Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

FIRST ENGROSSMENT with House Amendments ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2052

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Judiciary Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 27-20, a new section to chapter
- 2 39-08, and a new section to chapter 54-12 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to
- 3 participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety program and the use of drug court for driving
- 4 under the influence offenders; to amend and reenact sections 27-20-10, 27-20-31, 39-06-03,
- 5 subdivision h of subsection 2 of section 39-06-49, section 39-08-01, subsection 2 of section
- 6 39-16-03.1, section 39-20-01, subsection 2 of section 39-20-04, subsections 2 and 3 of section
- 7 39-20-05, and section 39-20-15 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to driving under the
- 8 influence offenses and participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety and drug court programs;
- 9 to provide for retroactive application; and to declare an emergency.

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 11 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 12 amended and reenacted as follows:

13 27-20-10. Informal adjustment.

- Before a petition is filed, the director of juvenile court or other officer of the court
 designated by it, subject to its direction, may give counsel and advice to the parties
 and impose conditions for the conduct and control of the child with a view to an
 informal adjustment if it appears:
- 18 a. The admitted facts bring the case within the jurisdiction of the court;
- b. Counsel, advice, and conditions, if any, for the conduct and control of the child
 without an adjudication would be in the best interest of the public and the child;
 and
- c. The child and the child's parents, guardian, or other custodian consent theretowith knowledge that consent is not obligatory.

1 The giving of counsel and advice and any conditions imposed for the conduct and 2. 2 control of the child cannot extend beyond nine months from the day commenced 3 unless extended by the court for an additional period not to exceed six months and 4 does not authorize the detention of the child if not otherwise permitted by this chapter. 5 If the child admits to driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle in violation 6 of section 39-08-01 or an equivalent ordinance, the child may be required to pay a fine 7 as a condition imposed under this section. 8 3. An incriminating statement made by a participant to the person giving counsel or 9 advice and in the discussions or conferences incident thereto may not be used against 10 the declarant over objection in any hearing except in a hearing on disposition in a 11 juvenile court proceeding or in a criminal proceeding against the declarant after 12 conviction for the purpose of a presentence investigation. 13 If a child is subject to informal adjustment for a violation of section 39-08-01 or 4. 14 equivalent ordinance, or if a child is found to have an alcohol concentration of at least 15 two one-hundredths of one percent by weight at the time of performance of a test 16 within two hours after driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle, the 17 juvenile court shall require the child to participate in the twenty-four seven sobriety-18 program under chapter 54-12 for up to nine months. 19 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 27-20-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is 20 amended and reenacted as follows: 21 27-20-31. Disposition of delinguent child. 22 If the child is found to be a delinquent child, the court may make any of the following orders 23 of disposition best suited to the child's treatment, rehabilitation, and welfare: 24 1. Any order authorized by section 27-20-30 for the disposition of a deprived child; 25 2. Placing the child on probation under the supervision of the director, probation officer, 26 or other appropriate officer of the court or of the court of another state as provided in 27 section 27-20-41 or the director of the county social service board under conditions 28 and limitations the court prescribes; 29 3. Ordering the child to pay a fine if the delinguent act committed by the child constitutes 30 manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle in violation of section 31 12.1-16-02; negligent homicide in violation of section 12.1-16-03; or driving or being in

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1		actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 39-08-01, or an equivalent				
2		ordinance. The court may suspend the imposition of a fine imposed pursuant to this				
3		subsection upon such terms and conditions as the court may determine. Fines				
4		collected pursuant to this subsection must be paid into the county treasury for				
5		disposition pursuant to section 29-27-02.1;				
6	4.	Committing the child to the division of juvenile services or to another state department				
7		to which commitment of delinquent or unruly children may be made. When necessary,				
8		the commitment order may provide that the child initially be placed in a secure facility;				
9	5.	Ordering the child to make monetary restitution to the victim of the offense or to				
10		complete a specified number of hours of community service as determined by the				
11		court, or both;				
12	6.	Ordering the periodic testing for the use of illicit drugs or alcohol pursuant to rules or				
13		policies adopted by the supreme court; or				
14	7.	Ordering the child's participation in a juvenile drug court program.				
15	8.	If a child is adjudicated delinquent for a violation of section 39-08-01 or equivalent				
16		ordinance, or if a child is found to have an alcohol concentration of at least two-				
17		one-hundredths of one percent by weight at the time of performance of a test within-				
18		two hours after driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle, the juvenile court-				
19		shall require the child to participate in the twenty-four seven sobriety program under-				
20		chapter 54-12.				
21	SECTION 3. A new section to chapter 27-20 of the North Dakota Century Code is created					
22	2 and enacted as follows:					
23	Twenty-four seven sobriety program - Participation.					
24	<u>1.</u>	If a child is subject to informal adjustment under section 27-20-10, is found to be				
25		delinquent under section 27-20-31, or is found to be unruly under section 27-20-32,				
26		the juvenile court shall require the child to participate in the twenty-four seven sobriety				
27		program under chapter 54-12 for a period of not less than eight weeks:				
28		a. If the child is found to have violated section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance; or				
29		b. If a child is found to have an alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths				
30		of one percent by weight at the time of performance of a test within two hours				
31		after driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle.				

1	<u>2.</u>	If a child is subject to informal adjustment under section 27-20-10 and is required to
2		participate in the twenty-four seven sobriety program, the period of participation may
3		not exceed nine months.
4	<u>3.</u>	If a child required to participate in the twenty-four seven sobriety program under this
5		section fails to comply with program requirements without being excused, the testing
6		site shall notify the juvenile court and refer the child to the juvenile court for further
7		disposition. The child may not be detained or otherwise taken into custody without
8		authorization from the juvenile court.
9	SEC	TION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 39-06-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
11	39-0	6-03. No operator's license to certain individuals.
12	The	director may not issue an operator's license:
13	1.	To an individual who is under the age of sixteen years, except that the director may
14		issue an instructional permit under section 39-06-04, a restricted permit under section
15		39-06-05, or a license under section 39-06-17.
16	2.	To an individual whose license has been suspended or revoked in this state or in any
17		other state during the suspension, except under section 39-06.1-03 or 39-06.1-11, or
18		to any person whose license has been revoked, except under sections 39-06-35,
19		39-06-36, and 39-06.1-11.
20	3.	To an individual who is a habitual drunkard, is a habitual user of narcotic drugs, or is a
21		habitual user of any other drug to a degree that renders the individual incapable of
22		safely operating a motor vehicle. The director has good cause to believe that an
23		individual is a habitual drunkard or drug user if the individual has three or more
24		convictions for violating section 39-08-01, or equivalent ordinance, or three or more-
25		administrative suspensions under chapter 39-20 within a five-year period. An individual-
26		who is a habitual drunkard or user may provide the director with adequate proof of the
27		removal of the habit which may include satisfactory completion of a licensed alcohol or-
28		drug treatment program.
29	4.	To an individual who has previously been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering
30		from any mental disability or disease and who has not at the time of application been
31		restored to competency by the methods provided by law.

1	<u>5.4.</u>	o an individual who is required by this chapter to take an examination, unless the				
2		ndividual has successfully passed such examination.				
3	6.<u>5.</u>	o an individual who is required under the laws of this state to deposit security or file				
4		proof of financial responsibility and who has not deposited the security or filed the				
5		proof.				
6	7.<u>6.</u>	o an individual if the director has good cause to believe that the individual by reason				
7		of physical or mental disability would not be able to operate a motor vehicle with safety				
8						
9	8.<u>7.</u>	o an individual when the director has good cause to believe that the operation of a				
10		notor vehicle on the highways by that individual would be inimical to public safety or				
11		velfare.				
12	SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subdivision h of subsection 2 of section 39-06-49 of the North					
13	Dakota (entury Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				
14		n. Reinstatement after suspension is fifty dollars unless the suspension was the				
15		result of a suspension under subsection 4, 5, or 7 <u>3, 4, or 6</u> of section 39-06-03 or				
16		subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 39-06-32, then the fee is twenty-five				
17		dollars, or unless the suspension was a result of a violation under section				
18		39-08-01 or chapter 39-20, then the fee is one hundred dollars.				
19	SEC	ION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 39-08-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
20	amende	and reenacted as follows:				
21	39-0	01. Persons under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any other drugs or				
22	substan	es not to operate vehicle - Penalty.				
23	1.	A person may not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle upon a highway				
24		or upon public or private areas to which the public has a right of access for vehicular				
25		ise in this state if any of the following apply:				
26		a. That person has an alcohol concentration of at least eight one-hundredths of one				
27		percent by weight at the time of the performance of a chemical test within two				
28		hours after the driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle.				
29		b. That person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor.				

1		C.	Tha	t person is under the influence of any drug or substance or combination of		
2			druថ្	gs or substances to a degree which renders that person incapable of safely		
3			driv	ing.		
4		d.	Tha	t person is under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drugs or		
5			sub	stances to a degree which renders that person incapable of safely driving.		
6		e.	Tha	t individual refuses to submit to any of the following:		
7			(1)	A chemical test, or tests, of the individual's blood, breath, or urine to		
8				determine the alcohol concentration or presence of other drugs, or		
9				combination thereof, in the individual's blood, breath, or urine, at the		
10				direction of a law enforcement officer under section 39-06.2-10.2 if the		
11				individual is driving or is in actual physical control of a commercial motor		
12				vehicle; or		
13			(2)	A chemical test, or tests, of the individual's blood, breath, or urine to		
14				determine the alcohol concentration or presence of other drugs, or		
15				combination thereof, in the individual's blood, breath, or urine, at the		
16				direction of a law enforcement officer under section 39-20-01; or		
17			(3)	An onsite screening test, or tests, of the individual's breath for the purpose		
18				of estimating the alcohol concentration in the individual's breath upon the		
19				request of a law enforcement officer under section 39-20-14.		
20		The	e fact	that any person charged with violating this section is or has been legally		
21		enti	entitled to use alcohol or other drugs or substances is not a defense against any			
22		cha	rge fo	or violating this section, unless a drug which predominately caused		
23		imp	airme	ent was used only as directed or cautioned by a practitioner who legally		
24		pre	prescribed or dispensed the drug to that person. If the individual violated subdivisions			
25		<u>a, b</u>), C, O	r d of this subsection and subdivision e of this subsection and the violations		
26		aros	<u>se fro</u>	m the same incident, for purposes of suspension or revocation of an		
27		ope	rator'	s license, the violations are deemed a single violation and the court shall		
28		forward to the department of transportation only the conviction for driving under the				
29		<u>influ</u>	lence	or actual physical control.		
30	2.	<u>a.</u>	An i	ndividual who operates a motor vehicle on a highway or on public or private		
31			area	as to which the public has a right of access for vehicular use in this state who		

1		refuses to submit to a chemical test, or tests, required under section
2		39-06.2-10.2, 39-20-01, or 39-20-14, is guilty of an offense under this section.
3		b. An individual is not subject to an offense under this section for refusal to submit
4		to an onsite screening test under section 39-20-14 if the person submits to a
5		chemical test under section 39-20-01 or 39-06.2-10.2 for the same incident. Upon
6		the individual's refusal to submit to an onsite screening test, the police officer
7		shall inform the individual that the individual may remedy the refusal if the
8		individual takes a chemical test under section 39-20-01 or 39-06.2-10.2 for the
9		same incident.
10	3.	An individual violating this section or equivalent ordinance is guilty of a class B
11		misdemeanor for the first or second offense in a seven-year period, of a class A
12		misdemeanor for a third offense in a seven-year period, and of a class C felony for any
13		fourth or subsequent offense regardless of the length of time since the previous
14		offensewithin a fifteen-year period. The minimum penalty for violating this section is as
15		provided in subsection 5. The court shall take judicial notice of the fact that an offense
16		would be a subsequent offense if indicated by the records of the director or may make
17		a subsequent offense finding based on other evidence.
18	4.	Upon conviction of a second or subsequent offense within seven years under this
19		section or equivalent ordinance, the court may order the motor vehicle number plates
20		of all of the motor vehicles owned and operated by the offender at the time of the
21		offense to be destroyed by the office of the police officer that made the arrest. The
22		offender shall deliver the number plates to the court without delay at a time certain as
23		ordered by the court following the conviction. The court shall deliver the number plates
24		to the office and notify the department of the order. An offender who does not provide
25		the number plates to the court at the appropriate time is subject to revocation of
26		probation. The court may make an exception to this subsection, on an individual basis,
27		to avoid undue hardship to an individual who is completely dependent on the motor
28		vehicle for the necessities of life, including a family member of the convicted individual
29		and a coowner of the motor vehicle, or if the offender is participating in the twenty-four
30		seven sobriety program.

1	5.	Аp	erson convicted of violating this section, or an equivalent ordinance, must be					
2		sen	sentenced in accordance with this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, unless					
3		the	the context otherwise requires, "drug court program" means a district court-supervised					
4		trea	atment program approved by the supreme court which combines judicial-					
5		sup	pervision with alcohol and drug testing and chemical addiction treatment in a					
6		lice	nsed treatment program. The supreme court may adopt rules, including rules of					
7		pro	cedure, for drug courts and the drug court program.					
8		a.	(1) For a first offense, the sentence must include both a fine of at least five					
9			hundred dollars and an order for addiction evaluation by an appropriate					
10			licensed addiction treatment program.					
11			(2) In addition, for a first offense when the convicted person has an alcohol					
12			concentration of at least sixteen one-hundredths of one percent by weight,					
13			the offense is an aggravated first offense and the sentence must include a					
14			fine of at least seven hundred fifty dollars and at least two days'					
15			imprisonment.					
16		b.	For a second offense within seven years, the sentence must include at least ten					
17			days' imprisonment, of which forty-eight hours must be served consecutively; a					
18			fine of one thousand five hundred dollars; an order for addiction evaluation by an					
19			appropriate licensed addiction treatment program; and at least twelve-					
20			months'three hundred sixty days' participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety					
21			program under chapter 54-12 as a mandatory condition of probation.					
22		C.	For a third offense within seven years, the sentence must include at least one					
23			hundred twenty days' imprisonment; a fine of at least two thousand dollars; an					
24			order for addiction evaluation by an appropriate licensed addiction treatment					
25			program; at least one year'sthree hundred sixty days' supervised probation; and					
26			at least three hundred sixty days' participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety					
27			program under chapter 54-12 as a mandatory condition of probation.					
28		d.	For a fourth or subsequent offense within fifteen years, the sentence must include					
29			at least one year and one day's imprisonment; a fine of at least two thousand					
30			dollars; an order for addiction evaluation by an appropriate licensed treatment					
31			program; at least two years' supervised probation; and participation in the twenty-					

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four seven sobriety program under chapter 54-12 as a mandatory condition of probation.

- 3 e. The imposition of sentence under this section may not be deferred under 4 subsection 4 of section 12.1-32-02 for an offense subject to this section. 5 If the offense is subject to subdivision a or b, a municipal court or district court f. 6 may not suspend a sentence, but may convert each day of a term of 7 imprisonment to ten hours of community service for an offense subject to 8 paragraph 2 of subdivision a. If the offense is subject to subdivision c, the district 9 court may suspend a sentence, except for sixty days' imprisonment, under 10 subsection 3 of section 12.1-32-02 on the condition that the defendant first 11 undergo and complete an evaluation for alcohol and substance abuse treatment 12 and rehabilitation and upon completion of the twenty-four seven sobriety 13 program. If the offense is subject to subdivision d, the district court may suspend 14 a sentence, except for one year's imprisonment, under subsection 3 of section 15 12.1-32-02 on the condition that the defendant first undergo and complete an 16 evaluation for alcohol and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation. If the 17 defendant is found to be in need of alcohol and substance abuse treatment and 18 rehabilitation, the district court may order the defendant placed under the 19 supervision and management of the department of corrections and rehabilitation 20 and is subject to the conditions of probation under section 12.1-32-07. The district 21 court may require the defendant to complete alcohol and substance abuse 22 treatment and rehabilitation under the direction of the drug court program as a 23 condition of probation in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court. If 24 the district court finds that a defendant has failed to undergo an evaluation or 25 complete treatment or has violated any condition of probation, the district court 26 shall revoke the defendant's probation and shall sentence the defendant in 27 accordance with this subsection.
- 28g.For purposes of this section, conviction of an offense under a law or ordinance of29another state which is equivalent to this section must be considered a prior30offense if such offense was committed within the time limitations specified in this31section.

1 If the penalty mandated by this section includes imprisonment or placement upon h. 2 conviction of a violation of this section or equivalent ordinance, and if an 3 addiction evaluation has indicated that the defendant needs treatment, the court 4 may order the defendant to undergo treatment at an appropriate licensed 5 addiction treatment program under subdivision g of subsection 1 of section 6 12.1-32-02 and the time spent by the defendant in the treatment must be credited 7 as a portion of a sentence of imprisonment or placement under this section. A 8 court may not order the department of corrections and rehabilitation to be 9 responsible for the costs of treatment in a private treatment facility. 10 i. If the court sentences an individual to the legal and physical custody of the 11 department of corrections and rehabilitation, the department may place the 12 individual in an alcohol treatment program designated by the department. Upon 13 the individual's successful completion of the alcohol treatment program, the 14 department shall release the individual from imprisonment to serve the remainder 15 of the sentence of imprisonment on probation, which may include placement in 16 another facility or treatment program. If an individual is placed in another facility 17 or treatment program after release from imprisonment, the remainder of the 18 individual's sentence of imprisonment must be considered time spent in custody. 19 If the individual has participated in the twenty-four seven sobriety program as a Ĺ. 20 condition of pretrial release or for the purpose of receiving a temporary restricted 21 operator's license under section 39-06.1-11, the sentencing court may give credit 22 for the time the individual has already served on the twenty-four seven sobriety 23 program when determining the amount of time the individual must serve on the 24 twenty-four seven sobriety program for the purposes of probation, if that 25 individual has not violated the twenty-four seven sobriety program before 26 sentencing. 27 6. As used in subdivisions b and c of subsection 5, the term "imprisonment" includes 28 house arrest. As a condition of house arrest, a defendant may not consume alcoholic 29 beverages. The house arrest must include a program of electronic home detention and 30 the defendant shall participate in the twenty-four seven sobriety program. The 31 defendant shall defray all costs associated with the electronic home detention. For an

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1		offense under subdivision b or c of subsection 5, no more than ninety percent of the
2		sentence may be house arrest.
3	7.	As used in this title, participation in the twenty-four seven sobriety program under
4		chapter 54-12 means compliance with sections 54-12-27 through 54-12-31, and
5		requires sobriety breath testing twice per day seven days per week or electronic
6		alcohol monitoring, urine testing, or drug patch testing. The offender is responsible for
7		all twenty-four seven sobriety program fees and the court may not waive the fees. For
8		purposes of this section, the twenty-four seven sobriety program is a condition of
9		probation and a court may not order participation in the program as part of the
10		sentence.
11	SEC	CTION 7. A new section to chapter 39-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
12	and ena	cted as follows:
13	Part	tial suspension of sentence for drug court completion.
14	<u>1.</u>	Notwithstanding section 39-08-01, all but ten days of the minimum mandatory
15		sentence required for a defendant charged with a third or subsequent violation of
16		section 39-08-01 may be suspended on the condition the defendant successfully
17		completes a drug court program approved by the supreme court.
18	<u>2.</u>	For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires, "drug court
19		program" means a district court-supervised treatment program approved by the
20		supreme court which combines judicial supervision with alcohol and drug testing and
21		chemical addiction treatment in a licensed treatment program. The supreme court may
22		adopt rules, including rules of procedure, for drug courts and the drug court program.
23	SEC	CTION 8. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 39-16-03.1 of the North Dakota
24	Century	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
25	2.	After the period of suspension ceases, an entry concerning a suspension under
26		subsection 4, 5, 6, or 7<u>3, 4, 5, or 6</u> of section 39-06-03 or subsection 2, 5, or 6 of
27		section 39-06-32.
28	SEC	TION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
29	amende	d and reenacted as follows:

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1 **39-20-01**. Implied consent to determine alcohol concentration and presence of drugs.

2 Any individual who operates a motor vehicle on a highway or on public or private 1. 3 areas to which the public has a right of access for vehicular use in this state is deemed 4 to have given consent, and shall consent, subject to the provisions of this chapter, to a 5 chemical test, or tests, of the blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the 6 alcohol concentration or presence of other drugs, or combination thereof, in the 7 individual's blood, breath, or urine. As used in this chapter, the word "drug" means any 8 drug or substance or combination of drugs or substances which renders an individual 9 incapable of safely driving, and the words "chemical test" or "chemical analysis" mean 10 any test to determine the alcohol concentration or presence of other drugs, or 11 combination thereof, in the individual's blood, breath, or urine, approved by the 12 director of the state crime laboratory or the director's designee under this chapter.

- 13 2. The test or tests must be administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer 14 only after placing the individual, except individuals mentioned in section 39-20-03. 15 under arrest and informing that individual that the individual is or will be charged with 16 the offense of driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle upon the public 17 highways while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, drugs, or a combination 18 thereof. For the purposes of this chapter, the taking into custody of a child under 19 section 27-20-13 or an individual under twenty-one years of age satisfies the 20 requirement of an arrest. The law enforcement officer shall determine which of the 21 tests is to be used.
- 22 3. The law enforcement officer shall inform the individual charged that North Dakota a. 23 law requires the individual to take the test to determine whether the individual is 24 under the influence of alcohol or drugs; that refusal to take the test directed by 25 the law enforcement officer is a crime punishable in the same manner as driving 26 under the influence; and that refusal of the individual to submit to the test directed 27 by the law enforcement officer may result in a revocation for a minimum of one 28 hundred eighty days and up to three years of the individual's driving privileges. 29 The law enforcement officer shall determine which of the tests is to be used. 30 b. A test administered under this section is not admissible in any criminal or
 - administrative proceeding to determine a violation of section 39-08-01 or this

1		<u>cha</u>	apter if the law enforcement officer fails to inform the individual charged as
2		req	uired under subdivision a.
3	4.	When a	n individual under the age of eighteen years is taken into custody for violating
4		section	39-08-01 or an equivalent ordinance, the law enforcement officer shall attempt
5		to conta	ct the individual's parent or legal guardian to explain the cause for the custody.
6		Neither	the law enforcement officer's efforts to contact, nor any consultation with, a
7		parent o	r legal guardian may be permitted to interfere with the administration of
8		chemica	I testing requirements under this chapter. The law enforcement officer shall
9		mail a n	otice to the parent or legal guardian of the minor within ten days after the test
10		results a	are received or within ten days after the minor is taken into custody if the minor
11		refuses	to submit to testing. The notice must contain a statement of the test performed
12		and the	results of that test; or if the minor refuses to submit to the testing, a statement
13		notifying	of that fact. The attempt to contact or the contacting or notification of a parent
14		or legal	guardian is not a precondition to the admissibility of chemical test results or
15		the findi	ng of a consent to, or refusal of, chemical testing by the individual in custody.
16	SEC	TION 10	. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 39-20-04 of the North Dakota
17	Century	Code is a	amended and reenacted as follows:
18	2.	A persor	n's driving privileges are not subject to revocation under subdivision a of
19		subsecti	on 1 if all of the following criteria are met:
20		a. An	administrative hearing is not held under section 39-20-05;
21		b. The	e person mails an affidavit to the director within twenty-five days after the
22		ten	porary operator's permit is issued. The affidavit must state that the person:
23		(1)	Intends to voluntarily plead guilty to violating section 39-08-01 or equivalent
24			ordinance within twenty-five days after the temporary operator's permit is
25			issued;
26		(2)	Agrees that the person's driving privileges must be suspended as provided
27			under section 39-06.1-10;
28		(3)	Acknowledges the right to a section 39-20-05 administrative hearing and
29			section 39-20-06 judicial review and voluntarily and knowingly waives these
30			rights; and

1			(4)	Agrees that the person's driving privileges must be revoked as provided			
2				under this section without an administrative hearing or judicial review, if the			
3				person does not plead guilty within twenty-five days after the temporary			
4				operator's permit is issued, or the court does not accept the guilty plea, or			
5				the guilty plea is withdrawn;			
6		C.	The	person pleads guilty to violating section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance			
7			with	in twenty-five days after the temporary operator's permit is issued;			
8		d.	The	court accepts the person's guilty plea and a notice of that fact is mailed to			
9			the	director within twenty-five days after the temporary operator's permit is			
10			issu	ed; and			
11		e.	Acc	ppy of the final order or judgment of conviction evidencing the acceptance of			
12			the	person's guilty plea is received by the director prior to the return or			
13			rein	statement of the person's driving privileges.			
14	SEC	TIO	N 11.	AMENDMENT. Subsections 2 and 3 of section 39-20-05 of the North Dakota			
15	Century	Code	e are	amended and reenacted as follows:			
16	2.	lf th	f the issue to be determined by the hearing concerns license suspension for operating				
17		a m	motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of at least eight one-hundredths				
18		of one percent by weight or, with respect to an individual under twenty-one years of					
19		age, an alcohol concentration of at least two one-hundredths of one percent by weight,					
20		the hearing must be before a hearing officer assigned by the director and at a time and					
21		place designated by the director. The hearing must be recorded and its scope may					
22		cover only the issues of whether the arresting officer had reasonable grounds to					
23		believe the individual had been driving or was in actual physical control of a vehicle in					
24		viola	ation	of section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance or, with respect to an individual			
25		und	er two	enty-one years of age, the individual had been driving or was in actual			
26		phy	sical	control of a vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of at least two			
27		one	-hunc	dredths of one percent by weight; whether the individual was placed under			
28		arre	est, ur	nless the individual was under twenty-one years of age and the alcohol			
29		con	centra	ation was less than eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight, then			
30		arre	est is i	not required and is not an issue under any provision of this chapter; whether			
31		the	indivi	dual was tested in accordance with section 39-20-01 or 39-20-03 and, if			

1 applicable, section 39-20-02; and whether the test results show the individual had an 2 alcohol concentration of at least eight one-hundredths of one percent by weight or, 3 with respect to an individual under twenty-one years of age, an alcohol concentration 4 of at least two one-hundredths of one percent by weight. For purposes of this section, 5 a copy of a certified copy of an analytical report of a blood or urine sample from the 6 director of the state crime laboratory or the director's designee, or electronically posted 7 by the director of the state crime laboratory or the director's designee on the crime 8 laboratory information management system and certified by a law enforcement officer 9 or individual who has authorized access to the crime laboratory management system 10 through the criminal justice data information sharing system or a certified copy of the 11 checklist and test records from a certified breath test operator, and a copy of a certified 12 copy of a certificate of the director of the state crime laboratory designating the 13 director's designees, establish prima facie the alcohol concentration or the presence of 14 drugs, or a combination thereof, shown therein. Whether the individual was informed-15 that the privilege to drive might be suspended based on the results of the test is not an 16 issue.

17 3. If the issue to be determined by the hearing concerns license revocation for refusing to 18 submit to a test under section 39-20-01 or 39-20-14, the hearing must be before a 19 hearing officer assigned by the director at a time and place designated by the director. 20 The hearing must be recorded. The scope of a hearing for refusing to submit to a test 21 under section 39-20-01 may cover only the issues of whether a law enforcement 22 officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual 23 physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 39-08-01 or equivalent ordinance or, 24 with respect to a person under twenty-one years of age, the person had been driving 25 or was in actual physical control of a vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of 26 at least two one-hundredths of one percent by weight; whether the person was placed 27 under arrest; and whether that person refused to submit to the test or tests. The scope 28 of a hearing for refusing to submit to a test under section 39-20-14 may cover only the 29 issues of whether the law enforcement officer had reason to believe the person 30 committed a moving traffic violation or was involved in a traffic accident as a driver, 31 whether in conjunction with the violation or the accident the officer has, through the

1	officer's observations, formulated an opinion that the person's body contains alcohol
2	and, whether the person refused to submit to the onsite screening test. Whether the
3	person was informed that the privilege to drive would be revoked or denied for refusal-
4	to submit to the test or tests is not an issue.
5	SECTION 12. AMENDMENT. Section 39-20-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended
6	and reenacted as follows:
7	39-20-15. Restricted license upon twenty-four seven sobriety program participation.
8	Any driver suspended under this chapter may elect to participate in the twenty-four seven
9	sobriety program under chapter 54-12. The director may issue a temporary restricted license
10	that takes effect after fifteen fourteen days of the suspension have been served provided that the
11	driver is not subject to any unrelated suspension. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an
12	individual may not receive a temporary restricted operator's license until after fourteen days
13	after the administrative hearing on the offense under this chapter has been waived or held, or
14	after fourteen days of the final appeal, whichever is longer.
15	SECTION 12. A new section to chapter 54-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
16	and enacted as follows:
17	Law enforcement acceptance of department of transportation action.
18	A law enforcement agency shall accept, the same as if ordered by the court, an individual
19	as part of the twenty-four seven program if the individual provides documentation that the
20	individual will be issued a temporary restricted license by the department of transportation
21	which is conditioned on participation in the twenty-four seven program.
22	SECTION 13. RETROACTIVE APPLICATION. Subsection 1 of section 39-01-08, as
23	amended by section 6 of this Act, applies retroactively to violations of subdivision a, b, c, or d of
24	subsection 1 of section 39-08-01 and subdivision e of subsection 1 of section 39-08-01 which
25	arose from the same incident and which occurred on or after June 30, 2013.
26	SECTION 14. EMERGENCY. This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.