
The state health officer shall establish and maintain a comprehensive stroke system for the state. The program must comply with this chapter; be based on department-approved, nationally recognized guidelines and protocols; and provide specific patient care and support services criteria stroke centers shall meet to ensure stroke patients receive safe and effective care, and must modify the state’s emergency medical response system to assure stroke patients are quickly identified and transported to and treated in facilities that have specialized programs for providing timely and effective treatment for stroke patients. The stroke system must include standards for the following components:

1. A system plan.
2. Prehospital emergency medical services.
3. Hospitals, for which the standards must include:
   b. Standards for evaluation and quality improvement programs for designated facilities. The standards must require each facility to collect quality improvement data and to provide specified portions to the department for use in state and regional stroke quality improvement programs.
4. A stroke registry. Data in the stroke registry is not subject to subpoena or discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil action. A designated facility shall participate in the stroke registry. A hospital not designated shall provide to the stroke registry a minimum set of data elements for all stroke patients as determined by the stroke system of care advisory task force.
5. A stroke quality improvement program to monitor the performance of the stroke system. The proceedings and records of the stroke quality improvement program are not subject to subpoena or discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil action arising out of any matter that is the subject of consideration by the stroke quality improvement program.

23-43-02. Designation of comprehensive stroke center, primary stroke centers, and acute stroke-ready hospitals.

1. The department of health and human services shall identify hospitals that meet the criteria as a comprehensive stroke center, primary stroke center, or acute stroke-ready hospital. In order to receive a designation under this section, a hospital shall apply to the department of health and human services and shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department the hospital meets the applicable criteria.
2. In order to qualify for designation as a comprehensive stroke center, an accredited acute care hospital must be certified as a comprehensive stroke center by a department-approved, nationally recognized guidelines-based organization, which provides comprehensive stroke center hospital certification for stroke care. As a condition of retaining designation as a comprehensive stroke center, an acute care hospital shall maintain its certification.
3. In order to qualify for designation as a primary stroke center, an accredited acute care hospital must be certified as a primary stroke center by a department-approved, nationally recognized guidelines-based organization, which provides primary stroke center certification for stroke care. As a condition of retaining designation as a primary stroke center, an acute care hospital shall maintain its certification.
4. In order to qualify for designation as an acute stroke-ready hospital, an accredited acute care hospital must be certified as an acute stroke-ready hospital by department-approved, nationally recognized guidelines-based criteria. As a condition of retaining designation as an acute stroke-ready hospital, an acute care hospital shall maintain its certification.
5. Through agreement, a comprehensive stroke center and primary stroke center may coordinate with an acute stroke-ready hospital to provide appropriate access to care.
for acute stroke patients. The coordinating stroke care agreement must be in writing and include, at a minimum:

a. The transfer agreement for the transport and acceptance of a stroke patient seen by the acute stroke-ready hospital for stroke treatment therapies the stroke center or primary care center is not capable of providing; and

b. Communication criteria and protocol with the acute stroke-ready hospital.

6. If the department determines the hospital is not in compliance with the requirements set for designation level, after notice and a hearing, the department of health and human services may suspend or revoke a hospital's state designation as a comprehensive stroke center, primary stroke center, or acute stroke-ready hospital.

7. Any facility that is not designated, must have a predetermined plan for the triage of acute stroke patients. The plan must be filed annually with the department of health and human services, division of emergency medical services and trauma.

23-43-03. Emergency medical services operations - Assessment and transportation of stroke patients to a comprehensive stroke center, primary stroke center, or acute stroke-ready hospital.

1. Before June first of each year the department of health and human services shall send the list of comprehensive stroke centers, primary stroke centers, and acute stroke-ready hospitals to the medical director of each licensed emergency medical services operation in this state. The department of health and human services shall maintain a copy of the list and shall post a list of comprehensive stroke centers, primary stroke centers, and acute stroke-ready hospitals to the department of health and human services' website.

2. The department of health and human services shall adopt and distribute a nationally recognized, standardized stroke triage assessment tool. The department shall post this stroke triage assessment tool on the department's website and provide a copy of the assessment tool to each licensed emergency medical services operation. Each licensed emergency medical services operation shall use a stroke triage assessment tool that is substantially similar to the sample stroke triage assessment tool provided by the department of health and human services.

3. Each emergency medical services operation in the state shall establish prehospital care protocols related to the assessment, treatment, and transport of a stroke patient by a licensed emergency medical services operation. Such protocols must include plans for the triage and transport of an acute stroke patient to the closest comprehensive or primary stroke center or when appropriate to an acute stroke-ready hospital, within a specified time frame of onset of symptoms.

4. As part of current training requirements, each emergency medical services operation in the state shall establish protocols to assure licensed emergency medical services providers and 911 dispatch personnel receive regular training on the assessment and treatment of stroke patients.

5. An emergency medical services operation shall comply with this chapter.

6. All data reported under this chapter must be made available to the department of health and human services and to all other government agencies, or contractors of government agencies, which have responsibility for the management and administration of emergency medical services throughout the state.

7. This chapter may not be construed to require disclosure of any confidential information or other data in violation of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 [Pub. L. 104-191; 110 Stat. 1936; 29 U.S.C. 1181 et seq.].


1. The department of health and human services shall establish and implement a plan for achieving continuous quality improvement in the quality of care provided under the state comprehensive stroke system for stroke response and treatment. In implementing this plan, the department of health and human services shall:
a. Maintain a statewide stroke database that compiles information and statistics on stroke care which align with nationally recognized stroke consensus metrics. The department of health and human services shall utilize a nationally recognized data set platform with confidentiality standards no less secure than the stroke registry data platform. The department of health and human services shall coordinate with national voluntary health organizations involved in stroke quality improvement to avoid duplication and redundancy.

b. Require comprehensive stroke centers and primary stroke centers and encourage acute stroke-ready hospitals and emergency medical services operations to report data consistent with nationally recognized guidelines on the treatment of individuals with confirmed stroke within the state.

c. Encourage sharing of information and data among health care providers on ways to improve the quality of care of stroke patients in this state.

d. Facilitate the communication and analysis of health information and data among the health care professionals providing care for individuals with stroke.

e. Require the application of evidence-based treatment guidelines regarding the transitioning of patients to community-based followup care in hospital outpatient, physician office, and ambulatory clinic settings for ongoing care after hospital discharge following acute treatment for stroke.

2. The department of health and human services shall establish a data oversight process and implement a plan for achieving continuous quality improvement in the quality of care provided under the state comprehensive stroke system for stroke response and treatment which must:
   a. Analyze data generated by the stroke registry on stroke response and treatment;
   b. Identify potential interventions to improve stroke care in geographic areas or regions of the state; and
   c. Provide recommendations to the department of health and human services, emergency medical services advisory council, and legislative assembly for the improvement of stroke care and delivery in the state.

3. Data reported under this section must be made available to the department of health and human services and to other government agencies, or contractors of government agencies, which have responsibility for the management and administration of emergency medical services throughout the state.

4. Before June first of each even-numbered year, the department of health and human services shall provide a report to the legislative management regarding progress made toward the recommendations provided in this chapter and any recommendations for future legislation.

1. The department of health and human services shall establish a stroke system of care task force to address matters of triage, treatment, and transport of possible acute stroke patients. The stroke system of care task force must include representation from the department of health and human services, the emergency medical services advisory council, the university of North Dakota's center for rural health, the American stroke association or similar entity, comprehensive stroke centers, primary stroke centers, rural hospitals, physicians, and emergency medical services operations.

2. The task force shall implement the regulations necessary to establish an effective stroke system of care in the state, with a focus on serving rural areas. The regulations must include protocols for the assessment, stabilization, and appropriate routing of stroke patients by emergency medical services operations, and for coordination and communication between hospitals, comprehensive stroke centers, primary stroke centers, and other support services necessary to assure all residents have access to effective and efficient stroke care.

3. The stroke system of care task force shall make recommendations to the department of health and human services and health council. Upon receiving such
recommendations, the department of health and human services may adopt rules implementing the recommendations.

4. As used in this subsection, "telemedicine services" means the use of interactive audio, video, and other electronic media used for the purpose of diagnosis, consultation, or treatment of acute stroke. The stroke system of care task force shall recommend eligible essential health care services for acute stroke care provided through telemedicine services.

23-43-06. General provisions.

1. This chapter is not a medical practice guideline and may not be used to restrict the authority of a hospital to provide services for which the hospital received a license under state law. Patients must be treated individually based on the needs and circumstances of each patient.

2. A person may not advertise to the public, by way of any medium, that a hospital is a comprehensive stroke center, primary stroke center, or acute stroke ready hospital unless the hospital is designated as such by the department of health and human services.

3. The department of health and human services may adopt rules to implement this chapter.