

Fifty-seventh
Legislative Assembly
of North Dakota

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1273

Introduced by

Representatives Carlisle, Keiser, Kliniske

Senators G. Nelson, Stenehjem, Wardner

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 13 of the North Dakota Century
2 Code, relating to the licensing of deferred presentment service providers; and to provide a
3 penalty.

4 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

5 **SECTION 1.** A new chapter to title 13 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
6 enacted as follows:

7 **Definitions.** As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 8 1. "Check" means a personal check signed by the maker and made payable to a
9 licensee.
- 10 2. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of banking and financial institutions.
- 11 3. "Completed deferred presentment service transaction" means a transaction that is
12 completed when a check is redeemed by the maker by payment in full to the
13 licensee in cash, money order, or certified check or by negotiation or deposit by
14 the licensee.
- 15 4. "Deferred presentment service transaction" means a transaction made under a
16 written agreement between a licensee and the maker of a check under which the
17 licensee (a) pays to the maker of the check the amount of the check, less the fees
18 permitted under this chapter, and accepts a check from the maker dated on the
19 date of the transaction and agrees to hold the check for a period of time before
20 negotiation or presentment or (b) accepts a check dated after the date of the
21 transaction and agrees to hold the check for deposit until the date written on the
22 check.
- 23 5. "Licensee" means a person licensed under this chapter to provide deferred
24 presentment services.

1 **License requirements.** A person may not engage in the business of deferred
2 presentment service without a license issued under this chapter. A separate license is required
3 for each location from which the business of deferred presentment service is conducted.

4 **Qualifications for license.** To qualify for a license, an applicant shall satisfy the
5 following requirements:

- 6 1. Each applicant shall maintain unencumbered assets of at least twenty-five
7 thousand dollars per licensed location, determined in accordance with generally
8 accepted accounting principles.
- 9 2. The financial responsibility, financial condition, business experience, character,
10 and general fitness of the applicant must reasonably warrant the belief that the
11 applicant's business will be conducted lawfully and fairly. In determining whether
12 this qualification is met, and for the purpose of investigating compliance with this
13 chapter, the commissioner may review and consider the relevant business records
14 and the capital adequacy of the applicant and the competence, experience,
15 integrity, and financial ability of any person who is a member, partner, director,
16 officer, or twenty-five percent or more shareholder of the applicant.
- 17 3. Each applicant shall establish that neither the applicant nor any principal of the
18 applicant has been convicted of a felony. A deferred sentence or federal pretrial
19 diversion must be considered a conviction for purposes of this section.
- 20 4. Each applicant shall maintain a bond issued by a surety company authorized to do
21 business in this state, in the amount of twenty thousand dollars, and the
22 commissioner may require a larger bond if the commissioner determines the larger
23 bond is necessary based on the volume of the applicant's business.

24 **Application for license.** Each application for a license must be in the form prescribed
25 by the commissioner and must include:

- 26 1. The legal name of the applicant, residence of the applicant, business address of
27 the applicant, and address at which deferred presentment service is provided if
28 different from the business address and, if the applicant is a partnership,
29 association, or corporation, the name and address of every member, officer, and
30 director;
- 31 2. The location at which the registered office of the applicant is located; and

1 3. Other data and information the commissioner may require with respect to the
2 applicant and the applicant's directors, officers, members, and shareholders.

3 **Application fees - Financial statements - Annual fee - Deposit of fees.** Each
4 applicant for licensure shall include with the application an application and background
5 investigation fee of eight hundred fifty dollars, which is not subject to refund but which, if the
6 license is granted, constitutes the license fee for the first license year or part of the first license
7 year, and each applicant for licensure shall include with the application proof of the required
8 surety bond. The annual license fee is four hundred fifty dollars. Each fee set forth in this
9 section is applicable to each location. The commissioner shall deposit fees and costs collected
10 by the commissioner under this chapter in the department of banking and financial institutions
11 regulatory fund.

12 **Issuance of license - Posting.**

13 1. Upon receipt of a complete application, the commissioner shall determine whether
14 the qualifications prescribed under this chapter are satisfied. If the commissioner
15 determines the qualifications are satisfied and approves the documents, the
16 commissioner shall issue to the applicant a license to engage in the deferred
17 presentment service business.

18 2. A licensee shall keep the license conspicuously posted in the place of business of
19 the licensee.

20 3. A license issued under this section is effective through the remainder of the fiscal
21 year ending June thirtieth after the license's date of issuance unless earlier
22 surrendered, suspended, or revoked under this chapter.

23 **Nontransferability - Change in control of license.** A license issued under this
24 chapter is not transferable or assignable. The prior written approval of the commissioner is
25 required for the continued operation of a deferred presentment service business if a change in
26 control of a licensee occurs. Control in the case of a corporation means direct or indirect
27 ownership; the right to control twenty-five percent or more of the voting shares of the
28 corporation; or the ability of any person to elect a majority of the directors or otherwise affect a
29 change in policy. Control in the case of any other entity means the ability to exchange the
30 principals of the organization, whether active or passive. In the case of a change of control
31 request, the commissioner may require information the commissioner deems necessary to

1 determine whether a new application is required. A licensee shall notify the commissioner
2 fifteen days before any proposed change in the licensee's business location or name.

3 **Reports of commissioner.** Within fifteen days of the occurrence of any one of the
4 following events, a licensee shall file a written report with the commissioner describing the
5 event and the event's expected impact on the activities of the licensee in the state:

- 6 1. The filing for bankruptcy or reorganization by the licensee;
- 7 2. The institution of revocation or suspension proceedings against the licensee by
8 any governmental authority;
- 9 3. Any felony charges of the licensee or any of the licensee's members, directors,
10 officers, or shareholders; and
- 11 4. Any other event the commissioner identifies by rule.

12 **Expiration of license - Renewal.** Licenses issued under this chapter expire as of July
13 first of each year. A license may be renewed for the ensuing twelve-month period upon
14 application by the licensee establishing continued compliance with the requirements of this
15 chapter and the payment to the commissioner of the annual license fee before July first of each
16 year.

17 **Regulations - Examinations.** The commissioner may adopt rules for the
18 implementation and enforcement of this chapter. A copy of a rule adopted by the commissioner
19 must be mailed to each licensee at least thirty days before the date the rule takes effect. To
20 assure compliance with this chapter, the commissioner may examine the relevant business,
21 books, and records of any licensee. The licensee shall pay an examination or visitation fee,
22 and the commissioner shall charge the licensee for the actual cost of the examination or
23 visitation at an hourly rate set by the commissioner which is sufficient to cover all reasonable
24 expenses associated with the examination or visitation.

25 **Retention of records.** Each licensee shall keep and use in the licensee's business any
26 books, accounts, and records the commissioner may require to carry into effect the provisions
27 of this chapter and the rules issued under this chapter. Every licensee shall preserve required
28 books, accounts, and records for at least six years.

29 **Fees for service - Deferred presentment service transaction procedures.**

- 1 1. Before disbursing funds under a deferred presentment service transaction, a
2 licensee shall provide to the maker of the check a clear and conspicuous printed
3 notice indicating:
 - 4 a. That a deferred presentment service transaction is not intended to meet
5 long-term financial needs.
 - 6 b. That the maker of a check should use a deferred presentment service
7 transaction only to meet short-term cash needs.
 - 8 c. That the maker of a check will be required to pay additional fees if the
9 deferred presentment service transaction is renewed rather than paid in full
10 when due. If the transaction is renewed, any amount paid in excess of the
11 fee applies to the payoff amount.
 - 12 d. A schedule of fees charged for deferred presentment service.
 - 13 e. Any information required under federal law.
 - 14 f. No property, titles to any property, or mortgages may be received or held
15 directly or indirectly by the licensee as a condition of a deferred presentment
16 service transaction or as a method of collection on a defaulted deferred
17 presentment service transaction without proper civil process.
- 18 2. A licensee may charge a fee for the deferred presentment service, not to exceed
19 twenty percent of the amount paid to the maker of the check by the licensee. This
20 fee may not be deemed interest for any purpose of law. No other fee or charge
21 may be charged for the deferred presentment service, and no property, titles to
22 any property, or mortgages may be received or held directly or indirectly by the
23 licensee as a condition of a deferred presentment service transaction or as a
24 method of collection on a defaulted deferred presentment service transaction
25 without proper civil process.
- 26 3. A licensee may not disburse more than five hundred dollars to the maker of a
27 check in a deferred presentment service transaction.
- 28 4. A licensee may not engage in a deferred presentment service transaction with a
29 customer who has an aggregate face value of all outstanding checks from any one
30 maker exceeding five hundred dollars which is payable to the same or any other
31 licensee. A licensee may not enter into a new deferred presentment service

- 1 transaction with a customer within five days of that customer's completion of a
2 previous deferred presentment service transaction. A licensee may rely on a
3 written representation of a maker regarding the existence of any outstanding
4 checks for deferred presentment held by a licensee other than the licensee
5 receiving the representation. However, if a licensee has multiple locations, that
6 licensee may not rely on such written representation of a maker regarding the
7 existence of any outstanding checks for deferred presentment held by that
8 licensee, or one of the licensee's multiple locations, unless the licensee and the
9 licensee's multiple locations use a point of sale registry or some other accounting
10 system to attempt to prevent violations of this subsection.
- 11 5. Before a licensee may negotiate or present a check for payment, the check must
12 be endorsed with the actual name under which the licensee is doing business.
- 13 6. Each deferred presentment service transaction, including a renewal, must be
14 documented by a written agreement signed by the maker of the check. The written
15 agreement must contain the name of the licensee; the transaction date; the
16 amount of the check; and a statement of the total amount of fees charged,
17 expressed as a dollar amount and as an annual percentage rate. The written
18 agreement must authorize the licensee to defer presentment or negotiation of the
19 check until a specified date. The maker of a check may redeem the check from
20 the licensee at any time before the negotiation or presentment of the check by
21 making payment to the licensee.
- 22 7. If a check is returned to the licensee from a payer financial institution due to
23 insufficient funds, closed account, or a stop payment order, the licensee has the
24 right to all civil remedies available to collect the check. The licensee may contract
25 for and collect a returned check charge not to exceed twenty dollars per customer,
26 per year. No other fee or charge may be collected as a result of a returned check
27 or as a result of default by the maker of the check in timely payment to the
28 licensee.
- 29 8. A maker of a check who has authority to make the check and enters into a
30 deferred presentment service agreement is not subject to a criminal penalty
31 relating to the check or the deferred presentment service agreement unless the

- 1 account on which the check was written was closed on the original date of the
2 transaction. A licensee may not pursue or threaten to pursue criminal penalties
3 against a maker of a check for criminal penalties prohibited by this subsection.
- 4 9. A licensee may not engage in unfair or deceptive acts, practices, or advertising in
5 the conduct of a deferred presentment service business.
- 6 10. The amount paid to the maker by the licensee in a deferred presentment service
7 transaction must be paid in the form of cash or check.
- 8 11. Each licensee must conspicuously post in the licensee's licensed location a notice
9 of the fees imposed for the deferred presentment service.
- 10 12. A licensee may renew a deferred presentment service transaction. A licensee's
11 renewal fee may not exceed twenty percent of the amount being renewed. The
12 total period of deferral, including the initial deferral and any renewals, may not
13 exceed forty-five days. An individual renewal period may not be less than fifteen
14 days. After forty-five days the renewed deferred presentment check must be paid
15 off in cash, money order, or certified check by the maker or must be deposited by
16 the licensee.
- 17 13. A licensee may not renew, repay, refinance, or consolidate a deferred presentment
18 service transaction with the proceeds of another deferred presentment service
19 transaction with that licensee by the same maker or customer. It is presumed that
20 a deferred presentment service transaction initiated within five days before
21 completion of a deferred presentment service transaction is a violation of this
22 subsection.
- 23 14. A licensee may not conduct another business, other than a bona fide pawnbroking
24 business, within the same office, suite, room, or place of business at which the
25 licensee engages in deferred presentment service transactions unless the
26 commissioner provides written authorization after a determination the other
27 business is not contrary to the best interests of consumers.
- 28 15. A licensee shall provide a notice in a prominent place on each deferred
29 presentment service agreement in no less than ten-point type in substantially the
30 following form:

1 State law prohibits this business from allowing customers to have outstanding
2 at any one time, deferred presentment service transactions totaling more than
3 five hundred dollars.

4 16. A licensee or any agent of a licensee who willfully violates this section is guilty of a
5 class A misdemeanor.

6 **Denial of license - Hearing.** If the commissioner determines an applicant is not
7 qualified to receive a license, the commissioner shall notify the applicant in writing stating that
8 the application is denied and stating the basis for denial. If the commissioner denies an
9 application, or if the commissioner fails to act on an application within thirty days after the filing
10 of a properly completed application, the applicant may make written demand to the
11 commissioner for a hearing before the commissioner on the question of whether the license
12 should be granted. The hearing must be held within thirty days after receipt of the written
13 demand by the applicant. In the event of a hearing, the commissioner shall reconsider the
14 application and, after hearing, issue a written order granting or denying the application. If an
15 applicant who is denied a license requests a hearing and the commissioner's denial is upheld,
16 the commissioner may assess the applicant for the commissioner's costs incurred for the
17 hearing, in an amount not exceeding two thousand dollars.

18 **Suspension - Revocation.**

19 1. After notice and hearing, the commissioner may suspend or revoke a license if the
20 commissioner finds that the licensee or any principal of the licensee has been
21 convicted of a felony or that the licensee knowingly or through lack of due care:
22 a. Failed to pay the annual license fee imposed under this chapter or any
23 examination fee imposed by the commissioner under the authority of this
24 chapter;
25 b. Committed any fraud, engaged in any dishonest activities, or made any
26 misrepresentations;
27 c. Violated this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter or violated any
28 other law in the course of the licensee's business activities as a licensee;
29 d. Made false statements in the application for the license; or
30 e. Engaged in any unfair or deceptive acts, practices, or advertising in the
31 conduct of a deferred presentment service business.

- 1 2. Written notice must be given at least twenty days before the date of a hearing
2 under this chapter.

3 **Violations - Cease and desist orders - Penalties.** Except as otherwise provided in
4 this chapter, any person who provides deferred presentment services without a license is guilty
5 of a class C felony and any person who violates any other provisions of this chapter or any rule
6 adopted to implement this chapter is guilty of an infraction. If the commissioner finds, whether
7 without a hearing or after a hearing if a hearing is requested within twenty days of notice of an
8 action by the commissioner under this section, that a person violated this chapter or any rule
9 adopted to implement this chapter, the commissioner may do any one or more of the following:

- 10 1. Order the person to cease and desist violating this chapter or the rule.
11 2. Require the refund of any fees collected by the person in violation of this chapter.
12 3. Impose a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars per transaction for
13 violation of a cease and desist order issued under this chapter or for violation of
14 this chapter.