Fifty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2157

Introduced by

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Senators Wardner, Lindaas, Syverson

Representatives Drovdal, Headland

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 57-02-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to eligibility for and application of the homestead property tax credit; to provide an
- 3 effective date; and to declare an emergency.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-02-08.1. Property tax credits for persons sixty-five years of age or older with limited income Homestead credit.

- 1. a. Any person sixty-five years of age or older in the year in which the tax was levied, or any person who is permanently and totally disabled, in the year in which the tax was levied, as certified by a licensed physician approved by the local governing body, with an income of fourteen thousand dollars or less per annum from all sources, including the income of any dependent person, including any county, state, or federal public assistance benefits, social security, or other retirement benefits, that does not exceed the limitations of subdivision c is entitled to receive a reduction in the assessment on the taxable valuation on the person's homestead as defined in section 47-18-01, except that this. An exemption under this subsection applies to any person who otherwise qualifies under this subsection regardless of whether the person is the head of a family.
 - <u>b.</u> The exemption under this subsection continues to apply if the person does not reside in the homestead and the person's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as the portion of

1		the h	omestead previously occupied by the person is not rented to another
2		perso	on.
3	<u>C.</u>	The	exemption to which any person may be entitled must be determined
4		acco	rding to the following schedule:
5	a.	<u>(1)</u>	If the person's income is not in excess of eight thousand dollars the
6			federal poverty level, a reduction of one hundred percent of the taxable
7			valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of two
8			three thousand six hundred dollars of taxable valuation.
9	b.	<u>(2)</u>	If the person's income is in excess of eight thousand dollars the federal
10			poverty level and not in excess of nine thousand five hundred dollars
11			one hundred ten percent of the federal poverty level, a reduction of
12			eighty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to
13			a maximum reduction of ene two thousand six eight hundred eighty
14			dollars of taxable valuation.
15	c.	<u>(3)</u>	If the person's income is in excess of nine thousand five hundred
16			dollars one hundred ten percent of the federal poverty level and not in
17			excess of eleven thousand dollars one hundred twenty percent of the
18			federal poverty level, a reduction of sixty percent of the taxable
19			valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of ene
20			two thousand two one hundred sixty dollars of taxable valuation.
21	d.	<u>(4)</u>	If the person's income is in excess of eleven thousand dollars one
22			hundred twenty percent of the federal poverty level and not in excess of
23			twelve thousand five hundred dollars one hundred thirty percent of the
24			federal poverty level, a reduction of forty percent of the taxable
25			valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of
26			eight one thousand four hundred forty dollars of taxable valuation.
27	e.	<u>(5)</u>	If the person's income is in excess of twelve thousand five hundred
28			dollars one hundred thirty percent of the federal poverty level and not in
29			excess of fourteen thousand dollars one hundred forty percent of the
30			federal poverty level, a reduction of twenty percent of the taxable

1		valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of four
2		seven hundred twenty dollars of taxable valuation.
3	<u>d.</u>	In no case may a husband and wife who are living Persons residing together
4		both be, as spouses or when one or more is a dependent of another, are
5		entitled to the credit as provided for in only one exemption between or among
6		them under this subsection upon their homestead. The provisions of this
7		Persons residing together, who are not spouses or dependents, who are
8		coowners of the property are each entitled to a percentage of a full exemption
9		under this subsection equal to their ownership interests in the property.
10	<u>e.</u>	This subsection may does not reduce the liability of any person for special
11		assessments levied upon any property.
12	<u>f.</u>	Any person eligible for claiming the exemption herein provided under this
13		subsection shall sign a verified statement that the person is sixty five years of
14		age or older or is permanently and totally disabled, that the person's income,
15		including that of any dependent, as determined in this chapter does not
16		exceed fourteen thousand dollars per annum and that of facts establishing
17		the person's eligibility.
18	<u>g.</u>	A person is ineligible for the exemption under this subsection if the value of
19		the person's assets of the person and any dependent residing with the
20		person, excluding the unencumbered value of the person's residence that the
21		person claims as a "homestead" as defined in section 47-18-01, does not
22		exceed exceeds fifty thousand dollars, including the value of any assets
23		divested within the last three years. The term "dependent" includes the
24		spouse, if any, of the person claiming the exemption. For purposes of this
25		subdivision, the unencumbered valuation of the homestead is limited to one
26		hundred thousand dollars.
27	<u>h.</u>	The assessor shall attach the statement filed under subdivision f to the
28		assessment sheet and shall show the reduction on the assessment sheet. All
29		benefits available in this section terminate
30	<u>i.</u>	An exemption under this subsection terminates at the end of the taxable year
31		of the death of the applicant.

- j. The tax commissioner shall provide each county director of tax equalization an annual certification of the federal poverty level to be applied under this subsection for the taxable year.
- 2. <u>a.</u> Any person sixty five years of age or older, or any person who is permanently and totally disabled as certified by a licensed physician approved by the local governing body, with an income of fourteen thousand dollars or less per annum from all sources, including the income of any dependent person, including any county, state, or federal public assistance benefits, social security, or other retirement benefits, but excluding any federal rent subsidy, and who would qualify for an exemption under subdivisions a and c of subsection 1 except for the fact that the person rents living quarters is eligible for refund for that part of a portion of the person's annual rent which is deemed by this subsection to constitute the payment of property tax and which is further deemed to represent a burdensome share of the person's income.
 - b. For the purpose of this subsection, twenty percent of the annual rent, exclusive of any federal rent subsidy and of charges for any utilities, services, furniture, furnishings, or personal property appliances furnished by the landlord as part of the rental agreement, whether or not expressly set out in the rental agreement, must be considered as payment made for property tax. When any part of the twenty percent of the annual rent exceeds four percent of the annual income of a qualified applicant, the applicant is entitled to receive a refund from the state general fund for that amount in excess of four percent of the person's annual income, but the refund may not be in excess of two hundred forty dollars exceed the amount provided in this subdivision. If the calculation for the refund is less than five dollars, a minimum of five dollars must be sent to the qualifying applicant. In no case may a husband and wife Maximum refunds for applicants must be determined according to the following schedule:
 - (1) If the person's income is not in excess of the federal poverty level, the maximum refund is two hundred forty dollars.

1 (2) If the person's income is in excess of the federal poverty level and not 2 in excess of one hundred ten percent of the federal poverty level, the 3 maximum refund is one hundred ninety-two dollars. 4 (3)If the person's income is in excess of one hundred ten percent of the 5 federal poverty level and not in excess of one hundred twenty percent 6 of the federal poverty level, the maximum refund is one hundred 7 forty-four dollars. 8 (4) If the person's income is in excess of one hundred twenty percent of 9 the federal poverty level and not in excess of one hundred thirty 10 percent of the federal poverty level, the maximum refund is ninety-six 11 dollars. 12 <u>(5)</u> If the person's income is in excess of one hundred thirty percent of the 13 federal poverty level and not in excess of one hundred forty percent of 14 the federal poverty level, the maximum refund is forty-eight dollars. 15 Persons who are living reside together both be entitled to the, as spouses or <u>C.</u> 16 when one or more is a dependent of another, are entitled to only one refund 17 as provided for in between or among them under this subsection. Persons 18 who reside together in a rental unit, who are not spouses or dependents, are 19 each entitled to apply for a refund based on the rent paid by that person. 20 d. Each application for refund under this subsection must be made to the tax 21 commissioner before the first day of June of each year by the person claiming 22 the refund, but the. The tax commissioner may grant an extension of time to 23 file an application for good cause. The tax commissioner shall certify refunds 24 to the state treasurer the amount of the refund due, if any, and the state 25 treasurer, who shall issue the refund refunds to applicants from the state 26 general fund to the applicant. In no case may this 27 This subsection does not apply to rents or fees paid by a person for any living <u>e.</u> 28 guarters, including a nursing home licensed pursuant to section 23-16-01, if 29 that living quarter has been declared those living quarters are exempt from 30 property taxation and the owner is not making a payment in lieu of property 31 taxes.

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- 1 f. A person may not receive a refund under this section for a taxable year in 2 which that person received an exemption under subsection 1. 3 3. All forms necessary to effectuate this section must be prescribed, designed, and 4 made available by the tax commissioner. The county directors of tax equalization 5 shall make these forms available upon request. 6 In determining a person's income for eligibility under this section, the amount of 4. 7 medical expenses actually incurred by that person or any dependent person and 8 not compensated for by insurance or otherwise must be deducted. For purposes 9 of this section, the term "medical expenses" has the same meaning as it has for 10 state income tax purposes, except that for transportation for medical care the 11 person may use the standard mileage rate allowed for state officer and employee 12 use of a motor vehicle under section 54-06-09. 13 No A person whose homestead as defined in section 47-18-01 is a farm structure 5. 14 exempt from taxation under subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 may not receive any property tax credit under this section. 15 16 For the purposes of this section, "permanently: 6. 5. 17 "Dependent" has the same meaning it has for federal income tax purposes. a. 18 "Federal poverty level" means the official poverty line defined by the United <u>b.</u> 19 States office of management and budget under 42 U.S.C. 9902, based on the 20 most recent data made available by the bureau of the census, in the calendar 21 year immediately preceding the taxable year for which an exemption is 22 determined under this section. The federal poverty level for a single person 23 must be used if the claim of exemption or refund application shows that the 24 applicant resides with no dependent and the federal poverty level for two 25 persons must be used if the claim or application shows that the applicant 26 resides with one or more dependents. 27 "Homestead" has the same meaning as provided in section 47-18-01. <u>C.</u> 28 <u>d.</u> "Income" means income for the most recent complete taxable year from all
 - including any county, state, or federal public assistance benefits, social security, or other retirement benefits, but excluding any federal rent subsidy,

sources, including the income of any dependent of the applicant, and

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1		any amount excluded from income by federal or state law, and medical
2		expenses paid during the year by the applicant or the applicant's dependent
3		which is not compensated by insurance or other means.
4	<u>e.</u>	"Medical expenses" has the same meaning as it has for state income tax
5		purposes, except that for transportation for medical care the person may use
6		the standard mileage rate allowed for state officer and employee use of a
7		motor vehicle under section 54-06-09.
8	<u>f.</u>	"Permanently and totally disabled" means the inability to engage in any
9		substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical
10		or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or has lasted
11		or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve
12		months as established by a certificate from a licensed physician.
13	SECTION	1 2. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective for taxable years beginning with
14	taxable year 200	5 for real property and taxable year 2006 for mobile homes.
15	SECTION	3. EMERGENCY. This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.