17.0919.03003

### SECOND ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

#### **REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2272**

Introduced by

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emergency.

Senators Schaible, Rust

Representatives Monson, Nathe, Owens

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota 2 Century Code, relating to definitions for the foundation aid stabilization fund; to amend and 3 reenact sections 15.1-36-01, 15.1-36-02, 15.1-36-06, and 15.1-36-08, subsection 7 of section 4 21-03-07, section 54-44.1-12, and subsection 1 of section 57-62-02 of the North Dakota 5 Century Code, relating to school construction loans from the coal development trust fund and 6 the school construction assistance revolving loan fund, control of the rate of expenditures, and 7 the transfer of interest from the coal development trust fund; to repeal sections 9 and 10 of 8 chapter 153 of the 2015 Session Laws and sections 15-10-60, 15.1-27-46, 15.1-36-02.1, 9 15.1-36-03, 15.1-36-06, and 15.1-36-07 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the 10 scholarship endowment fund, the uses of the foundation aid stabilization fund, and school 11 construction loans; to provide an expiration date; to provide contingent transfers; to provide 12 transfers; to provide an appropriation; to provide an effective date; and to declare an

#### 14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-36-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

#### 15.1-36-01. School construction projects - Approval.

- 1. Notwithstanding the powers and duties of school boards provided by law, the superintendent of public instruction shall approve the construction, purchase, repair, improvement, modernization, or renovation of any public school building or facility before commencement of the project if the cost of the project, as estimated by the school board, is in excess of one hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- 2. The superintendent of public instruction may not approve a project unless the school district proposing the project:

1 Demonstrates the need for the project and the educational utility of the project or 2 demonstrates potential utilization of the project by a future reorganized school 3 district; 4 b. (1) Demonstrates that the student population has been stable or has increased 5 during the preceding five school years and is expected to be stable or to 6 increase during the ensuing five school years; or 7 Demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that, despite a declining (2) 8 student population, there are no feasible alternatives to the proposed 9 project; and 10 Demonstrates the capacity to pay for the project under rules adopted by the C. 11 superintendent of public instruction pursuant to chapter 28-32. 12 3. If the superintendent of public instruction denies the project, the school board a. 13 may appeal the superintendent's decision to the state board of public school 14 education. In considering the appeal, the state board shall review: 15 (1) The need for the project; 16 (2) The educational utility of the project; 17 (3) The potential use of the project by a future reorganized school district; 18 (4) The capacity of the district to pay for the project; and 19 Any other objective factors relative to the appeal. 20 The decision of the state board is final. b. 21 4. This section is applicable to any construction, purchase, repair, improvement, 22 renovation, or modernization, even if the school board pays for the project in whole or 23 in part with moneys received on account of the leasing of lands acquired by the United-24 States for flood control, navigation, and allied purposes in accordance with 33 U.S.C. 25 701c-3 or in accordance with moneys received under the American Recovery and 26 Reinvestment Act of 2009. 27 For purposes of this chapter, "facility" includes a public school parking lot, public 28 school athletic complex, or any other improvement to real property owned by the 29 school district. 30 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-36-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is 31 amended and reenacted as follows:

1	15.1	-36-0	02. Coal development trust fund - Board of university and school lands -
2	School	cons	struction projects - Unanticipated construction projects and emergency
3	repairs	<u>-</u> Loa	ans.
4	1.	<del>In o</del>	rder to provide school construction loans, the board of university and school lands
5		may	y authorize the use of:
6		<del>a.</del>	Fifty million dollars, or so much of that amount as may be necessary, from the
7			coal development trust fund, established pursuant to section 21 of article X of the
8			Constitution of North Dakota and subsection 1 of section 57-62-02; and
9		<del>b.</del>	One hundred fifty million dollars from the strategic investment and improvements
10			fund, established pursuant to section 15-08.1-08, for the period ending June 30,
11			2015Up to sixty million dollars from the coal development trust fund is available
12			to the board of university and school lands for loans under this section.
13	2.	<del>ln o</del>	rder to To be eligible for a loan under this section, the school district must
14		<u>den</u>	nonstrate a need based on an unanticipated construction project, an unanticipated
15		<u>repl</u>	acement project, or an emergency repair, and the board of a school district shall:
16		a.	Propose a construction project with a cost of at least one million dollars and an-
17			expected utilization of at least thirty years;
18		<del>b.</del>	Obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the construction
19			project under section 15.1-36-01; and
20	•	<del>:.</del> b.	Submit to the superintendent of public instruction an application containing all
21			information deemed necessary by the superintendent, including potential
22			alternative sources or methods of financing the construction project.
23	3.	<del>lf ar</del>	n eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is less than eighty percent
24		of th	ne state average taxable valuation per student, the district is entitled to receive:
25		<del>a.</del>	A school construction loan equal to the lesser of twenty million dollars or ninety
26			percent of the actual project cost;
27		<del>b.</del>	An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than four-
28			hundred basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and
29		e.	A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years.

1 If an eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is equal to at least eighty-2 percent but less than ninety percent of the state average taxable valuation per-3 student, the district is entitled to receive: A school construction loan equal to the lesser of fifteen million dollars or eighty-4 5 percent of the actual project cost; 6 <del>b.</del> An interest rate buydown equal to at least one hundred but not more than three-7 hundred fifty basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 8 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 9 <del>5.</del> If an eligible school district's taxable valuation per student is equal to at least ninety 10 percent of the state average taxable valuation per student, the district is entitled to 11 receive: 12 A school construction loan equal to the lesser of ten million dollars or seventy-13 percent of the actual project cost; 14 An interest rate discount equal to at least one hundred but not more than three 15 hundred basis points below the prevailing tax-free bond rates; and 16 A term of repayment that may extend up to twenty years. 17 <del>6.</del> The board of a school district may submit its loan application to the superintendent of 18 public instruction before or after receiving authorization of a bond issue in accordance 19 with chapter 21-03. If the vote to authorize a bond issue precedes the application for a 20 loan, the application must be acted upon by the superintendent expeditiously but no-21 later than one hundred eighty days from the date it is received by the superintendent. 22 <del>7.</del> The superintendent of public instruction shall consider each loan application in the 23 order it received approval under section 15.1-36-01. 24 <del>8.</del>4. If the superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the superintendent may-25 determine the loan amount, the term of the loan, and the interest rate, in accordance 26 with the requirements of this section. A school district's interest rate may not be less-27 than one percent, regardless of any rate discount for which the district might otherwise 28 qualify under this section the board of university and school lands shall issue a loan 29 from the coal development trust fund. For a loan made under this section:

1 The minimum loan amount is two hundred fifty thousand dollars and the <u>a.</u> 2 maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is two million 3 dollars; 4 The term of the loan is twenty years, unless the board of the school district <u>b.</u> 5 requests a shorter term in the written loan application; and 6 The interest rate of the loan may not exceed two percent per year. <u>C.</u> 7 <del>9.</del>5. If a school district seeking a loan under this section received an allocation of the a. 8 oil and gas gross production tax during the previous fiscal year in accordance 9 with chapter 57-51, the board of the district shall provide to the board of 10 university and school lands, and to the state treasurer, its evidence of 11 indebtedness indicating that the loan originated under this section. 12 b. If the evidence of indebtedness is payable solely from the school district's 13 allocation of the oil and gas gross production tax in accordance with section 14 57-51-15, the loan does not constitute a general obligation of the school district 15 and may not be considered a debt of the district. 16 If a loan made to a school district is payable solely from the district's allocation of C. 17 the oil and gas gross production tax in accordance with section 57-51-15, the 18 terms of the loan must require that the state treasurer withhold the dollar amount 19 or percentage specified in the loan agreement, from each of the district's oil and 20 gas gross production tax allocations, in order to repay the principal and interest of 21 the evidence of indebtedness. The state treasurer shall deposit the amount 22 withheld into the fund from which the loan originated. 23 Any evidence of indebtedness executed by the board of a school district under d. 24 this subsection is a negotiable instrument and not subject to taxation by the state 25 or any political subdivision of the state. 26 For purposes of this section, a "construction project" means the purchase, lease, <del>10.</del>6. 27 erection, or improvement of any structure or facility by a school board, provided the 28 acquisition or activity is within a school board's authority. 29 **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-36-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is 30 amended and reenacted as follows:

# 1 15.1-36-06. School construction loans - Bank of North Dakota.

- 1. In addition to any construction loans made available under section 15.1-36-02, the Bank of North Dakota may provide up to two hundred fifty million dollars to eligible school districts for school construction loans, except that the total of all loans provided under this section during the first year of the 2015-17 biennium may not exceed fifty percent of the total amount authorized under this subsection until June 30, 2017. After June 30, 2017, no new loans may be provided under this section.
- 2. To be eligible for a loan under this section, the board of a school district shall:
  - a. Propose a new construction or remodeling project with a cost of at least one million dollars and an expected utilization of at least thirty years;
  - b. Obtain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the project under section 15.1-36-01;
  - c. (1) Request from the tax commissioner a statement of the estimated tax increase, in mills and dollars, which would be applicable to a residential parcel of average true and full value within the county in which the school district is headquartered, if a loan under this section and any associated school construction bond issue were to be authorized in accordance with chapter 21-03;
    - (2) Request from the tax commissioner a statement of the estimated tax increase, in mills and dollars, which would be applicable to an acre of cropland and to an acre of noncropland, of average true and full value within the county in which the school district is headquartered, if a loan under this section and any associated school construction bond issue were to be authorized in accordance with chapter 21-03;
    - (3) Publish in the official newspaper of the district the information from the statements required by this subdivision with the notice of the election to authorize the school construction bond issuance in accordance with section 21-03-12; and
    - (4) Post on the school district's website the information from the statements preceding the date of the election to authorize the school construction bond issuance in accordance with chapter 21-03;

amended and reenacted as follows:

1		d. Receive authorization for a bond issue in accordance with chapter 21-03; and
2		e. Submit a completed application to the Bank of North Dakota.
3	3.	With the advice and consent of the superintendent of public instruction, the Bank of
4		North Dakota shall award the loans in accordance with a prioritization system that is
5		based on a review of all applications filed during the twelve-month period preceding
6		April first and gives consideration to:
7		a. Student occupancy and academic needs in the district;
8		b. The age of existing structures to be replaced or remodeled;
9		c. Building design proposals that are based on safety and vulnerability
10		assessments;
11		d. Community support;
12		e. Cost; and
13		f. Any other criteria established in rule by the superintendent of public instruction,
14		after consultation with an interim committee appointed by the legislative
15		management.
16	4.	The term of a loan under this section is twenty years, unless a shorter term is
17		requested by the board of a school district in its application.
18	5.	The interest rate on a loan under this section may not exceed two percent, until July 1,
19		2025. Thereafter, the interest rate on the remainder of a loan under this section:
20		a. May not exceed the Bank of North Dakota's base rate; or
21		b. May be a fixed rate.
22	6.	If a school district's unobligated general fund balance on the preceding June thirtieth
23		exceeds the limitation set forth under section 15.1-27-35.3, the loan amount to which
24		that district is entitled under this section may not exceed eighty percent of the project's
25		cost.
26	7.	The maximum loan amount to which a school district is entitled under this section is
27		twenty million dollars.
28	SEC	TION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-36-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is

1	15.1	-36-	08. Sc	chool construction assistance <u>revolving</u> loan fund <u>- Bank of North</u>
2	<u>Dakota</u>	- Scl	nool d	construction projects - Continuing appropriation.
3	1.	The	scho	ool construction assistance revolving loan fund is a special revolving loan fund
4		<del>in tl</del>	<del>ne sta</del>	tte treasuryadministered by the Bank of North Dakota. The fund consists of:
5		<del>a.</del>	All <u>a</u>	all moneys appropriated or transferred to the fund by the legislative assembly;
6		<del>b.</del>	One	hundred fifty million dollars from the strategic investment and improvements
7			func	d, which had been allocated by the sixty-third legislative assembly for school
8			con	struction loans in accordance with section 15.1-36-02; and
9		<del>C.</del>	All,	all interest or other earnings of the fund, and all repayments of loans made
10			fron	n the fund.
11	2.	Моі	neys i	in the fund, interest upon the moneys in the fund, and payments to the fund of
12		prin	cipal	and interest are appropriated to the Bank of North Dakota on a continuing
13		bas	is for	the purpose of providing low-interest school construction loans and for paying
14		<u>adn</u>	ninistr	rative costs, in accordance with this chaptersection.
15	<u>3.</u>	<u>To l</u>	oe elig	gible for a loan under this section, the board of a school district shall:
16		<u>a.</u>	Pro	pose a new construction or remodeling project with a cost of at least
17			<u>one</u>	million dollars and an expected utilization of at least thirty years;
18		<u>b.</u>	<u>Obt</u>	ain the approval of the superintendent of public instruction for the project
19			<u>und</u>	er section 15.1-36-01;
20		<u>C.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	Publish in the official newspaper of the district the information regarding the
21				proposed estimated additional millage and the dollar increase per one
22				thousand dollars of taxable valuation in accordance with section 21-03-13
23				along with the notice of the election to authorize the school construction
24				bond issuance in accordance with section 21-03-12; and
25			<u>(2)</u>	Post the information on the school district's website preceding the date of
26				the election to authorize the school construction bond issuance in
27				accordance with chapter 21-03;
28		<u>d.</u>	Rec	eive authorization for a bond issue in accordance with chapter 21-03; and
29		<u>e.</u>	Sub	mit a completed application to the Bank of North Dakota.

1	<u>4.</u>	<u>The</u>	superintendent of public instruction shall review loan applications based on a
2		prio	ritization system that includes a review of all applications filed during the
3		twe	ve-month period preceding April first and gives consideration to:
4		<u>a.</u>	Student occupancy and academic needs in the district:
5		<u>b.</u>	The age of existing structures to be replaced or remodeled;
6		<u>C.</u>	Building design proposals that are based on safety and vulnerability
7			assessments;
8		<u>d.</u>	Community support;
9		<u>e.</u>	Cost; and
10		<u>f.</u>	Any other criteria established by the superintendent of public instruction, after
11			consultation with an interim committee appointed by the legislative management.
12	<u>5.</u>	If th	e superintendent of public instruction approves the loan, the Bank of North Dakota
13		<u>sha</u>	Il issue a loan from the school construction assistance revolving loan fund. For a
14		<u>loar</u>	n made under this section:
15		<u>a.</u>	The maximum loan amount for which a school district may qualify is ten million
16			dollars. However, if a school district's unobligated general fund balance on the
17			preceding June thirtieth exceeds the limitation under section 15.1-27-35.3, the
18			loan amount under this section may not exceed eighty percent of the project's
19			cost up to a maximum loan amount of eight million dollars;
20		<u>b.</u>	The term of the loan is twenty years, unless the board of the school district
21			requests a shorter term in the written loan application; and
22		<u>C.</u>	The interest rate of the loan may not exceed two percent per year.
23	<u>6.</u>	<u>The</u>	Bank may adopt policies and establish guidelines to administer this loan program
24		<u>in a</u>	ccordance with this section. The Bank of North Dakota may use a portion of the
25		<u>inte</u>	rest paid on the outstanding loans as a servicing fee to pay for administration costs
26		<u>whi</u>	ch may not exceed one-half of one percent of the amount of the interest payment.
27		<u>The</u>	Bank of North Dakota shall deposit principal and interest payments made by
28		<u>sch</u>	ool districts for loans under this section in the school construction assistance
29		revo	olving loan fund. The Bank of North Dakota shall arrange for the conduct of an
30		ann	ual audit of the school construction assistance revolving loan fund, the cost of

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- 1 which must be paid from the fund and which must be conducted by an independent 2 accounting firm.
- 3 SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 7 of section 21-03-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
  - The governing body of any public school district may also by resolution adopted by a two-thirds vote dedicate the tax levies as authorized by section 15.1-09-47, 15.1-09-49, or 57-15-16 and may authorize and issue general obligation bonds to be paid by these dedicated levies for the purpose of providing funds for the purchase, construction, reconstruction, or repair of public school buildings or for the construction or improvement of a project under section 15.1-36-02 or 15.1-36-0315.1-36-08. The initial resolution authorizing the tax levy dedication and general obligation bonds must be published in the official newspaper of the school district, and any owner of taxable property within the school district may, within sixty days after publication, file with the business manager of the school district a protest against the adoption of the resolution. Protests must be in writing and must describe the property that is the subject of the protest. If the governing body finds the protests to have been signed by the owners of taxable property having an assessed valuation equal to five percent or more of the assessed valuation of all taxable property within the school district, as theretofore last finally equalized, all further proceedings under the initial resolution are barred.
  - SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 54-44.1-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

# 54-44.1-12. Control over rate of expenditures.

The director of the budget shall exercise continual control over the execution of the budget affecting the departments and agencies of state government, with the exception of the legislative and judicial branches. Execution means the analysis and approval of all commitments for conformity with the program provided in the budget, frequent comparison of actual revenues and budget estimates, and on the basis of these analyses and comparisons control the rate of expenditures through a system of allotments. The allotment must be made by specific fund and all departments and agencies that receive moneys from that fund must be allotted on a uniform percentage

and enacted as follows:

1 basis, except that general fund appropriations to the department of public instruction 2 for state school aid, transportation aid, and special education aid and general fund 3 appropriations to the department of career and technical education for grants to school 4 districts may enly be allotted only to the extent that the allotment can be offset by 5 transfers from the foundation aid stabilization fund as follows: 6 The first two and one-half percent allotment from the general fund must be offset 7 with a transfer from the foundation aid stabilization fund. 8 Any general fund allotment in excess of two and one-half percent that is b. 9 necessary, after all moneys available in the budget stabilization fund have been 10 transferred to the general fund under section 54-27.2-03, may be offset with a 11 transfer from the foundation aid stabilization fund. 12 2. Before an allotment is made which will reduce the amount of funds which can be 13 disbursed pursuant to an appropriation or before an allotment disallowing a specific 14 expenditure is made, the director shall find one or more of the following circumstances 15 to exist: 16 The moneys and estimated revenues in a specific fund from which the a. 17 appropriation is made are insufficient to meet all legislative appropriations from 18 the fund. 19 The payment or the obligation incurred is not authorized by law. b. 20 The expenditure or obligation is contrary to legislative intent as recorded in any C. 21 reliable legislative records, including: 22 Statements of legislative intent expressed in enacted appropriation (1) 23 measures or other measures enacted by the legislative assembly; and 24 (2) Statements of purpose of amendment explaining amendments to enacted 25 appropriation measures, as recorded in the journals of the legislative 26 assembly. 27 d. Circumstances or availability of facts not previously known or foreseen by the 28 legislative assembly which make possible the accomplishment of the purpose of 29 the appropriation at a lesser amount than that appropriated. 30 SECTION 7. A new section to chapter 54-27 of the North Dakota Century Code is created

# Definitions for the foundation aid stabilization fund - Uses of the foundation aid stabilization fund.

- 1. For the purposes of section 24 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota:
  - a. "Education-related purposes" means purposes related to public elementary and secondary education.
  - b. "State aid to school districts" means:
    - (1) The general fund appropriations to the department of public instruction for state school aid, transportation aid, and special education aid; and
    - (2) The general fund appropriations to the department of career and technical education for grants to school districts and area centers.
- 2. Any accessible funds in the foundation aid stabilization fund, exceeding the required reserves under section 24 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota, may be used only for education-related purposes, including state aid to school districts, career and technical education grants to school districts and area centers, and education-related property tax relief.

**SECTION 8. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 57-62-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

Thirty percent must be deposited in a permanent trust fund in the state treasury, to be known as the coal development trust fund, pursuant to section 21 of article X of the Constitution of North Dakota. Those funds held in trust and administered by the board of university and school lands on March 5, 1981, pursuant to section 12, chapter 563, 1975 Session Laws; section 12, chapter 560, 1977 Session Laws; or section 13, chapter 626, 1979 Session Laws must also be deposited in the trust fund created pursuant to this subsection. The fund must be held in trust and administered by the board of university and school lands for loans to coal-impacted counties, cities, and school districts as provided in section 57-62-03 and for loans to school districts pursuant to chapter 15.1-36. The board of university and school lands may invest such funds as are not loaned out as provided in this chapter and may consult with the state investment board as provided by law. The income, including interest payments on loans, from the trust must be used first to replace uncollectible loans made from the fund and the balance must be deposited in the sehool construction assistance

1	loangeneral fund. Loan principal payments must be redeposited in the trust fund. The
2	trust fund must be perpetual and held in trust as a replacement for depleted natural
3	resources subject to the provisions of this chapter and chapter 15.1-36.
4	SECTION 9. REPEAL. Sections 9 and 10 of chapter 153 of the 2015 Session Laws and
5	sections 15-10-60, 15.1-27-46, 15.1-36-02.1, 15.1-36-03, and 15.1-36-07 of the North Dakota
6	Century Code are repealed.
7	SECTION 10. REPEAL. Section 15.1-36-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is repealed.
8	SECTION 11. CONTINGENT TRANSFERS - SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE
9	LOAN FUND TO FOUNDATION AID STABILIZATION FUND - SCHOLARSHIP ENDOWMENT
10	FUND TO FOUNDATION AID STABILIZATION FUND. If the office of management and budget
11	transfers any amounts from the foundation aid stabilization fund to the school construction loan
12	assistance fund or the scholarship endowment fund between December 1, 2016, and the
13	effective date of this Act related to sections 9 and 10 of chapter 153 of the 2015 Session Laws,
14	the office of management and budget shall transfer the amounts back to the foundation aid
15	stabilization fund during the period beginning with the effective date of this Act, and ending
16	June 30, 2017.
17	SECTION 12. CONTINGENT TRANSFER - STRATEGIC INVESTMENT AND
18	IMPROVEMENTS FUND TO SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE REVOLVING LOAN
19	FUND. If the board of university and school lands has not transferred the \$150,000,000
20	referenced in subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 15.1-36-08 as in effect on January 1,
21	2017, from the strategic investment and improvements fund to the school construction
22	assistance revolving loan fund, the board of university and school lands shall transfer
23	\$150,000,000, including any outstanding loans and cash issued pursuant to subdivision b of
24	subsection 1 of section 15.1-36-02 as in effect on January 1, 2017, to the school construction
25	assistance revolving loan fund during the period beginning with the effective date of this Act,
26	and ending June 30, 2017.
27	SECTION 13. TRANSFER - FOUNDATION AID STABILIZATION FUND TO SCHOOL
28	CONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE REVOLVING LOAN FUND. The office of management and
29	budget shall transfer the sum of \$75,000,000 from the foundation aid stabilization fund to the
30	school construction assistance revolving loan fund during the period beginning with the effective
31	date of this Act, and ending June 30, 2019. Of the \$75,000,000 transferred to the school

(2)

\$2,000 for Tier 2 funding.

1 construction assistance revolving loan fund, up to \$50,000,000 must be used to repay the Bank 2 of North Dakota for the outstanding principal balance on a portion of the loans issued under 3 section 15.1-36-06 for the purpose of transferring a portion of the loans issued under section 4 15.1-36-06 from the Bank of North Dakota to the school construction assistance revolving loan 5 fund. The remaining amount transferred to the school construction assistance revolving loan 6 fund is available for new school construction loans. 7 SECTION 14. APPROPRIATION - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION -8 FOUNDATION AID STABILIZATION FUND - ONE-TIME FUNDING. There is appropriated out 9 of any moneys in the foundation aid stabilization fund in the state treasury, not otherwise 10 appropriated, the sum of \$10,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the 11 department of public instruction for the purpose of providing rapid enrollment grants to school 12 districts, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019. The funding 13 provided in this section is considered a one-time funding item. The superintendent of public 14 instruction shall award rapid enrollment grants to eligible districts based on the following criteria: 15 A district is eligible to receive a grant under this section if the number of students 16 reflected in the district's September tenth enrollment report exceeds the number of 17 students in the prior year September tenth enrollment report as follows: 18 a. For Tier 1 funding, the increase must be at least four percent or one hundred fifty 19 students and must be at least twenty students; or 20 For Tier 2 funding, the increase must be at least two percent or seventy-five b. 21 students and must be at least ten students. 22 2. The superintendent of public instruction shall calculate the amount to which an eligible 23 district is entitled as follows: 24 a. Determine the actual percentage increase in the number of students and subtract 25 two from the percentage calculated; 26 Determine the number of students represented by the difference determined in b. 27 subdivision a of this subsection; 28 Multiply the number of students determined in subdivision b of this subsection by: 29 \$4,000 for Tier 1 funding; or (1)

- 3. If the amount of the appropriation provided for in this section is insufficient to meet the obligations of this subsection, the superintendent of public instruction shall prorate the payment based on the percentage of the total amount to which each school district is entitled.
  - 4. The superintendent of public instruction may not expend more than fifty percent of the funds available under this section during the first year of the biennium.
  - 5. Any district that is precluded from receiving state aid under section 15.1-27-35.3 is not eligible to receive a grant under this section.

# 9 SECTION 15. APPROPRIATION - DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION -

- FOUNDATION AID STABILIZATION FUND ONE-TIME FUNDING. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the foundation aid stabilization fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$1,000,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the department of public instruction for the purpose of providing English language learner grants to school districts, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019. The funding provided in this section is considered a one-time funding item. The superintendent of public instruction shall award grants to the four school districts that serve the largest number of first, second, and third level English language learners in kindergarten through grade twelve based on the following criteria:
  - The WIDA test.
    - To determine the amount that a school district may receive under this subsection, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide a pro rata share of the available grant dollars to each eligible district based upon the total number of first, second, and third level English language learners enrolled in the four districts.
    - 3. A district may expend moneys received under this section only for the purpose of enhancing services to first, second, and third level English language learners.
      Permissible purposes include the hiring of additional teachers, interpreters, and social workers for first and second level English language learners and the provision of other ancillary support services and programs, approved by the superintendent of public instruction.
    - 4. The superintendent of public instruction may not award more than fifty percent of the funds available under this section during the first year of the biennium.

Sixty-fifth Legislative Assembly

- 1 **SECTION 16. EFFECTIVE DATE.** Section 10 of this Act becomes effective July 1, 2023.
- 2 **SECTION 17. EMERGENCY.** Sections 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, and 12 of this Act are declared to be
- 3 an emergency measure.