Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2334

Introduced by

Senators J. Lee, Anderson

Representatives Delmore, Hofstad, Weisz

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact sections 25-17-02.1 and 25-17-07 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to the state's newborn screening program; to amend and reenact
- 3 sections 23-01-03.1, 25-17-00.1, 25-17-01, 25-17-03, 25-17-05, and 25-17-06 of the North

4 Dakota Century Code, relating to the state's newborn screening program; and to repeal section

5 25-17-04 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the state's newborn screening program.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

7	SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 23-01-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
8	amended and reenacted as follows:		
9	23-01-03.1. Newborn metabolic and genetic disease screening tests.		
10	<u>1.</u>	The health council may authorize the use of newborn metabolic and genetic disease	
11		screening tests, as provided for in chapter 25-17, for research purposes. The council-	
12		shall adopt rules to ensure that the results are used for legitimate research purposes-	
13		and to ensure that the confidentiality of the newborns and their families is	
14		protected.shall adopt rules relating to the storage, maintenance, and disposal of blood	
15		spots or other newborn screening specimens.	
16	<u>2.</u>	The health council shall specify a panel of metabolic diseases and genetic diseases	
17		for which newborn screening must be performed. The screening panel must include	
18		disorders and diseases selected by the state health officer with input from an advisory	
19		committee that is approved by the health council.	
20	SEC	CTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 25-17-00.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
21	amended and reenacted as follows:		
22	25-17-00.1. Definitions.		

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

1	1.	"Confirmatory-diagnostic testing" means testing to prove or disprove the presence of a
2		specific metabolic disease or genetic disease.
3	<u>2.</u>	"Confirmatory-diagnostic testing laboratory" means a laboratory performing
4		confirmatory-diagnostic testing.
5	<u>3.</u>	"Department" means the state department of health.
6	<u>4.</u>	"Licensed clinician" means a currently licensed physician, physician assistant, or
7		advanced practice registered nurse.
8	<u>5.</u>	"Low-protein modified food product" means a food product that is specially formulated
9		to have less than one gram of protein per serving and is intended to be used under the
10		direction of a physician for the dietary treatment of a metabolic disease. The term does
11		not include a natural food that is naturally low in protein.
12	2.<u>6.</u>	"Medical food" means a food that is intended for the dietary treatment of a disease or
13		condition for which nutritional requirements are established by medical evaluation and
14		is formulated to be consumed or administered under the direction of a physician.
15	3.<u>7.</u>	"Metabolic disease" and "genetic disease" mean a disease as designated by rule of
16		the state health council for which early identification and timely intervention will lead to
17		a significant reduction in mortality, morbidity, and associated disabilities.
18	<u>8.</u>	"Newborn screening program" means a program facilitating access to appropriate
19		testing, followup, diagnosis, intervention, management, evaluation, and education
20		regarding metabolic diseases and genetic diseases identified in newborns.
21	<u>9.</u>	"Out-of-range screening result" means a screening result that is outside of the
22		expected range of testing results established for a particular disease.
23	<u>10.</u>	"Responsible clinician" means the licensed clinician, midwife, or birth attendant
24		attending a newborn.
25	<u>11.</u>	"Screening" means initial testing of a newborn for the possible presence of metabolic
26		disease or genetic disease.
27	<u>12.</u>	"Screening laboratory" means the laboratory the department selects to perform
28		screening.
29	SEC	TION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 25-17-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
30	amended and reenacted as follows:	

1	25-17-01. Newborn screening education programs and tests.		
2	The	state department of health shall:	
3	1.	Develop and implement a metabolic disease and genetic disease educational program	
4		among physicianslicensed clinicians, hospital staffs, public health nurses, and the	
5		citizens of this state. This educational program must include information about the	
6		nature of the diseases and about screening for the early detection of these diseases	
7		so that proper measures may be taken to reduce mortality, morbidity, and associated	
8		disabilities.	
9	2.	Provide, on a statewide basis, a newborn screening system and short-term followup	
10		services for metabolic and genetic diseasesprogram.	
11	3.	Coordinate with or refer individuals to public and private health care service providers	
12		for long-term followup services for metabolic diseases orand genetic diseases, or both.	
13	<u>4.</u>	Select a screening laboratory.	
14	<u>5.</u>	Store, maintain, and dispose of blood spots used for screening.	
15	SEC	TION 4. Section 25-17-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted	
16	as follow	/S:	
		/s: 7-02.1. Testing and reporting requirements.	
16			
16 17	<u>25-1</u>	7-02.1. Testing and reporting requirements.	
16 17 18	<u>25-1</u>	7-02.1. Testing and reporting requirements. A responsible clinician shall provide the parents and guardians of a newborn written	
16 17 18 19	<u>25-1</u>	7-02.1. Testing and reporting requirements. <u>A responsible clinician shall provide the parents and guardians of a newborn written</u> <u>information on the nature of newborn screening and confirmatory-diagnostic testing.</u>	
16 17 18 19 20	<u>25-1</u>	7-02.1. Testing and reporting requirements. A responsible clinician shall provide the parents and guardians of a newborn written information on the nature of newborn screening and confirmatory-diagnostic testing. The parents or guardians of a newborn may object to screening after receiving the	
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1		clinician which may include confirmatory-diagnostic testing. The responsible clinician	
2		shall ensure the department receives any confirmatory-diagnostic testing results.	
3	<u>5.</u>	A licensed clinician attending a patient with a metabolic disease or genetic disease	
4		that was not detected by the state's newborn screening program shall report the case	
5		to the department.	
6	SEC	TION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 25-17-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
7	7 amended and reenacted as follows:		
8	25-1	7-03. Treatment for positive diagnosis - Registry of cases.	
9	The	state department of health shall:	
10	1.	Follow up with attending physiciansNotify responsible clinicians regarding cases with	
11		positive tests for metabolic diseases or genetic diseases, or both,out-of-range	
12		screening results or positive confirmation-diagnostic testing results in order to	
13		determine the exact diagnosisfacilitate access to appropriate treatment. If the	
14		responsible clinician is not a licensed clinician, the responsible clinician shall refer the	
15		patient to a licensed clinician for appropriate followup care.	
16	2.	Refer every diagnosed case of a metabolic disease or genetic disease, or both, to a	
17		qualified health care providerlicensed clinician for necessary treatment.	
18	3.	Maintain a registry of cases of metabolic diseases and genetic diseases.	
19	4.	Provide medical food at no cost to males under age twenty-two and females under	
20		age forty-five who are diagnosed with phenylketonuria or maple syrup urine disease,	
21		regardless of income. If treatment services under this subsection are provided to an	
22		individual by the department, the department may seek reimbursement from any	
23		government program that provides coverage to that individual for the treatment	
24		services provided by the department.	
25	5.	Offer for sale at cost medical food to females age forty-five and over and to males age	
26		twenty-two and over who are diagnosed with phenylketonuria or maple syrup urine	
27		disease, regardless of income. These individuals are responsible for payment to the	
28		department for the cost of medical food.	
29	6.	Provide low-protein modified food products, if medically necessary as determined by a	
30		qualified health care provider, to females under age forty-five and males under age	

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- 1 twenty-two who are receiving medical assistance and are diagnosed with
- 2 phenylketonuria or maple syrup urine disease.

3 SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 25-17-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is
4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 **25-17-05.** Testing charges.

6 The state health council may adopt rules that establish reasonable fees and may impose-

7 those fees to cover the costs of administering tests under this chapter. All test fees collected by-

8 the state department of health must be deposited in the state department of health operating-

9 account<u>A screening and confirmatory-diagnostic testing laboratory may charge fees for</u>

10 <u>necessary services</u>.

SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 25-17-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

13 **25-17-06.** Pulse oximetry screening for critical congenital heart defects - Exception.

14 Before discharge of a newborn child born in a hospital with a birthing center, the newborn 15 child must receive a pulse oximetry screening for critical congenital heart defects. The 16 screening requirement of this section does not apply if the parents or guardians of a newborn 17 child object to the screening. The state department of health shall provide medical staff and 18 facilities that provide birthing services with notice regarding this screening requirement. For 19 purposes of this chapter, pulse oximetry screening is not a test under section 25-17-05 and a 20 congenital heart defect detected by screening under this section is not a metabolic disease or 21 genetic disease as those terms are used under this chapter.

SECTION 8. Section 25-17-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted asfollows:

24 <u>25-17-07. Institution review board.</u>

- 25 <u>A person that conducts research on blood spots, other specimens, or registry data that is</u>
- 26 maintained by the department shall follow institutional review board processes for human
- 27 research which must include obtaining parent or guardian authorization.
- 28 **SECTION 9. REPEAL.** Section 25-17-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is repealed.