FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1328

Introduced by

Representatives Rick C. Becker, Beadle, Boehning, Kasper, Klemin, Ruby, Thoreson, Toman Senators Anderson, Hogue, Larsen, Unruh

- 1 A BILL for an Act to provide for limitations on the use of unmanned aerial vehicle for
- 2 surveillance.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

4 SECTION 1.

5 **Definitions.**

- 6 <u>As used in this Act:</u>
- 7 <u>1.</u> "Flight data" means imaging or other observation recording.
- 8 <u>2.</u> "Flight information" means flight duration, flight path, and mission objective.
- 9 3. "Law enforcement agency or agents" has the meaning provided for law enforcement
 10 officer in section 12.1-01-04.
- 11 <u>4.</u> <u>"Unmanned aerial vehicle" means any aerial vehicle that is operated without the</u>
- possibility of direct human intervention within or on the aerial vehicle. The term does
 not include satellites.
- 14 <u>5.</u> <u>"Unmanned aerial vehicle system" means an unmanned aerial vehicle and associated</u>
- 15 elements, including communication links and the components that control the
- 16 <u>unmanned aerial vehicle, which are required for the pilot in command to operate safely</u>
- 17 <u>and efficiently in state airspace.</u>
- 18 SECTION 2.
- 19 Limitations on use of unmanned aerial vehicle system.
- 20 <u>1.</u> Information obtained from an unmanned aerial vehicle is not admissible in a
- 21 prosecution or proceeding within the state unless the information was obtained:
- 22 <u>a.</u> <u>Pursuant to the authority of a search warrant; or</u>
- 23 b. In accordance with exceptions to the warrant requirement.

Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly

1	<u>2.</u>	Info	rmatio	on obtained from the operation of an unmanned aerial vehicle may not be					
2		use	<u>d in a</u>	n affidavit of probable cause in an effort to obtain a search warrant.					
3	SEC	CTION 3.							
4	<u>War</u>	arrant requirements.							
5	<u>A wa</u>	arrant for the use of an unmanned aerial vehicle must satisfy the requirements of the							
6	<u>Constitu</u>	tion of North Dakota. In addition, the warrant must contain a data collection statement							
7	that incl	udes:							
8	<u>1.</u>	The persons that will have the power to authorize the use of the unmanned aerial							
9		<u>vehi</u>	cle;						
10	<u>2.</u>	The locations in which the unmanned aerial vehicle system will operate;							
11	<u>3.</u>	The maximum period for which the unmanned aerial vehicle system will operate in							
12		eac	h fligh	nt; and					
13	<u>4.</u>	Whether the unmanned aerial vehicle system will collect information or data about							
14		individuals or groups of individuals, and if so:							
15		<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	circumstances under which the unmanned aerial vehicle system will be					
16			used	d; and					
17		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	specific kinds of information or data the unmanned aerial vehicle system will					
18			<u>colle</u>	ect about individuals and how that information or data, as well as conclusions					
19			<u>drav</u>	vn from that information or data, will be used, disclosed, and otherwise					
20			hand	dled, including:					
21			<u>(1)</u>	The period for which the information or data will be retained; and					
22			<u>(2)</u>	Whether the information or data will be destroyed, and if so, when and how					
23				the information or data will be destroyed.					
24	SEC	SECTION 4.							
25	Exc	ceptions.							
26	This	s Act does not prohibit any use of an unmanned aerial vehicle for surveillance during the							
27	course o	<u>of:</u>							
28	<u>1.</u>	Patrol of national borders. The use of an unmanned aerial vehicle to patrol within							
29		twenty-five miles [40.23 kilometers] of a national border, for purposes of policing that							
30	border to prevent or deter the illegal entry of any individual, illegal substance, or								
31		contraband.							

Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly

1	<u>2.</u>	Exigent circumstances. The use of an unmanned aerial vehicle by a law enforcement				
2		agency is permitted when exigent circumstances exist. For the purposes of this				
3		subsection, exigent circumstances exist when a law enforcement agency possesses				
4		reasonable suspicion that absent swift preventative action, there is an imminent				
5		danger to life or bodily harm.				
6	<u>3.</u>	An environmental or weather-related catastrophe. The use of an unmanned aerial				
7		vehicle by state or local authorities to preserve public safety, protect property, survey				
8		environmental damage to determine if a state of emergency should be declared, or				
9		conduct surveillance for the assessment and evaluation of environmental or				
10		weather-related damage, erosion, flood, or contamination.				
11	<u>4.</u>	Research, education, training, testing, or development efforts undertaken by or in				
12		conjunction with a school or institution of higher education within the state and its				
13		political subdivisions, nor to public and private collaborators engaged in mutually				
14		supported efforts involving research, education, training, testing, or development				
15		related to unmanned aerial vehicle systems or unmanned aerial vehicle system				
16		technologies and potential applications.				
17	SEC	CTION 5.				
18	<u>Pro</u>	hibited use.				
19	<u>1.</u>	law enforcement agency may not authorize the use of, including granting a permit to				
20		use, an unmanned aerial vehicle armed with any lethal weapons.				
21	<u>2.</u>	This Act prohibits any use of an unmanned aerial vehicle for:				
22		a. Domestic use in private surveillance. A law enforcement agency may not				
23		authorize the use of, including granting a permit to use, an unmanned aerial				
24		vehicle to permit any private person to conduct surveillance on any other private				
25		person without the express, informed consent of that other person or the owner				
26		of any real property on which that other private person is present.				
27		b. Surveillance of the exercise of constitutional rights. A state agency may not				
28		authorize the use, including granting a permit to use, of an unmanned aircraft for				
29		the purpose of the surveillance of persons engaged in the lawful exercise of the				
30		constitutional right of freedom of speech and freedom of assembly.				
31	SECTION 6.					

Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly

1	Doc	cumentation of unmanned aerial vehicle use.
2	<u>1.</u>	The person authorized to conduct the surveillance under this Act shall document all
3		use of an unmanned aerial vehicle for surveillance. The person shall document all
4		surveillance flights as to duration, flight path, and mission objectives.
5	<u>2.</u>	The flight information must be verified as accurate and complete by the supervising
6		person authorized by a court to conduct the surveillance.
7	<u>3.</u>	The flight information required under this section must be retained for five years.
8	<u>4.</u>	Any imaging or any other forms of data lawfully obtained under this Act which are not
9		accompanied by a reasonable and articulable suspicion that the images or data
10		contain evidence of a crime, or are relevant to an ongoing investigation or trial, may
11		not be retained for more than ninety days.
12	<u>5.</u>	Except for the operational capabilities of the unmanned aerial vehicle system and
13		other operational information strictly related to the technical conduct and physical
14		security of the surveillance operation, a person accused of a crime that includes
15		evidence gathered through the use of an unmanned aerial vehicle system surveillance
16		may obtain all information relating to the person acquired in the course of the
17		surveillance through subpoena and discovery proceedings available in criminal
18		proceedings.
19	<u>6.</u>	Any other person that has an interest in obtaining the documentation required by this
20		section may obtain that documentation pursuant to chapter 44-04.