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SECOND ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

REENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1041

Introduced by

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Legislative Management

(Incarceration Issues Committee)

1	A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 12.1-32 of the North Dakota
2	Century Code, relating to presumptive probation; to amend and reenact sections 12-44.1-32,
3	12-54.1-01, 12-59-08, 12.1-17-13, and 12.1-23-05, subsection 2 of section 12.1-32-02,
4	subsections 3 and 6 of section 12.1-32-07, section 19-03.1-22.3, subsection 1 of section
5	19-03.1-22.5, subsections 5 and 7 of section 19-03.1-23, subdivision a of subsection 1 of
6	section 19-03.1-23.1, section 19-03.4-03, subdivision f of subsection 5 of section 39-08-01,
7	section 43-45-06, subsection 17 of section 50-06-05.1, and section 50-09-29 of the North
8	Dakota Century Code, relating to sentence reduction credit, medical paroles, domestic violence
9	offender treatment, grading of theft offenses, credit for time spent in custody, terms and
10	conditions of probation, controlled substances and controlled substance paraphernalia,
11	addiction counseling services, and the supplemental nutrition assistance program; to provide a
12	penalty; to provide for the creation of a pretrial services program pilot project within the
13	department of corrections and rehabilitation; to provide a report to the legislative management;

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

and to provide for a report to the legislative assembly.

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 12-44.1-32 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

12-44.1-32. Performance-based sentence Sentence reduction credit.

The presiding judge of a judicial district in which a correctional facility is located, after consultation with the other judges in the district, may authorize the facility administrator to provide for An inmate sentenced to a correctional facility under this chapter is eligible to earn sentence reductions based upon performance criteria established through by the administrator except that sentence reductions may not be given to offenders sentenced under section 12.1-32-09.1, including sentence reduction for good conduct. While incarcerated in a

- 1 correctional facility, an offender may earn no more than a one-day sentence reduction per six
- 2 days served.
- 3 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 12-54.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 4 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 5 12-54.1-01. Performance-based sentence Sentence reduction.
- 6 Except as provided under section 12.1-32-09.1, offendersan offender committed to the legal
- 7 and physical custody of the department of corrections and rehabilitation are is eligible to earn
- 8 sentence reductions based upon performance criteria established through department and
- 9 penitentiary rules. Performance criteria includes participation in court-ordered or
- 10 staff-recommended treatment and education programs and good work performance. The
- 11 department may credit an offender committed to the legal and physical custody of the
- department who is eligible for sentence reduction five days good time per month for each month
- of the sentence imposed. The department may not credit an offender with any sentence
- 14 reduction for time spent in custody prior tobefore sentencesentencing and commitment, for time-
- 15 under supervised probation, or for any sentence where the incarceration time is six months or
- 16 less to the legal and physical custody of the department. The department may not credit an
- 17 <u>offender with any sentence reduction for time spent on probation under the supervision and</u>
- 18 management of the department.
- 19 **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 12-59-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 20 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 21 12-59-08. Emergency Medical paroles.
- Thelf an inmate, including an inmate whose sentence is subject to sections 12.1-32-02.1
- 23 and 12.1-32-09.1, and an inmate sentenced under subsection 1 of section 12.1-32-01, has a
- 24 <u>serious or terminal medical condition, the</u> parole board may consider whether angrant the
- 25 inmate may receive an emergency a medical parole at a meeting scheduled by the chairman.
- 26 The board may request the inmate to personally appear before the board before the board
- 27 makes a decision whether to grant the inmate an emergency parole. The board may grant or
- 28 deny an emergency parole, or grant a conditional emergency parole, or continue its-
- 29 consideration to another meeting. Two members of the parole board may grant emergency
- 30 parole, subject to terms and conditions of emergency parole that may be established by the two-
- 31 members of the parole board, or by the department of corrections and rehabilitation with the

received.

- approval of the parole board. An inmate who receives an emergencya medical parole remains
 under the jurisdiction of the parole board until the expiration of the maximum term or terms of
 imprisonment for which the inmate was sentenced, less any sentence reduction the inmate has
- **SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Section 12.1-17-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

12.1-17-13. Mandated treatment of domestic violence offenders.

The sentence for an offense under section 12.1-17-01, 12.1-17-01.1, 12.1-17-02, 12.1-17-03, 12.1-17-04, or 12.1-17-05 against an actor's family or household member, as defined in subsection 4 of section 14-07.1-01, must include an order to complete a domestic violence offender evaluation and treatment program as determined by the court. A court may not order the offender to attend anger management classes or individual counseling unless a domestic violence offender treatment program is not reasonably available to the defendant and the court makes findings for the record explaining why an order to complete a domestic violence offender treatment program would be inappropriate.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 12.1-23-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

12.1-23-05. Grading of theft offenses.

- 1. Notwithstanding subsection 3, theft under this chapter is a class A felony if the property or services stolen exceed fifty thousand dollars in value.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 3, theft under this chapter is a class B
 felony if the property or services stolen exceed ten thousand dollars in value but do
 not exceed fifty thousand dollars or are acquired or retained by a threat to commit a
 felony.
- 3. Theft under this chapter is a class C felony if:
 - a. The property or services stolen exceed <u>onetwo</u> thousand <u>five hundred</u> dollars in value;
 - b. The property or services stolen are acquired or retained by threat and (1) are acquired or retained by a public servant by a threat to take or withhold official action, or (2) exceed one hundred dollars in value;

1 The property or services stolen exceed one hundred dollars in value and are C. 2 acquired or retained by a public servant in the course of official duties; 3 d. The property stolen is a firearm, ammunition, or an explosive or destructive 4 device, or an automobile, aircraft, or other motor-propelled vehicle; 5 The property consists of any government file, record, document, or other e. 6 government paper stolen from any government office or from any public servant; 7 The defendant is in the business of buying or selling stolen property and the 8 defendant receives, retains, or disposes of the property in the course of that 9 business; 10 The property stolen consists of any implement, paper, or other thing uniquely g. 11 associated with the preparation of any money, stamp, bond, or other document, 12 instrument, or obligation of this state; 13 h. The property stolen consists of livestock taken from the premises of the owner; 14 The property stolen consists of a key or other implement uniquely suited to 15 provide access to property the theft of which would be a felony and it was stolen 16 to gain such access; 17 The property stolen is a card, plate, or other credit device existing for the purpose j. 18 of obtaining money, property, labor, or services on credit, or is a debit card, 19 electronic fund transfer card, code, or other means of access to an account for 20 the purposes of initiating electronic fund transfers; or 21 k. The property stolen is a prescription drug as defined in section 43-15.3-01. 22 4. All other theft under this chapter is a class A misdemeanor, unless the requirements of 23 subsection 5 are met. 24 5. Theft under this chapter of property or services of a value not exceeding five hundred 25 dollars is a class B misdemeanor if: 26 The theft was not committed by threat; a. 27 b. The theft was not committed by deception by one who stood in a confidential or 28 fiduciary relationship to the victim of the theft; and 29 The defendant was not a public servant or an officer or employee of a financial 30 institution who committed the theft in the course of official duties.

- The special classification provided in this subsection applies if the offense is classified under this subsection in the charge or if, at sentencing, the required factors are established by a preponderance of the evidence.
 - 6. Notwithstanding subsection 3 of section 12.1-06-01, an attempt to commit a theft under this chapter is punishable equally with the completed offense when the actor has completed all of the conduct which the actor believes necessary on the actor's part to complete the theft except receipt of the property.
 - 7. For purposes of grading, the amount involved in a theft under this chapter is the highest value by any reasonable standard, regardless of the actor's knowledge of such value, of the property or services which were stolen by the actor, or which the actor believed that the actor was stealing, or which the actor could reasonably have anticipated to have been the property or services involved. Thefts committed pursuant to one scheme or course of conduct, whether from the same person or several persons, may be charged as one offense and the amounts proved to have been stolen may be aggregated in determining the grade of the offense.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 12.1-32-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

2. Credit against any sentence to a term of imprisonment must be given by the court to a defendant for all time spent in custody as a result of the criminal charge for which the sentence was imposed or as a result of the conduct on which such charge was based. "Time spent in custody" includes time spent in custody in a jail or mental institution for the offense charged, whether that time is spent prior to trial, during trial, pending sentence, or pending appeal. The total amount of credit the defendant is entitled to for time spent in custody and any credit for sentence reduction under section 12-44.1-32 or 12-54.1-01 the defendant is entitled to must be stated in the criminal judgment.

SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 12.1-32-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

3. The court shall provide as an explicit condition of every probation that the defendant may not possess a firearm, destructive device, or other dangerous weapon while the defendant is on probation. Except when the offense is a misdemeanor offense under section 12.1-17-01, 12.1-17-01.1, 12.1-17-05, or 12.1-17-07.1, or chapter 14-07.1, the

	cou	rt may waive this condition of probation if the defendant has pled guilty to, or has		
	bee	n found guilty of, a misdemeanor or infraction offense, the misdemeanor or		
	infra	action is the defendant's first offense, and the court has made a specific finding on		
	the	record before imposition of a sentence or a probation that there is good cause to		
	waiv	ve the condition. The court may not waive this condition of probation if the court		
	places the defendant under the supervision and management of the department			
	corrections and rehabilitation. The court shall provide as an explicit condition of			
	probation that the defendant may not willfully defraud a urine test administered as			
	condition of probation. Unless waived on the record by the court, the court shall als			
	provide as a condition of probation that the defendant undergo various agreed-to			
	com	munity constraints and conditions as intermediate measures of the department of		
	corr	ections and rehabilitation to avoid revocation, which may include:		
	a.	Community service;		
	b.	Day reporting;		
	C.	Curfew;		
	d.	Home confinement;		
	e.	House arrest;		
	f.	Electronic monitoring;		
	g.	Residential halfway house;		
	h.	Intensive supervision program;		
	i.	Up to five nonsuccessive periods of incarceration during any twelve-month		
		period, each of which may not exceed forty-eight consecutive hours; or		
	j.	Participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety program; or		
	<u>k.</u>	One period of incarceration during a period of probation not to exceed thirty		
		consecutive days in lieu of a petition for revocation of probation.		
SEC	OIT	8. AMENDMENT. Subsection 6 of section 12.1-32-07 of the North Dakota		
Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				

6. <u>a.</u> The court, upon notice to the probationer and with good cause, may modify or enlarge the conditions of probation at any time prior to the expiration or termination of the period for which the probation remains conditional.

1 If the defendant violates a condition of probation at any time before the expiration 2 or termination of the period and the petition for revocation of probation is the first 3 petition for revocation for a violation of a condition of probation in the case and 4 the violation does not include the commission of an offense involving violence, a 5 firearm or dangerous weapon, or the commission of a felony offense, or the 6 defendant was on probation for an offense subject to registration under section 7 12.1-32-15, the court may continueshall: 8 (1) Continue the defendant on the existing probation, with or without modifying 9 or enlarging the conditions; 10 (2) Require the defendant to serve up to ninety days of incarceration or the 11 balance of the defendant's sentence, whichever is less, as a condition of 12 probation; or may revoke 13 Revoke the probation and impose a sentence not to exceed ninety days of (3)14 incarceration or the balance of the defendant's sentence, whichever is less. 15 In any other case, the court may revoke the probation and impose any other 16 sentence that was available under section 12.1-32-02 or 12.1-32-09 at the 17 time of initial sentencing or deferment. 18 In the case of suspended execution of sentence, if the defendant violates a <u>C.</u> 19 condition of probation at any time before the expiration or termination of the 20 period and the petition for revocation of probation is the first petition for 21 revocation for a violation of a condition of probation in the case and the violation 22 does not include the commission of an offense involving violence, a firearm or 23 dangerous weapon, or the commission of a felony offense, or the defendant was 24 on probation for an offense subject to registration under section 12.1-32-15, the 25 court may revokeshall: 26 (1) Continue the defendant on the existing probation, with or without modifying 27 or enlarging the conditions; 28 Require the defendant to serve up to ninety days of incarceration or the (2) 29 balance of the defendant's sentence, whichever is less, as a condition of 30 probation; or

1	(3) Revoke the probation and impose a sentence not to exceed ninety days of	<u>of</u>
2	incarceration or the balance of the defendant's sentence, whichever is les	<u>ss.</u>
3	In any other case, the court may revoke the probation and cause the	
4	defendant to suffer the penalty of the sentence previously imposed upon	the
5	defendant.	
6	SECTION 9. A new section to chapter 12.1-32 of the North Dakota Century Code is creat	ted
7	and enacted as follows:	
8	Presumptive probation.	
9	The sentencing court shall sentence an individual convicted of a class C felony offense o	<u>r</u>
10	class A misdemeanor offense to a term of probation at the time of initial sentencing, except for	<u>)r</u>
11	an offense involving domestic violence; an offense in violation of section 12.1-17-07.1, chapte	<u>er</u>
12	12.1-41, or sections 14-07.1-06 or 14-09-22; an offense involving a firearm or dangerous	
13	weapon; or if a mandatory term of incarceration is required by law. The sentencing court may	<u>′</u> _
14	impose a sentence of imprisonment if the sentencing court finds there are aggravating factors	<u>s</u> _
15	present to justify a departure from presumptive probation. The sentencing court shall state the	<u>e</u> _
16	aggravating factors on the record at the time of sentencing. This section does not preclude the	<u>ıe</u>
17	sentencing court from deferring imposition of sentence in accordance with subsection 4 of	
18	section 12.1-32-02 or sentencing an individual to a term of incarceration with credit for time	
19	spent in custody if execution of the sentence is suspended.	
20	SECTION 10. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.1-22.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
21	amended and reenacted as follows:	
22	19-03.1-22.3. Ingesting a controlled substance - Venue for violation - Penalty.	
23	A person who intentionally ingests, inhales, or otherwise takes into the body a controlled	
24	substance, unless the substance was obtained directly from a practitioner or pursuant to a va	ılid
25	prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of the practitioner's profession	nal
26	practice, is guilty of a class AB misdemeanor for a first offense and a class A misdemeanor for	or a
27	second or subsequent offense. The venue for a violation of this section exists in either the	
28	jurisdiction in which the controlled substance was ingested, inhaled, or otherwise taken into the	he
29	body or the jurisdiction in which the controlled substance was detected in the body of the	
30	accused.	

- SECTION 11. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-22.5 of the North Dakota
 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 1. The use of controlled substance analog includes the ingestion, inhalation, absorption, or any other method of taking the controlled substance analog into the body. An individual who intentionally uses a controlled substance analog is guilty of a class C-felonyB misdemeanor for a first offense and a class A misdemeanor for a second or subsequent offense, unless the individual obtains the analog directly from a practitioner or pursuant to a valid prescription or order of a practitioner.

SECTION 12. AMENDMENT. Subsections 5 and 7 of section 19-03.1-23 of the North Dakota Century Code are amended and reenacted as follows:

- 5. A violation of this chapter or a law of another state or the federal government which is equivalent to an offense with respect to the manufacture, delivery, or intent to deliver a controlled substance under this chapter committed while the offender was an adult and which resulted in a plea or finding of guilt must be considered a prior offense under subsections 1, 3, and 4. The prior offense must be alleged in the complaint, information, or indictment. The plea or finding of guilt for the prior offense must have occurred before the date of the commission of the offense or offenses charged in the complaint, information, or indictment.
- 7. a. It is unlawful for any person to willfully, as defined in section 12.1-02-02, possess a controlled substance or a controlled substance analog unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of the practitioner's professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this chapter, but any person who violates section 12-46-24 or 12-47-21 may not be prosecuted under this subsection. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a class C felony A misdemeanor. If, at the time of the offense the person is in or on, or within one thousand feet [300.48 meters] of the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school or a public career and technical education school, the person is guilty of a class B felony, unless the offense involves one ounce [28.35 grams] or less of marijuana.

1		Any person who violates this subsection regarding possession of one ounce-			
2		[28.35 grams] or less of marijuana is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.			
3	<u>b.</u>	If an individual is sentenced to the legal and physical custody of the department			
4		of corrections and rehabilitation under this subsection, the department may place			
5		the individual in a drug and alcohol treatment program designated by the			
6		department. Upon the successful completion of the drug and alcohol treatment			
7		program, the department shall release the individual from imprisonment to begin			
8		any court-ordered period of probation.			
9	<u>C.</u>	If the individual is not subject to any court-ordered probation, the court shall order			
10		the individual to serve the remainder of the sentence of imprisonment on			
11		supervised probation subject to the terms and conditions imposed by the court.			
12	<u>d.</u>	Probation under this subsection may include placement in another facility,			
13		treatment program, or drug court. If an individual is placed in another facility or			
14		treatment program upon release from imprisonment, the remainder of the			
15		sentence must be considered as time spent in custody.			
16	<u>e.</u>	An individual incarcerated under this subsection as a result of a second probation			
17		revocation is not eligible for release from imprisonment upon the successful			
18		completion of treatment.			
19	SECTION	13. AMENDMENT. Subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-23.1 of the			
20	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				
21	a.	The offense involved the manufacture, delivery, or possession, with intent to			
22		manufacture or deliver a controlled substance in or on, or within one thousand			
23		feet [300.48 meters] of, the real property comprising a child care or preschool			
24		facility, or a public or private elementary or secondary school, public career and			
25		technical education school, or a public or private college or university;			
26	SECTION	14. AMENDMENT. Section 19-03.4-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is			
27	amended and reenacted as follows:				
28	19-03.4-03. Unlawful possession of drug paraphernalia - Penalty.				
29	1. A pe	erson may not use or possess with intent to use drug paraphernalia to plant,			
30	prop	pagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce,			
31	prod	cess, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, or conceal a controlled			

- substance in violation of chapter 19-03.1. Any person violating this subsection is guilty of a class C felony if the drug paraphernalia is used, or possessed with intent to be used, to manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, or analyze a controlled substance, other than marijuana, classified in schedule I, II, or III of chapter 19-03.1.
 - 2. A person may not use or possess with the intent to use drug paraphernalia to inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise induce into the human body a controlled substance, other than marijuana, classified in schedule I, II, or III of chapter 19-03.1. A person violating this subsection is guilty of a class-A_B misdemeanor. If a person previously has been convicted of an offense under this title, other than an offense related to marijuana, or an equivalent offense from another court in the United States, a violation of this subsection is a class-C felony A misdemeanor.
 - 3. A person may not use or possess with intent to use drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, or conceal marijuana in violation of chapter 19-03.1. A person violating this subsection is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
 - 4. A person may not use or possess with the intent to use drug paraphernalia to ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body marijuana in violation of chapter 19-03.1. A person violating this subsection is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
 - **SECTION 15. AMENDMENT.** Subdivision f of subsection 5 of section 39-08-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - f. If the offense is subject to subdivision a or b, a municipal court or district court may not suspend a sentence, but may convert each day of a term of imprisonment to ten hours of community service for an offense subject to paragraph 2 of subdivision a. If the offense is subject to subdivision c, the district court may suspend a sentence, except for sixty days' imprisonment, under subsection 3 of section 12.1-32-02 on the condition that the defendant first undergo and complete an evaluation for alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation. If the offense is subject to subdivision d, the district court may suspend a sentence, except for one year's imprisonment, under subsection 3 of

section 12.1-32-02 on the condition that the defendant first undergo and complete an evaluation for alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation. If the defendant is found to be in need of alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation, the district court may order the defendant placed under the supervision and management of the department of corrections and rehabilitation and is subject to the conditions of probation under section 12.1-32-07. The district court may require the defendant to complete alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation under the direction of the drug court program as a condition of probation in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court. The district court may terminate probation under this section when the defendant completes the drug treatment program. If the district court finds that a defendant has failed to undergo an evaluation or complete treatment or has violated any condition of probation, the district court shall revoke the defendant's probation and shall sentence the defendant in accordance with this subsection.

SECTION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 43-45-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

43-45-06. Addiction counseling practice - Exemptions.

- 1. Nothing in this chapter may be construed to prevent any personindividual from doing work within the standards and ethics of that person's individual's profession and calling, provided that if the personindividual is providing addiction treatment or counseling and does not represent to the public, by title or by use of the initials L.A.C., that the personindividual is engaging in the practice of licensed addiction counseling.
- Nothing in this This chapter may be construed to does not prevent addiction counseling trainees or interns in board-approved programs from engaging in addiction counseling related to training.
- **SECTION 17. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 17 of section 50-06-05.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 17. To act as the official agency of the state in the administration of the supplemental nutrition assistance program and to direct and supervise county administration of that program. Provided, however, that the department with the consent of the budget

section of the legislative management may terminate the program if the rate of federal financial participation in administrative costs provided under Public Law 93-347 is decreased or limited, or if the state or counties become financially responsible for all or a portion of the coupon bonus payments under the Food Stamp Act. Unless at least seven years has elapsed since the most recent felony conviction that has as an element the possession, use, or distribution of a controlled substance, the The department shall may not deny assistance under the supplemental nutrition assistance program to any individual who has been convicted of a felony offense that has as an element the possession, use, or distribution of a controlled substance as defined in section 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act [21 U.S.C. 802(6)].

SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 50-09-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

50-09-29. Requirements for administration of temporary assistance for needy families.

- 1. Except as provided in subsections 2, 3, and 4, the department of human services, in its administration of the temporary assistance for needy families program, shall:
 - a. Provide assistance to otherwise eligible women in the third trimester of a pregnancy;
 - Except as provided in subdivision c, afford eligible households benefits for no more than sixty months;
 - Exempt eligible households from the requirements of subdivision b due to mental
 or physical disability of a parent or child, mental or physical incapacity of a
 parent, or other hardship including a parent subject to domestic violence as
 defined in section 14-07.1-01;
 - d. Unless an exemption, exclusion, or disregard is required by law, count income and assets whenever actually available;
 - e. Except as provided in subdivision j, and as required to allow the state to receive funds from the federal government under title IV-A, provide no benefits to noncitizen immigrants who arrive in the United States after August 21, 1996;
 - f. Limit eligibility to households with total available assets, not otherwise exempted or excluded, of a value established by the department;

1 Exclude one motor vehicle of any value in determining eligibility; g. 2 h. Require work activities for all household members not specifically exempted by 3 the department of human services for reasons such as mental or physical 4 disability of a parent or child or mental or physical incapacity of a parent; 5 Establish goals and take action to prevent and reduce the incidence of 6 out-of-wedlock pregnancies and establish numerical goals for reducing the 7 illegitimacy rate for the state for periods through calendar year 2005; 8 To the extent required to allow the state to receive funds from the federal 9 government under title IV-A, provide benefits to otherwise eligible noncitizens 10 who are lawfully present in the United States; 11 k. Establish and enforce standards against program fraud and abuse; 12 Ι. Provide employment placement programs; 13 Exempt from assets and income the savings and proportionate matching funds in m. 14 individual development accounts: 15 n. Determine the unemployment rate of adults living in a county that includes Indian 16 reservation lands and a significant population of Indian individuals by using 17 unemployment data provided by job service North Dakota; 18 0. When appropriate, require household members to complete high school; 19 To the extent required to allow the state to receive funds from the federal p. 20 government under title IV-A, exempt single parents from required work activities; 21 Provide for sanctions, including termination of assistance to the household, if a q. 22 household member fails to cooperate with work requirements; 23 Provide for sanctions, including termination of assistance to the household, if a 24 household member fails, without good cause, to cooperate with child support 25 activities; 26 Deny assistance with respect to a minor child absent from the household for S. 27 more than one calendar month, except as specifically provided by the state 28 agency for absences; 29 Require each household to participate in developing an individual employment 30 plan and provide for sanctions, including termination of assistance to the

1 household, if adult or minor household members age sixteen or older fail to 2 cooperate with the terms of the individual employment plan; 3 u. Provide pre-pregnancy family planning services that are to be incorporated into 4 the temporary assistance for needy families program assessment; 5 Except in cases of pregnancy resulting from rape or incest, not increase the ٧. 6 assistance amount to recognize the increase in household size when a child is 7 born to a household member who was a recipient of assistance under this 8 chapter during the probable month of the child's conception: 9 Disregard earned income as an incentive allowance for no more than twelve W. 10 months; and 11 Consider, and if determined appropriate, authorize demonstration projects in X. 12 defined areas which may provide benefits and services that are not identical to 13 benefits and services provided elsewhere; and 14 Unless at least seven years has elapsed since the most recent felony conviction ∀. 15 that has as an element the possession, use, or distribution of a controlled 16 substance, deny assistance to any individual who has been convicted of a felony 17 offense that has as an element the possession, use, or distribution of a controlled-18 substance as defined in section 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act-19 [21 U.S.C. 802(6)]. 20 2. If the secretary of the United States department of health and human services 21 determines that funds otherwise available for the temporary assistance for needy 22 families program in this state must be reduced or eliminated should the department of 23 human services administer the program in accordance with any provision of 24 subsection 1, the department of human services shall administer the program in a 25 manner that avoids the reduction or loss. 26 If the department of human services determines, subject to the approval of the 3. 27 legislative management, that there is insufficient worker opportunity, due to increases 28 in the unemployment rate, to participate in work activities, the department may 29 administer the temporary assistance for needy families program in a manner different

than provided in subsection 1.

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- If the department of human services determines, subject to the approval of the 2 legislative management, that administration of the temporary assistance for needy 3 families program, in the manner provided by subsection 1, causes otherwise eligible individuals to become a charge upon the counties under chapter 50-01, the 5 department may administer the program in a manner that avoids that result.
 - <u>5.</u> The department of human services may not deny assistance to any individual who has been convicted of a felony offense that has as an element the possession, use, or distribution of a controlled substance as defined in section 102(6) of the Controlled Substance Act [21 U.S.C. 802(6)].

SECTION 19. PRETRIAL SERVICES DIVISION PILOT PROJECT - REPORT TO

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY. The department of corrections and rehabilitation may establish a pretrial services program as a pilot project in one or more judicial districts during the biennium beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019. The pretrial services pilot project must involve coordination among the department, the judicial branch, the commission on legal counsel for indigents, and state and local law enforcement agencies for the provision of pretrial services by the department for the district courts to individuals charged with felony offenses. Pretrial services include risk assessments, background and criminal history background investigations, recommendations for conditions of pretrial release, monitoring and supervision of individuals on pretrial release for compliance with pretrial conditions to assure the individual's appearance at all court proceedings, and reporting violations of pretrial release conditions to the district court. The department and the judicial branch shall provide a report of the process and outcome measures of the pretrial services program and recommendations, together with any legislation required to implement the recommendations, to the sixty-sixth legislative assembly.

SECTION 20. JUSTICE REINVESTMENT INITIATIVE - REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT - REPORT TO LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY. Before September 1, 2018, the department of corrections and rehabilitation and the supreme court shall provide a report to the legislative management regarding the progress of the justice reinvestment initiative. The department of corrections and rehabilitation and the supreme court shall provide a report on the progress of the justice reinvestment initiative to the sixty-sixth legislative assembly.