23.8013.04007

SECOND ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2107

Introduced by

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Judiciary Committee

(At the request of the Attorney General)

A BILL for an Act to create and enact sections 12.1-17-14 and 62.1-02-15 of the North Dakota
Century Code, relating to shooting offenses and drug trafficking; to amend and reenact sections
12.1-08-02, 12.1-17-01, 12.1-32-02.1, 12.1-32-07.4, 39-10-71, and 62.1-02-01 of the North
Dakota Century Code, relating to sentences for crimes committed with firearms and for fleeing
law enforcement; and to provide a penalty for an Act to provide for a legislative management
study relating to statutory provisions that prohibit certain individuals from possessing a firearm.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-08-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

12.1-08-02. Preventing arrest or discharge of other duties.

- 1. A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if, with intent to prevent a public servant from effecting an arrest of himself or another for a misdemeanor or infraction, or from discharging any other official duty, he creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to the public servant or to anyone except himself, or employs means justifying or requiring substantial force to overcome resistance to effecting the arrest or the discharge of the duty. A person is guilty of a class C felony if, with intent to prevent a public servant from effecting an arrest of himself or another for a class A, B, or C felony, he creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to the public servant or to anyone except himself, or employs means justifying or requiring substantial force to overcome resistance to effecting such an arrest.
- 2. It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that the public servant was not acting lawfully, but it is no defense that the defendant mistakenly believed that the public servant was not acting lawfully. A public servant executing a warrant or other process in good faith and under color of law shall be deemed to be acting lawfully.

ı	3. A conviction under this section carries a presumption of a jail sentence of at least
2	fourteen days and, if there is an underlying conviction, the presumed jail sentence may
3	not be served concurrently to any jail sentence for the underlying conviction. If the
4	sentencing court does not impose at least the presumed minimum term of
5	imprisonment, the court shall justify the reason for a departure from the presumptive
6	jail sentence within the judgment.
7	SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-17-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
8	amended and reenacted as follows:
9	— 12.1-17-01. Simple assault.
10	— 1. A person is guilty of an offense if that person:
11	a. Willfully causes bodily injury to another human being; or
12	b. Negligently causes bodily injury to another human being by means of a firearm,
13	destructive device, or other weapon, the use of which against a human being is
14	likely to cause death or serious bodily injury.
15	— 2. The offense is:
16	a. A class C felony when the victim is a peace officer or correctional institution
17	employee acting in an official capacity, which the actor knows to be a fact; an
18	employee of the state hospital acting in the course and scope of employment,
19	which the actor knows to be a fact, and the actor is an individual committed to or-
20	detained at the state hospital pursuant to chapter 25-03.3; a person engaged in a
21	judicial proceeding; or a member of a municipal or volunteer fire department or
22	emergency medical services personnel unit or emergency department worker in
23	the performance of the member's duties.
24	b. A class B misdemeanor except as provided in subdivision a.
25	3. A conviction under subdivision a of subsection 2 of this section carries a presumption
26	of a jail sentence of at least thirty days and if there is an underlying conviction the
27	presumption may not be served concurrently to any jail sentence for the underlying
28	conviction. If the sentencing court does not impose at least the presumptive minimum
29	term of imprisonment, the court shall justify the reasoning for a departure from the
30	presumptive jail sentence within the judgment.

1	SECTION 3. Section 12.1-17-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted				
2	as follows:				
3	12.1-17-14. Shooting at inhabited dwelling or camper; or occupied structure, vehicle,				
4	or aircraft - Penalty.				
5	Any person who willfully discharges a firearm at an inhabited dwelling, occupied structure,				
6	occupied motor vehicle, occupied aircraft, or inhabited camper is guilty of a class B felony. As				
7	used in this section, "inhabited" means currently used for dwelling purposes, whether occupied				
8	or not.				
9	SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-32-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
10	amended and reenacted as follows:				
11	12.1-32-02.1. Mandatory prison terms for armed offenders.				
12	1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a term of imprisonment must be				
13	imposed upon an offender and served without benefit of parole when:				
14	a. In the course of committing an offense, the offender inflicts or attempts to inflict				
15	bodily injury upon another, threatens or menaces another with imminent bodily-				
16	injury with a dangerous weapon, explosive, or destructive device, or firearm; or				
17	b. The offender possesses or has within immediate reach and control a dangerous				
18	weapon, explosive, or destructive device, or firearm while in the course of				
19	committing any felony offense under subsection 1, 3, or 7 of section 19-03.1-23.				
20	2. This requirement applies only when possession of a dangerous weapon, explosive, or				
21	destructive device, or firearm has been charged and admitted or found to be true in				
22	the manner provided by law, and must be imposed as follows:				
23	a. If the offense for which the offender is convicted is a class AA, class A, or class B				
24	felony, the court shall impose a minimum sentence of four years' imprisonment.				
25	b. If the offense for which the offender is convicted is a class C felony, the court				
26	shall impose a minimum sentence of two years' imprisonment.				
27	3. This section applies even when being armed is an element of the offense for which the				
28	offender is convicted.				
29	4. An offender serving a sentence subject to this section may be eligible to participate in				
30	a release program under section 12-48.1-02 during the last six months of the				
31	offender's centence				

1	SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-32-07.4 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
2	amended and reenacted as follows:		
3	— 12.1-32-07.4. Presumptive probation.		
4	1. The sentencing court shall sentence an individual who has pled guilty to, or has been		
5	found guilty of, a class C felony offense or class A misdemeanor offense to a term of		
6	probation at the time of initial sentencing, except for an offense involving domestic-		
7	violence; an offense subject to registration under section 12.1-32-15; an offense		
8	involving a firearm or dangerous weapon, explosive, or incendiary device; an offense		
9	in violation of section 12.1-08-02, subdivision a of subsection 2 of section 12.1-17-01,		
10	or section 39-10-71; or if a mandatory term of incarceration is required by law.		
11	2. The sentencing court may impose a sentence of imprisonment if the sentencing court		
12	finds there are aggravating factors present to justify a departure from presumptive		
13	probation. Aggravating factors include:		
14	a. That the individual has plead guilty to, or has been found guilty of, a felony		
15	offense or class A misdemeanor offense prior to the date of the commission of		
16	the offense or offenses charged in the complaint, information, or indictment;		
17	b. The age and vulnerability of the victim, whether the individual was in a position of		
18	responsibility or trust over the victim, or whether the individual abused a public		
19	position of responsibility or trust; or		
20	c. If the individual used threats or coercion in the commission of the offense.		
21	3. This section does not preclude the sentencing court from deferring imposition of		
22	sentence in accordance with subsection 4 of section 12.1-32-02 or sentencing an		
23	individual to a term of incarceration with credit for time spent in custody if execution of		
24	the sentence is suspended.		
25	SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 39-10-71 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
26	amended and reenacted as follows:		
27	39-10-71. Fleeing or attempting to elude a peace officer - Penalty.		
28	1. A driver of a motor vehicle who willfully fails or refuses to bring the vehicle to a stop, or		
29	who otherwise flees or attempts to elude, in any manner, a pursuing police vehicle or		
30	peace officer, when given a visual or audible signal to bring the vehicle to a stop, is		
31	quilty of a:		

1	a. Class A misdemeanor for a first offense and a class C felony for a subsequent
2	offense within three years;
3	b. Class C felony if the driver violates this section while willfully fleeing during or
4	after the commission of a felony; or
5	c. Class C felony if, at any time during the flight or pursuit, the driver willfully
6	operates the vehicle in a manner constituting an inherent risk of death or serious
7	bodily injury to a third person.
8	2. A signal complies with this section if the signal is perceptible to the driver and:
9	a. If given from a vehicle, the signal is given by hand, voice, emergency light, or
10	siren, and the stopping vehicle is appropriately marked showing it to be an official
11	police vehicle; or
12	b. If not given from a vehicle, the signal is given by hand, voice, emergency light, or
13	siren, and the officer is in uniform or prominently displays the officer's badge of
14	office.
15	3. A conviction under this section carries a presumption of a jail sentence of at least thirty
16	days and, if there is an underlying conviction, the presumed jail sentence may not be
17	served concurrently to any jail sentence for the underlying conviction. If the sentencing
18	court does not impose at least the presumptive minimum term of imprisonment, the
19	court shall justify the reason for a departure from the presumptive jail sentence within
20	the judgment.
21	SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 62.1-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is-
22	amended and reenacted as follows:
23	62.1-02-01. Persons who are not to possess firearms - Penalty.
24	1. a. A person who has been convicted anywhere of a felony offense involving-
25	violence or intimidation in violation of chapters 12.1-16 through 12.1-25 or an-
26	equivalent felony offense of another state or the federal government is prohibited
27	from owning a firearm or having one in possession or under control from the date
28	of conviction and continuing for a period of ten years after the date of conviction
29	or the date of release from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever is latest.
30	b. A person who has been convicted anywhere of a felony offense of this or another-
31	state or the federal government not provided for in subdivision a or who has been

1	(1) Is a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, or individual
2	similarly situated to a spouse of the victim;
3	(2) Is cohabitating, or has cohabitated, with the victim as a spouse or intimate
4	partner; or
5	(3) Shares a child in common with the victim.
6	h. A person who has been discharged from the armed forces under dishonorable
7	conditions is prohibited from owning a firearm or having a firearm in possession
8	or under control.
9	i. A person is prohibited from owning a firearm or having a firearm in possession or
10	under control if that person is subject to a court order that:
11	(1) Was issued after a hearing of which such person received actual notice, and
12	at which such person had an opportunity to participate;
13	(2) Restrains the person from harassing, stalking, or threatening an intimate
14	partner of the person or child of the intimate partner or person, or engaging
15	in other conduct that would place an intimate partner in reasonable fear of
16	bodily injury to the partner or child; and
17	(3) (a) Includes a finding the person represents a credible threat to the
18	physical safety of the intimate partner or child; or
19	(b) By its terms explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use, or threatened
20	use of physical force against the intimate partner or child that would
21	reasonably be expected to cause bodily injury.
22	2. A person who violates subdivision a or, b, e, f, g, h, or i of subsection 1 is guilty of a
23	class C felony, and a person who violates subdivision c or d of subsection 1 is guilty of
24	a class A misdemeanor.
25	3. A person who violates subdivision a or b of subsection 1 and has three or more prior
26	felony convictions on separate occasions under any provisions in chapter 12.1-16,
27	12.1-17, 12.1-18, or 12.1-20, section 12.1-21-01, chapter 12.1-22, subsection 1 of
28	19-03.1-23, or a similar offense from another court in North Dakota or a court of record
29	in the United States, is guilty of a class B felony. A conviction under this subsection
30	carries a presumptive minimum term of imprisonment of five years. If the sentencing
31	court does not impose at least the presumptive minimum term of imprisonment for an

1	offense under this section, the court shall justify the reasoning for a departure from the			
2	presumptive minimum sentence within the judgment.			
3	2.4. For the purposes of this section, "conviction" means a determination that the person			
4	committed one of the above-mentioned crimes upon a verdict of guilt, a plea of guilty,			
5	or a plea of nolo contendere even though:			
6	a. The court suspended execution of sentence in accordance with subsection 3 of			
7	section 12.1-32-02;			
8	b. The court deferred imposition of sentence in accordance with subsection 4 of			
9	section 12.1-32-02;			
10	c. The court placed the person on probation;			
11	d. The person's conviction has been reduced in accordance with subsection 9 of			
12	section 12.1-32-02 or section 12.1-32-07.1;			
13	e. Sentence dispositions, sentence reductions, or offense determinations equivalent			
14	to this section were imposed or granted by a court, board, agency, or law of			
15	another state or the federal government; or			
16	f. The person committed an offense equivalent to an offense described in			
17	subdivision a or b of subsection 1 when that person was subject to juvenile			
18	adjudication or proceedings and a determination of a court under chapter 27-20.4			
19	or of a court of another state or the federal government was made that the			
20	person committed the delinquent act or offense.			
21	3.5. For purposes of subsection 1, unless the pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil			
22	rights expressly provides that a person may not ship, transport, possess, or receive			
23	firearms, a person is not considered to have been convicted of a crime under			
24	subdivision a, b, or g of subsection 1 if:			
25	<u>a.</u> The conviction has been expunged or set aside; or			
26	b. The conviction is for an offense for which the person has been pardoned or has			
27	had civil rights restored if the law of the applicable jurisdiction provides for the			
28	loss of civil rights for the offense.			
29	6. A felon who is not sentenced under section 12.1-32-09.1 may possess a rifle that has			
30	a barrel sixteen inches [40.72 centimeters] or longer or a shotgun that has a barrel			
31	eighteen inches [45.72 centimeters] or longer and which is one of the following:			

1	a. A firearm, including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or
2	similar type of ignition system, manufactured before 1899.
3	b. A replica of any firearm described in subdivision a, if the replica is not designed
4	or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition or
5	uses rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer-
6	manufactured in the United States and which is not readily available in the
7	ordinary channels of commercial trade.
8	c. A muzzleloading rifle or muzzleloading shotgun designed to use black powder or
9	a black powder substitute and which cannot use fixed ammunition.
10	SECTION 8. Section 62.1-02-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
11	as follows:
12	62.1-02-15. Possession of a firearm in furtherance of a felony crime of violence or
13	drug trafficking crime.
14	1. Any person who, during and in relation to any felony crime of violence or drug
15	trafficking crime, uses or carries a firearm, or who, in furtherance of any such crime,
16	possesses a firearm, is guilty of a class B felony. A conviction under this section
17	carries a presumptive minimum term of imprisonment which may not run concurrently
18	to the punishment provided for the felony crime of violence or drug trafficking crime.
19	The presumptive minimum term of imprisonment is:
20	<u>a. Not less than three years;</u>
21	b. Not less than five years if the firearm is brandished; or
22	<u>c.</u> Not less than seven years if the firearm is discharged.
23	2. If the firearm possessed by a person convicted of a violation of this section is a short-
24	barreled rifle, short-barreled shotgun, machine gun, submachine gun, or fully
25	automatic rifle, the presumptive minimum term of imprisonment is not less than seven
26	years.
27	3. For a violation of this section which occurs after a previous conviction under this
28	section has become final, the person is guilty of a class A felony and the presumptive
29	minimum term of imprisonment is not less than ten years.
30	4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

1	<u>a.</u>	A term of imprisonment imposed on a person under this section may not run	
2		concurrently with any other term of imprisonment imposed on the person,	
3		including any term of imprisonment imposed for the felony crime of violence or	
4		drug trafficking crime during which the firearm was used, carried, or possessed;	
5	<u>b.</u>	An offender who is convicted of a crime under this section is not eligible for	
6		release from confinement on any basis until eighty-five percent of the sentence	
7		imposed by the court has been served or the sentence is commuted. For	
8		purposes of this subsection, confinement does not include placement in a	
9		halfway house, treatment facility, or other community placement; and	
10	<u> </u>	If the sentencing court does not impose at least the presumptive minimum term	
11		of imprisonment for an offense under this section, the court shall justify the	
12		reasoning for a departure from the presumptive minimum sentence within the	
13		judgment.	
14	<u>5. For</u>	purposes of this section:	
15	<u>a.</u>	"Brandish" means, with respect to a firearm, to display all or part of the firearm, or	
16		otherwise make the presence of the firearm known to another individual, in order	
17		to intimidate that individual, regardless of whether the firearm is directly visible to	
18		that individual.	
19	<u>b.</u>	"Drug trafficking crime" means a violation of subsection 1 or 3 of section	
20		19-03.1-23.	
21		c. "Felony crime of violence" means a felony violation of section 12.1-16-01,	
22		<u>12.1-16-02, 12.1-16-03, 12.1-17-01.2, 12.1-17-02, 12.1-17-03, 12.1-17-04, </u>	
23		12.1-17-12, 12.1-18-01, 12.1-18-02, 12.1-20-03, 12.1-20-04, 12.1-20-07,	
24		12.1-20-12.3, 12.1-21-01, 12.1-21-02, 12.1-22-01, or 12.1-22-02.	
25	SECTION	N 1. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - FIREARM POSSESSION. During	
26	the 2023-24 i	nterim, the legislative management shall consider studying those provisions of the	
27	North Dakota	Century Code which prohibit certain individuals from possessing a firearm. The	
28	study may ind	clude an examination of the state's firearm and weapon possession prohibitions as	
29	compared to the federal regulations. The study must include an examination of whether the		
30	category of individuals prohibited from possessing a firearm by statute should be maintained in		
31	its current form, narrowed, or expanded. The study must include input from the attorney		

- 1 general, the supreme court, the North Dakota association of counties, the North Dakota league
- 2 of cities, the North Dakota state's attorneys' association, the North Dakota association of
- 3 criminal defense lawyers, the North Dakota peace officers association, and the national rifle
- 4 association. The legislative management shall report its findings and recommendations,
- 5 together with any legislation necessary to implement the recommendations, to the sixty-ninth
- 6 legislative assembly.