

HOUSE BILL NO. 1149

Introduced by

Political Subdivisions Committee

(At the request of the Secretary of State)

1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 16.1-01-05, 16.1-05-06, 16.1-07-08, and
2 44-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to voting by an elector moving from one
3 precinct to another, procedures for challenging voters and voters who apply for absent voter's
4 ballots, and when vacancies in office occur.

5 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

6 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 16.1-01-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is
7 amended and reenacted as follows:

8 **16.1-01-05. Voting by qualified elector moving from one precinct to another.**

9 ~~Where~~ If a qualified elector moves from one precinct to another precinct within this state, the
10 ~~person~~ elector is entitled to vote in the precinct from which the ~~person~~ elector moved until the
11 ~~person~~ elector has established a new ~~voting~~ residence pursuant to section 16.1-01-04. This
12 section does not authorize an elector to vote in a former precinct solely by reason of not voting
13 in the precinct where the elector resides pursuant to section 16.1-01-04.

14 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 16.1-05-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15 amended and reenacted as follows:

16 **16.1-05-06. Challenging right of person to vote - Affidavit required - Penalty for**
17 **false swearing - Optional poll checkers.**

18 1. One poll challenger appointed by the district chairman of each political party
19 represented on the election board is entitled to be in attendance at each polling
20 place. Individual poll challengers may be replaced at any time during the hours of
21 voting, but no more than one poll challenger from each political party is entitled to
22 be in attendance at each polling place at any one time.

23 2. The members of the election board and poll challengers may challenge the right of
24 anyone to vote whom they know or have reason to believe is not a qualified

- 1 elector. Members of the election board or poll challengers may use the following
2 indicators as a basis for challenging a voter:
- 3 a. The person offering to vote does not meet the age or citizenship
4 requirements.
- 5 b. The person offering to vote has never voted in the precinct before.
- 6 c. The person offering to vote physically resides outside of the precinct.
- 7 d. The person offering to vote does not physically reside at the address within
8 the precinct from which the person intends to vote.
- 9 3. If any person offering to vote is challenged by a poll challenger or by a member of
10 the election board, the challenged person, unless the challenge is withdrawn, shall
11 stand aside and may not vote unless the challenged person executes an affidavit,
12 acknowledged before the election inspector, that the challenged person is a legally
13 qualified elector of the precinct.
- 14 4. The affidavit must include ~~the~~:
- 15 a. The name and present address of the affiant and the address of the affiant at
16 the time the affiant last voted.
- 17 b. The age and citizenship of the affiant.
- 18 c. The year and election in which the affiant last voted.
- 19 d. The precinct or location in which the affiant last voted, if known.
- 20 e. The previous last name of the affiant if it was different when the affiant last
21 voted.
- 22 f. The name and present address of the affiant who has not voted in any
23 previous election anywhere.
- 24 g. A recitation of the qualifications for voting as set forth in section 16.1-01-04
25 and the rules for determining residence.
- 26 h. Notice of the penalty for making a false affidavit and that the county auditor
27 will verify the affidavit.
- 28 i. A place for the affiant to sign and swear to the affiant's qualifications as a
29 voter.
- 30 5. Written notice of the penalty for making a false affidavit and that the county auditor
31 will verify the affidavits must also be prominently displayed at the polling place in a

1 form prescribed by the secretary of state. Any person who falsely swears in order
2 to vote is guilty of ~~an offense~~ a class A misdemeanor and must be punished
3 pursuant to chapter 16.1-01.

4 6. The county auditor shall verify randomly at least ten percent of the affidavits signed
5 in the county and shall report all known or suspected violations to the state's
6 attorney for investigation and possible prosecution.

7 ~~2.~~ 7. In addition to the poll challenger, not more than two poll checkers appointed by the
8 district chairman of each political party represented on the election board may be in
9 attendance at each polling place, provided such poll checkers do not interfere with
10 the election process or with the members of the election board in the performance
11 of their duties. The poll challengers and poll checkers must be qualified electors of
12 the district in which they are assigned.

13 ~~3.~~ 8. No poll challenger or checker may be a member of the election board.

14 **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 16.1-07-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is
15 amended and reenacted as follows:

16 **16.1-07-08. Delivering ballots - Envelope accompanying - Statement on envelope**
17 **- Challenging electors voting by absentee ballot - Inability of elector to sign name.**

18 1. Upon receipt of an application for an official ballot properly filled out and duly
19 signed, or as soon thereafter as the official ballot for the precinct in which the
20 applicant resides has been prepared, the county auditor, city auditor, or business
21 manager of the school district, as the case may be, shall send to the absent voter
22 by mail, at the expense of the political subdivision conducting the election, one
23 official ballot, or personally deliver the ballot to the applicant or the applicant's
24 agent, which agent may not, at that time, be a candidate for any office to be voted
25 upon by the absent voter. The agent shall sign the agent's name before receiving
26 the ballot and deposit with the auditor or business manager of the school district,
27 as the case may be, authorization in writing from the applicant to receive the ballot
28 or according to requirements set forth for signature by mark. No person may
29 receive compensation, including money, goods, or services, for acting as an agent
30 for an elector, nor may a person act as an agent for more than four electors in any
31 one election. A voter voting by absentee ballot may not require the political

1 subdivision providing the ballot to bear the expense of the return postage for an
2 absentee ballot.

3 2. If there is more than one ballot to be voted by an elector of the precinct, one of
4 each kind must be included and an envelope must be enclosed with the ballot or
5 ballots. The front of the envelope must bear the official title and post-office
6 address of the officer supplying the voter with the ballot and upon the other side a
7 printed statement in substantially the following form:

8 Precinct _____

9 Name _____

10 Residential Address _____

11 City _____ ND Zip Code _____

12 Under penalty of possible criminal prosecution for making a false
13 statement, I swear that the above residential address is my address for
14 voting purposes, that I have resided in my precinct for at least thirty
15 days, and this is the only ballot I will cast in this election.

16 Applicant's Signature _____

17 Date _____

18 If the absent voter is unable to sign the voter's name, the voter shall mark (X) that
19 statement in the presence of a disinterested person. The disinterested person
20 shall print the name of the person marking the X below the X and shall sign that
21 person's own name following the printed name with the notation "witness to the
22 mark".

23 3. The county auditor, city auditor, or business manager of the school district, as the
24 case may be, may challenge the right of anyone to vote an absent voter's ballot
25 whom that officer knows or has reason to believe is not a qualified elector. When
26 challenging a voter who has applied for an absentee voter's ballot, the election
27 official shall follow the procedures and use the affidavit provided for in section
28 16.1-05-06.

29 **SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Section 44-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
30 amended and reenacted as follows:

- 1 **44-02-01. Vacancies - Causes thereof.** An office becomes vacant if the incumbent
2 shall:
- 3 1. Die in office;
 - 4 2. Be adjudged mentally ill;
 - 5 3. Resign from office;
 - 6 4. Be removed from office;
 - 7 5. Fail to discharge the duties of ~~his~~ the office, when ~~such~~ the failure has continued for
8 sixty consecutive days, except when prevented from discharging ~~such~~ the duties
9 by reason of ~~his~~ the person's service in the armed forces of the United States, by
10 sickness, or by other unavoidable cause; ~~provided, however, that.~~ However, as to
11 any office which under the law the vacancy must be filled by the governor, the
12 governor for good cause shown may extend the period, which the incumbent may
13 be absent, for an additional period of sixty days. No remuneration on account of
14 such office may be paid to an absentee officeholder during ~~his~~ that person's
15 absence, and ~~such~~ the office in all cases becomes vacant upon the termination of
16 the term for which ~~he~~ the person was elected or appointed;
 - 17 6. Fail to qualify as provided by law;
 - 18 7. Cease to be a resident of the state, district, county, or ~~township~~ other political
19 subdivision in which the duties of the office are to be discharged, or for which ~~he~~
20 the person may have been elected;
 - 21 8. Be convicted of a felony or any offense involving moral turpitude or a violation of
22 ~~his~~ the person's official oath;
 - 23 9. Cease to possess any of the qualifications of office prescribed by law; or
 - 24 10. Have ~~his~~ the person's election or appointment declared void by a competent
25 tribunal.