed limit signs to 80 mph could cost around \$250,000.

Road Closure Authority

We discussed the authority to close roads, and I wanted to clarify the difference between law enforcement and DOT:

- Law enforcement "may post appropriate official traffic-control devices" under 39-10-21.1 (this
 authority is more for shorter-term hazardous road conditions).
- DOT must post "suitable signs" and "barricades, fences, or other obstructions" under 24-03-05 (this
 authority is under the chapter related to road construction and maintenance and is likely for more
 longer-term closures).

North Dakota has the highest number of road miles per capita (over 106,000 miles) so it would be impossible to set up barricades at the entry points of every roadway. There isn't enough equipment to pull this off nor human resources available (e.g., law enforcement officers would be responding to calls, and snowplow operators would be treating roads).

Travel Information Map

We discussed the travel information map being a primary resource for public notifications, and I obtained the following statistics from DOT:

- Over the last 12 months (April 1, 2022, to March 30, 2023), the ND Roads website/app had:
 - o 66,994,531 page views (the times someone accessed the website)
 - 43,843,723 map views (the times someone viewed the map itself)
 - o 2,796,652 users (the number of unique users accessing the map)
- During a recent storm event from March 17-19, 2023, the ND Roads website/app had:
 - o 3,851,462 page views
 - o 2,402,315 map views
 - o 478,546 unique users

These stats show that the travel information map is extremely popular. The NDRoads Android app has been downloaded over 100,000 times, and the iOS version has been downloaded over 180,000 times.

I visited with DOT about adding county/local roads to the travel information map, and they said it is likely possible, but there are a number of factors to consider such as software costs and personnel to keep the system up-to-date for every roadway.

Seat Belt Liability

NORTH

During the subcommittee hearing today there was discussion about testimony provided by the North Dakota Association for Justice related to concerns over liability. The attachment (HB 1193.pdf) is from 2003 when an attorney from Bismarck, Dave Schweigert, brought a similar issue about negligence and fault to the legislative assembly. This bill passed and added the following language to NDCC 39-21-41.4:

• A violation for not wearing a safety belt under this section is not, in itself, evidence of negligence. The fact of a violation of this section is not admissible in any proceeding other than one charging the violation.

If I can help gather any additional information, please let me know! And thanks for allowing our agency to participate in fine-tuning these last couple of bills.

Brandon Solberg, Colonel Superintendent • (701) 328-2586 • bjsolberg@nd.gov

Be Legendary.

Highway Patrol

39-09-04. Alteration of maximum speed limits on state highways.

The maximum speed limits specified in section 39-09-02 may be altered on all or any part of the state highway system by an administrative order by the director after a public hearing has been held. Such determination must be based on engineering and traffic investigations with primary consideration given to the establishment of reasonable and safe speeds, highway conditions, enforcement, and the general welfare. Speed limits established pursuant to this section shall be effective only when appropriate signs giving notice thereof are erected and such maximum speed limits may be declared to be effective at all times or at such times as are indicated upon said signs. Differing limits may be established by the North Dakota department of transportation and North Dakota state highway patrol for different times of the day, different types of vehicles, varying weather conditions, and other factors bearing on safe speeds, which shall be effective when posted upon appropriate fixed or variable signs. An administrative order is not required to temporarily lower maximum speed limits due to unsafe conditions.

39-09-07. Speed zones on state highways.

Whenever the director with respect to highways and the superintendent of the North Dakota state highway patrol shall jointly determine upon the basis of an engineering and traffic investigation that the speed of vehicular traffic on a state highway is greater or less than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist at any intersection or other place or upon any part of such highway to include streets within the corporate limits of any city, when such streets have been designated as part of any state highway, said officials acting jointly may determine and declare a reasonable and safe speed limit thereat not in excess of the maximum prescribed by law, which shall be effective at all times or during hours of daylight or darkness or at such other times as may be determined when appropriate signs giving notice thereof are erected at such intersections or other place or part of the highway. This section does not prohibit the North Dakota department of transportation and North Dakota state highway patrol from temporarily lowering maximum speed limits due to unsafe conditions.

39-09-07.1. Speed zones - Reduction limitation.

Except for highway construction zones, no street, road, or highway in the state highway system or any other township, county, or state road or highway may be posted in a manner which reduces the maximum speed limit on the street, road, or highway by more than twenty miles [32.19 kilometers] per hour between any two signs so posted in a speed zone. Maximum speed limit reductions between any two fixed or variable signs may exceed twenty miles [32.19 kilometers] per hour when speed limits are temporarily lowered by the North Dakota department of transportation or North Dakota state highway patrol due to unsafe conditions. The maximum speed limit reduction between any two signs posted in a highway construction zone may not exceed thirty miles [48.28 kilometers] per hour.

	SB 2168
F	ee Schedules
	Proposal C

Speed Limit Zones	it 25 mph 35 mph 45 mph zone zone zone			50 mph zone	55 mph zone	60 mph zone	65 mph zone	70 mph zone	75 mph zone	80 mph zone	School zone with children	zone with workers	
MPH Over	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	Fine	
1 mph	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 40	\$ 81	
2 mph	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 40	\$ 80	
3 mph	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 6		\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 40	\$ 80	
4 mph	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ 8		\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 40	\$ 80	
5 mph	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 10		\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 40	\$ 80	
6 mph	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ 12	THE REAL PROPERTY.	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 40	\$ 80	
7 mph	\$ 14	\$ 14	\$ 14	\$ 14		\$ 14	\$ 14	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 40	\$ 80	
8 mph	\$ 16	\$ 16	\$ 16	\$ 16		\$ 16	\$ 16	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$ 80	
9 mph	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$ 18	THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 40	\$ 80	
10 mph	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 20	-	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 40	\$ 80	
11 mph	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 25	-	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 41	\$ 83	
12 mph	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 30		\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$ 42	\$ 84	
13 mph	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 35		\$ 35	\$ 35	\$ 65	\$ 65	\$ 65	\$ 43	\$ 80	
14 mph	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$ 40	\$ 40		\$ 40	\$ 40	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 44	\$ 88	
15 mph	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 45		\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 75	\$ 75	\$ 75	\$ 45	\$ 90	
16 mph	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50		\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 80	\$ 180	\$ 180	\$ 46	\$ 92	
17 mph	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 55		\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 85	\$ 185	\$ 185	\$ 47	\$ 94	
18 mph	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$ 60	-	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$ 90	\$ 190	\$ 190	5 48	\$ 96	
19 mph	\$ 65	\$ 65	\$ 65	\$ 65		\$ 65	\$ 65	\$ 95	\$ 195	\$ 195	\$ 49	\$ 98	
20 mph	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 70	-	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 100	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 50	\$ 100	
21 mph	\$ 175	\$ 175	\$ 175	\$ 175	_	\$ 175	\$ 175	\$ 205	\$ 205	\$ 205	\$ 151	\$ 202	
22 mph	\$ 180	\$ 180	\$ 180	\$ 180		\$ 180	\$ 180	\$ 210	\$ 210	\$ 210	\$ 152	\$ 204	
23 mph	\$ 185	\$ 185	\$ 185	\$ 185	\$ 185	\$ 185	\$ 185	\$ 215	\$ 215	\$ 215	\$ 153	\$ 206	
24 mph	\$ 190	\$ 190	\$ 190	\$ 190		\$ 190	\$ 190	\$ 220	\$ 220	\$ 220	\$ 154	\$ 208	
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27 mph	\$ 205	\$ 205	\$ 205	-	-	PARTICIPATION OF THE PARTICIPA	\$ 205	\$ 235	\$ 235			\$ 214	
28 mph	\$ 210	\$ 210	\$ 210	\$ 210	7	\$ 210	\$ 210	\$ 240	\$ 240	\$ 240	\$ 158	\$ 216	
29 mph	\$ 215	\$ 215	\$ 215	\$ 215	-	\$ 215	\$ 215	\$ 245	\$ 245	\$ 245	\$ 159	\$ 218	
30 mph	\$ 220	\$ 220	\$ 220	\$ 220	-	\$ 220	\$ 220	\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ 160	\$ 220	
31 mph	\$ 225	\$ 225	\$ 225	\$ 225	\$ 225	\$ 225	\$ 225	\$ 255	\$ 255	\$ 255	\$ 161	\$ 222	
32 mph	\$ 230	\$ 230	\$ 230	\$ 230	and the last of th	\$ 230	\$ 230	\$ 260	\$ 260	\$ 260	\$ 162	\$ 224	
33 mph	\$ 235	\$ 235	\$ 235	\$ 235	_	\$ 235	\$ 235	\$ 265	\$ 265	\$ 265	\$ 163	\$ 226	
34 mph	\$ 240	\$ 240	\$ 240	\$ 240		\$ 240	\$ 240	\$ 270	\$ 270	\$ 270	\$ 164	\$ 228	
35 mph	\$ 245	\$ 245	\$ 245	\$ 245	\$ 245	\$ 245	\$ 245	\$ 275	\$ 275	\$ 275	\$ 165	\$ 230	
36 mph	\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ 250		\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ 280	\$ 280	\$ 280	\$ 166	\$ 232	
37 mph	\$ 255	\$ 255	\$ 255	\$ 255	\$ 255	\$ 255	\$ 255	\$ 285	\$ 285	\$ 285	\$ 167	\$ 234	
38 mph	\$ 260	\$ 260	\$ 260	\$ 260		\$ 260	\$ 260	\$ 290	\$ 290	\$ 290	\$ 168	\$ 236	
39 mph	\$ 265	\$ 265	\$ 265	\$ 265	\$ 265	\$ 265	\$ 265	\$ 295	\$ 295	\$ 295	\$ 169	\$ 238	
40 mph	\$ 270	\$ 270	\$ 270	\$ 270	-	\$ 270	\$ 270	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 170	\$ 240	
41 mph	\$ 275	\$ 275	\$ 275	\$ 275	-	\$ 275	\$ 275	\$ 305	\$ 305	\$ 305	\$ 171	\$ 242	
42 mph	\$ 280	\$ 280	\$ 280	\$ 280		\$ 280	\$ 280	\$ 310	\$ 310		\$ 172	\$ 244	
43 mph	\$ 285	\$ 285	\$ 285	\$ 285		\$ 285	\$ 285	\$ 315	\$ 315	PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS	\$ 173	\$ 246	
44 mph	\$ 290	\$ 290	\$ 290	\$ 290	The second second	\$ 290	\$ 290	\$ 320	\$ 320	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	\$ 174	\$ 248	
45 mph	\$ 295	\$ 295	\$ 295	\$ 295	-	\$ 295	\$ 295	\$ 325	\$ 325		\$ 175	\$ 250	
46 mph	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 300		\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 330	\$ 330	The same of the sa	\$ 176	\$ 252	
47 mph	\$ 305	\$ 305	\$ 305	\$ 305	-	\$ 305	\$ 305	\$ 335	\$ 335	The second secon	\$ 177	\$ 254	
48 mph	\$ 310	\$ 310	\$ 310	\$ 310		\$ 310	\$ 310	\$ 340	\$ 340	and the same of the same of	\$ 178	\$ 256	
49 mph	\$ 315	\$ 315	\$ 315	\$ 315	_	\$ 315	\$ 315	\$ 345	\$ 345		\$ 179	\$ 258	
50 mph	\$ 320	\$ 320	\$ 320	\$ 320	-	\$ 320	\$ 320	\$ 350	\$ 350		\$ 180	\$ 260	
51 mph	\$ 325	\$ 325	\$ 325	\$ 325	\$ 325	\$ 325	\$ 325	\$ 355	\$ 355	\$ 355	\$ 181	\$ 262	
52 mph	\$ 330	\$ 330	\$ 330	\$ 330	\$ 330	\$ 330	\$ 330	\$ 360	\$ 360	\$ 360	\$ 182	\$ 264	
53 mph	\$ 335	\$ 335	\$ 335	\$ 335	\$ 335	\$ 335	\$ 335	\$ 365	\$ 365	\$ 365	\$ 183	\$ 266	
54 mph	\$ 340	\$ 340	\$ 340	\$ 340	\$ 340	\$ 340	\$ 340	\$ 370	\$ 370	\$ 370	\$ 184	\$ 268	
55 mph	\$ 345	\$ 345	\$ 345	\$ 345	\$ 345	\$ 345	\$ 345	\$ 375	\$ 375	The second secon	\$ 185	\$ 270	

+\$100 at 16 + mph over

+\$100 at 21 + mph over

23.0674.01001

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2168

Introduced by

23

amended and reenacted as follows:

Senators Rummel, Kessel, Sickler

Representatives Klemin, Lefor, Steiner

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new subsection to section 39-06.1-06 of the North

Dakota Century Code, relating to the amount of fees for speeding violations; to amend and
reenact subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to city
fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.for an Act to amend and reenact section
39-06.1-06, subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, section 39-21-41.4, and
subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to speeding
violations, use of safety belts, and city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9 SECTION 1. A new subsection to section 39-06.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is 10 created and enacted as follows: 11 If a violation of subsection 4, 5, 7, 8, or 9 is for exceeding the speed limit by 12 twenty-one miles [33.8 kilometers] per hour or more, the specified fee is increased by 13 one hundred percent. SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century 14 15 Code is amended and reenacted as follows: For every violation of a city ordinance that regulates the operation or equipment of a 16 17 motor vehicle or which regulates traffic, except those ordinances listed in section-39-06.1-05 or the additional increased fee amount assessed under section 1 of this 18 19 Act, a fee may be established, by ordinance, which may exceed, by up to one hundred 20 percent, the limit, for an equivalent category of violation, set forth in section-21 39-06.1-06. 22 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is

1 39-06.1-06. Amount of statutory fees. 2 The fees required for a noncriminal disposition under section 39-06.1-02 or 39-06.1-03 must 3 be as follows: 4 1. For a nonmoving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-08, a fee of twenty dollars 5 except for a violation of any traffic parking regulation on any state charitable or penal 6 institution property or on the state capitol grounds, a fee in the amount of five dollars, 7 excluding a violation of subsection 11 of section 39-01-15. 8 2. For a moving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-09, a fee of twenty dollars, except 9 for: 10 A violation of section 39-10-26, 39-10-26.2, 39-10-41, or 39-10-42, a fee of fifty 11 dollars. 12 b. A violation of section 39-10-05 involving failure to yield to a pedestrian or 13 subsection 1 of section 39-10-28, a fee of fifty dollars. 14 A violation of section 39-21-41.2, a fee of twenty-five dollars. 15 d. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-12-02, section 39-08-23, or section 16 39-08-25, a fee of one hundred dollars. 17 e. A violation of subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 39-12-04, a fee of one 18 hundred dollars. 19 A violation of subsection 6 of section 39-04-37, a fee of one hundred dollars. 20 A violation of subsection 2 of section 39-10-21.1, a fee of two hundred fifty 21 dollars. 22 h. A violation of section 39-10-59, a fee of five hundred dollars. 23 A violation of section 39-09-01, a fee of thirty dollars. 24 j. A violation of section 39-09-01.1, a fee of thirty dollars. 25 k. A violation of section 39-10-46 or 39-10-46.1, a fee of one hundred dollars. 26 I. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-08-20, one hundred fifty dollars for a first 27 violation and three hundred dollars for a second or subsequent violation in three 28 29 A violation of section 39-10-24 or 39-10-44, a fee of forty dollars. m. 30 A violation of section 39-10-50.1, a fee of fifty dollars. n. 31 A violation of section 39-19-03, a fee of fifty dollars.

- c. Operating a vehicle after driver placed out of service, operating a vehicle with ten or more out-of-service defects, or operating a vehicle that has been placed out of service prior to its repair, five hundred dollars; and
- All other violations of motor carrier safety rules adopted under subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, fifty dollars.
- 7.6. On a highway on which the speed limit is posted in excess of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or equivalent ordinance, a fee of five dollars for each mile per hour over the limit.
- 8.7. For a violation of a school zone speed limit under subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, a fee of forty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and forty dollars, plus one dollar for each additional mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section.
- 9.8. For a violation of a highway construction zone speed limit under subsection 2 of section 39-09-02, a fee of eighty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and eighty dollars plus two dollars for each mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit, unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section. The fee in this subsection does not apply to a highway construction zone unless individuals engaged in construction are present at the time and place of the violation and the posted speed limit sign states "Minimum Fee \$80".
- 9. If a violation of subsection 4, 6, 7, or 8 is for exceeding the speed limit by twenty-one miles [33.8 kilometers] per hour or more in a speed zone of less than seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars.

 If a violation of subsection 6 is for exceeding the speed limit by sixteen miles [25.75 kilometers] an hour or more in a speed zone of seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour or greater, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

 Seventy-fiveEighty miles [120.70128.75 kilometers] an hour on access-controlled, paved and divided, multilane interstate highways, unless otherwise permitted, restricted, or required by conditions.

1 SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 39-21-41.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is 2 amended and reenacted as follows: 3 39-21-41.4. Use of safety belts required in certain motor vehicles - Enforcement -4 Evidence. 5 1. Subject to the limitations of this section and section 39-21-41.5, a driver may not 6 operate upon a highway a motor vehicle designed for carrying fewer than eleven 7 passengers, which was originally manufactured with safety belts unless each front 8 seat occupant is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened safety belt. 9 This section does not apply to a child in a child restraint or safety belt in accordance 10 with section 39-21-41.2; to drivers of implements of husbandry; to operators of farm 11 vehicles as defined in subsection 5 of section 39-04-19; to rural mail carriers while on 12 duty delivering mail; to an occupant with a medical or physically disabling condition 13 that prevents appropriate restraint in a safety belt, if a qualified physician, physician 14 assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse states in a signed writing the nature 15 of the condition and the reason restraint is inappropriate; or when all front seat safety 16 belts are in use by other occupants. A physician, physician assistant, or advanced 17 practice registered nurse who, in good faith, provides a statement that restraint would 18 be inappropriate is not subject to civil liability. A violation for not wearing a safety belt 19 under this section is not, in itself, evidence of negligence. The fact of a violation of this 20 section is not admissible in any proceeding other than one charging the violation 21 The use or nonuse of a safety belt: 22 May not be used in any action as evidence of fault; 23 Is not, in itself, evidence of negligence; and 24 Is not admissible in any proceedings other than one charging the violation. 25 The fee imposed for a violation of this section must be issued to: 26 The driver if the violation is by the driver or a passenger who is a minor; or 27 The adult passenger if the violation was by an adult passenger. 28 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century 29 Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 30 2. For every violation of a city ordinance that regulates the operation or equipment of a 31 motor vehicle or which regulates traffic, except those ordinances listed in section

39-06.1-05, a fee may be established, by ordinance, which may exceed, by up to one hundred percent, the limit, for an equivalent category of violation, set forth in section 39-06.1-06 except for a violation of a speed limitation.

23.0674.01002 Title. Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for Senator Rummel

April 20, 2023

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 2168

That the House recede from its amendments as printed on pages 1532-1535 of the Senate Journal and pages 1741-1745 of the House Journal and that Senate Bill No. 2168 be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 1, after "A BILL" replace the remainder of the bill with "for an Act to amend and reenact section 39-06.1-06, subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, section 39-21-41.4, and subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to speeding violations, use of safety belts, and city fines and penalties; and to provide a penalty.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-06.1-06. Amount of statutory fees.

The fees required for a noncriminal disposition under section 39-06.1-02 or 39-06.1-03 must be as follows:

- 1. For a nonmoving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-08, a fee of twenty dollars except for a violation of any traffic parking regulation on any state charitable or penal institution property or on the state capitol grounds, a fee in the amount of five dollars, excluding a violation of subsection 11 of section 39-01-15.
- 2. For a moving violation as defined in section 39-06.1-09, a fee of twenty dollars, except for:
 - a. A violation of section 39-10-26, 39-10-26.2, 39-10-41, or 39-10-42, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - b. A violation of section 39-10-05 involving failure to yield to a pedestrian or subsection 1 of section 39-10-28, a fee of fifty dollars.
 - c. A violation of section 39-21-41.2, a fee of twenty-five dollars.
 - d. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-12-02, section 39-08-23, or section 39-08-25, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - e. A violation of subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 39-12-04, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - f. A violation of subsection 6 of section 39-04-37, a fee of one hundred dollars.
 - g. A violation of subsection 2 of section 39-10-21.1, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.

- h. A violation of section 39-10-59, a fee of five hundred dollars.
- i. A violation of section 39-09-01, a fee of thirty dollars.
- j. A violation of section 39-09-01.1, a fee of thirty dollars.
- k. A violation of section 39-10-46 or 39-10-46.1, a fee of one hundred dollars.
- I. A violation of subsection 1 of section 39-08-20, one hundred fifty dollars for a first violation and three hundred dollars for a second or subsequent violation in three years.
- m. A violation of section 39-10-24 or 39-10-44, a fee of forty dollars.
- n. A violation of section 39-10-50.1, a fee of fifty dollars.
- o. A violation of section 39-19-03, a fee of fifty dollars.
- 3. For a violation of section 39-21-44 or a rule adopted under that section, a fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
- 4. Except as provided in subsections 5 and 7, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over

lawful speed limit Fee

1-5 \$ 5

6-10 \$ 5 plus \$1/each mph over 5 mph over limit

11-15 \$ 10 plus \$1/each mph over 10 mph over limit

16-20 \$ 15 plus \$2/each mph over 15 mph over limit

21-25 \$ 25 plus \$3/each mph over 20 mph over limit

26-35 \$ 40 plus \$3/each mph over 25 mph over limit

46 + \$100 plus \$5/each mph over 45 mph over limit

36 - 45 \$ 70 plus \$3/each mph over 35 mph over limit

5. On a highway on which the speed limit is a speed higher than fifty-five miles [88.51 kilometers] of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour or lower, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or an equivalent ordinance, a fee established as follows:

Miles per hour over

lawful speed limit Fee

- 1 10 \$2/each mph over limit
- 11 + \$20 plus \$5/each mph over 10 mph over limit

- 6.5. For a violation of section 39-06.2-10.9 or subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, a fee established as follows:
 - a. Driving more than eleven hours since the last ten hours off duty, driving after fourteen hours on duty since the last ten hours off duty, driving after sixty hours on duty in seven days or seventy hours in eight days, no record of duty status or log book in possession, failing to retain previous seven-day record of duty status or log book, or operating a vehicle with four to six out-of-service defects, one hundred dollars;
 - b. False record of duty status or log book or operating a vehicle with seven to nine out-of-service defects, two hundred fifty dollars;
 - c. Operating a vehicle after driver placed out of service, operating a vehicle with ten or more out-of-service defects, or operating a vehicle that has been placed out of service prior to its repair, five hundred dollars: and
 - d. All other violations of motor carrier safety rules adopted under subsection 3 of section 39-21-46, fifty dollars.
- 7.6. On a highway on which the speed limit is posted in excess of sixty-five miles [104.61 kilometers] an hour, for a violation of section 39-09-02, or equivalent ordinance, a fee of five dollars for each mile per hour over the limit.
- 8.7. For a violation of a school zone speed limit under subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02, a fee of forty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and forty dollars, plus one dollar for each additional mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section.
- 9.8. For a violation of a highway construction zone speed limit under subsection 2 of section 39-09-02, a fee of eighty dollars for one through ten miles per hour over the posted speed; and eighty dollars plus two dollars for each mile per hour over ten miles per hour over the limit, unless a greater fee would be applicable under this section. The fee in this subsection does not apply to a highway construction zone unless individuals engaged in construction are present at the time and place of the violation and the posted speed limit sign states "Minimum Fee \$80".
 - 9. If a violation of subsection 4, 6, 7, or 8 is for exceeding the speed limit by twenty-one miles [33.8 kilometers] per hour or more in a speed zone of less than seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars. If a violation of subsection 6 is for exceeding the speed limit by sixteen miles [25.75 kilometers] an hour or more in a speed zone of seventy-five miles [120.7 kilometers] an hour or greater, the specified fee is increased by one hundred dollars.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subdivision i of subsection 1 of section 39-09-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

i. Seventy-fiveEighty miles [120.70128.75 kilometers] an hour on access-controlled, paved and divided, multilane interstate highways, unless otherwise permitted, restricted, or required by conditions.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 39-21-41.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

39-21-41.4. Use of safety belts required in certain motor vehicles - Enforcement - Evidence.

Subject to the limitations of this section and section 39-21-41.5, a

- <u>A</u> driver may not operate upon a highway a motor vehicle designed for carrying fewer than eleven passengers, which was originally manufactured with safety belts unless each front seat-occupant is wearing a properly adjusted and fastened safety belt.
- <u>2.</u> This section does not apply to a child in a child restraint or safety belt in accordance with section 39-21-41.2; to drivers of implements of husbandry; to operators of farm vehicles as defined in subsection 5 of section 39-04-19; to rural mail carriers while on duty delivering mail; to a class A or class C authorized emergency vehicle while in the performance of official duties; to an occupant with a medical or physically disabling condition that prevents appropriate restraint in a safety belt, if a qualified physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse states in a signed writing the nature of the condition and the reason restraint is inappropriate; or when all front seat safety belts are in use by other occupants. A physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse who, in good faith, provides a statement that restraint would be inappropriate is not subject to civil liability. A violation for not wearing a safety belt under this section is not, in itself, evidence of negligence. The fact of a violation of this section is not admissible in any proceeding other than one charging the violation.
- 3. The fee imposed for a violation of this section must be issued to:
 - <u>a.</u> The driver if the violation is by the driver or a passenger who is a minor; or
 - <u>b.</u> The adult passenger if the violation was by an adult passenger.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 40-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

2. For every violation of a city ordinance that regulates the operation or equipment of a motor vehicle or which regulates traffic, except those ordinances listed in section 39-06.1-05, a fee may be established, by ordinance, which may exceed, by up to one hundred percent, the limit, for an equivalent category of violation, set forth in section 39-06.1-06 except for a violation of a speed limitation."

Renumber accordingly