Sixty-third Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1376

Introduced by

Representatives S. Kelsh, Becker, N. Johnson, Kreun, Gruchalla, Guggisberg, M. Nelson Senators Murphy, Sorvaag

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subsection 10 of section 65-01-02 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to workers' compensation coverage of mental injuries arising from a
- 3 mental stimulus; and to provide for application.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsection 10 of section 65-01-02 of the North Dakota
 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 10. "Compensable injury" means an injury by accident arising out of and in the course of hazardous employment which must be established by medical evidence supported by objective medical findings.
 - a. The term includes:
 - (1) Disease caused by a hazard to which an employee is subjected in the course of employment. The disease must be incidental to the character of the business and not independent of the relation of employer and employee. Disease includes effects from radiation.
 - (2) An injury to artificial members.
 - (3) Injuries due to heart attack or other heart-related disease, stroke, and physical injury caused by mental stimulus, but only when caused by the employee's employment with reasonable medical certainty, and only when it is determined with reasonable medical certainty that unusual stress is at least fifty percent of the cause of the injury or disease as compared with all other contributing causes combined. Unusual stress means stress greater than the highest level of stress normally experienced or anticipated in that position or line of work.

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1 (4) Injuries arising out of employer-required or supplied travel to and from a 2 remote jobsite or activities performed at the direction or under the control of 3 the employer. 4 An injury caused by the willful act of a third person directed against an (5) 5 employee because of the employee's employment. 6 A mental or psychological condition caused by a physical injury, but only 7 when the physical injury is determined with reasonable medical certainty to 8 be at least fifty percent of the cause of the condition as compared with all 9 other contributing causes combined, and only when the condition did not 10 preexist the work injury. 11 A mental injury arising from mental stimulus if the injured employee is a first (7) 12 responder and the injured employee establishes by a preponderance of the 13 evidence that the condition causing the mental injury was extraordinary and 14 unusual in comparison to the normal conditions of the particular 15 employment and that there is medical causation between the mental injury 16 and the employment conditions. Under this paragraph, a mental injury 17 arising from mental stimulus does not include a mental injury that results 18 from an event or series of events that are incidental to normal employer and 19 employee relations, including a personnel action by the employer such as a 20 disciplinary action, work evaluation, transfer, promotion, demotion, salary 21 review, or termination. As used in this paragraph, the term "first responder" 22 means a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, or emergency medical 23 services personnel as defined under section 23-27-02. 24 b. The term does not include: 25 (1) Ordinary diseases of life to which the general public outside of employment 26 is exposed or preventive treatment for communicable diseases, except that 27 the organization may pay for preventive treatment for a health care provider 28 as defined in section 23-07.5-01, firefighter, peace officer, correctional 29 officer, court officer, law enforcement officer, emergency medical technician. 30 or an individual trained and authorized by law or rule to render emergency

medical assistance or treatment who is exposed to a bloodborne pathogen

1		as defined in section 23-07.5-01 occurring in the course of employment and
2		for exposure to rabies occurring in the course of employment.
3	(2)	A willfully self-inflicted injury, including suicide or attempted suicide, or an
4		injury caused by the employee's willful intention to injure or kill another.
5	(3)	Any injury caused by the use of intoxicants or the illegal use of controlled
6		substances.
7	(4)	An injury that arises out of an altercation in which the injured employee is an
8		aggressor. This paragraph does not apply to public safety employees,
9		including law enforcement officers or private security personnel who are
10		required to engage in altercations as part of their job duties if the altercation
11		arises out of the performance of those job duties.
12	(5)	An injury that arises out of an illegal act committed by the injured employee.
13	(6)	An injury that arises out of an employee's voluntary nonpaid participation in
14		any recreational activity, including athletic events, parties, and picnics, even
15		though the employer pays some or all of the cost of the activity.
16	(7)	Injuries attributable to a preexisting injury, disease, or other condition,
17		including when the employment acts as a trigger to produce symptoms in
18		the preexisting injury, disease, or other condition unless the employment
19		substantially accelerates its progression or substantially worsens its
20		severity.
21	(8)	A nonemployment injury that, although acting upon a prior compensable
22		injury, is an independent intervening cause of injury.
23	(9)	A latent or asymptomatic degenerative condition, caused in substantial part
24		by employment duties, which is triggered or made active by a subsequent
25		injury.
26	(10)	A mental injury arising from mental stimulus which is not otherwise covered
27		under paragraph 7 of subdivision a.
28	SECTION 2. A	APPLICATION. This Act applies to injuries that occur on or after the effective
29	date of this Act.	