15.0335.03000

Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## SENATE BILL NO. 2104 with House Amendments SENATE BILL NO. 2104

Introduced by

Senator Anderson

Representative Rick C. Becker

2	section 4	section 43-15-10 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to immunity from liability related to			
3	opioid antagonists and limited prescriptive authority for Naloxone rescue kits.				
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:				
5	SEC	SECTION 1. A new section to chapter 23-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is created			
6	and enacted as follows:				
7	<u>Opi</u>	Opioid antagonist prescription, distribution, possession, or use - Immunity from			
8	liability.	<u>.</u>			
9	<u>1.</u>	As	As used in this section:		
10		<u>a.</u>	<u>"He</u>	alth care professional" means a licensed or certified health care professional	
11			who	is working within the scope of practice for that profession. The term may	
12			<u>incl</u>	ude a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, and	
13			<u>pha</u>	rmacist acting in the professional's scope of practice.	
14		<u>b.</u>	<u>"Op</u>	ioid antagonist" means a drug:	
15			<u>(1)</u>	That is approved by the United States food and drug administration for the	
16				treatment of a drug overdose and is recognized by the state department of	
17				health for the treatment of a drug overdose; and	
18			<u>(2)</u>	That when administered negates or neutralizes, in whole or in part, the	
19				pharmacological effects of an opioid in the body.	
20	<u>2.</u>	A h	ealth	care professional acting in good faith may directly or by standing order	
21		prescribe, distribute, or dispense an opioid antagonist, if the health care professional			
22		provides training to:			
23		<u>a.</u>	<u>An i</u>	ndividual at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose; or	

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 23-01 and a new subsection to

1 A family member, friend, or other individual in a position to assist an individual at 2 risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose. 3 <u>3.</u> An individual acting in good faith may receive or possess an opioid antagonist if that 4 individual is: 5 An individual at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose; or <u>a.</u> 6 b. A family member, friend, or other individual in a position to assist an individual at 7 risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose. 8 <u>4.</u> An individual acting in good faith may self-administer an opioid antagonist or 9 administer an opioid antagonist to another individual who the administering individual 10 suspects is at risk of experiencing an opioid overdose. 11 5. An individual may receive, possess, or administer an opioid antagonist under 12 subsection 3 or 4, regardless of whether the individual is the individual for or to whom 13 the opioid antagonist is prescribed, distributed, or dispensed. 14 An individual who prescribes, distributes, dispenses, receives, possesses, or <u>6.</u> 15 administers an opioid antagonist as authorized under this section is immune from civil 16 and criminal liability for such action. A health care professional who prescribes, 17 distributes, or dispenses an opioid antagonist as authorized under this section is not 18 subject to professional discipline for such action. This section does not expand the 19 scope of practice of a health care professional. Immunity from liability or discipline 20 under this subsection does not apply if the individual's actions constitute recklessness, 21 gross negligence, or intentional misconduct. 22 SECTION 2. A new subsection to section 43-15-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is 23 created and enacted as follows: 24 To establish limited prescriptive authority for individuals to distribute opioid antagonist 25 kits, also known as "Naloxone rescue kits." If the board establishes limited prescriptive 26 authority under this subsection, the board shall adopt rules to establish standards that 27

may include training, certification, and continuing education requirements.