Fifty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2053

Introduced by

Legislative Council

(Taxation Committee)

1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 57-02-27.2 of the North Dakota Century Code,

2 relating to the capitalization rate used for valuation of agricultural property for property tax

3 purposes; and to provide an effective date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

5 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 57-02-27.2 of the 1997 Supplement to the North 6 Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

7 57-02-27.2. Valuation and assessment of agricultural lands. "True and full value" of 8 agricultural lands must be their agricultural value for the purposes of sections 57-02-27, 9 57-02-27.1, 57-02-27.2, and 57-55-04. Agricultural value is defined as the "capitalized average" 10 annual gross return". The "annual gross return" must be determined from crop share rent, cash 11 rent, or a combination thereof reduced by estimated property taxes and crop marketing 12 expenses incurred by farmland owners renting their lands on a cash or crop share basis. For 13 purposes of this section, "annual gross return" for cropland used for growing crops other than 14 sugar beets and potatoes means thirty percent of annual gross income produced, "annual gross 15 return" for cropland used for growing sugar beets and potatoes means twenty percent of annual 16 gross income produced, and "annual gross return" for land used for grazing farm animals 17 means twenty-five percent of an amount determined by the agricultural economics department 18 of North Dakota state university to represent the annual gross income potential of the land 19 based upon the animal unit carrying capacity of the land. The "average annual gross return" for 20 each county must be determined as follows:

For taxable year 1998, total the annual gross returns for the most recent eight
 years immediately preceding the current year for which data is available and
 discard the highest and lowest annual gross returns of the eight. For taxable year
 1999, total the annual gross returns for the nine years immediately preceding the

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current year for which data is available and discard the highest and lowest annual
 gross returns of the nine. For taxable year 2000 and thereafter, total the annual
 gross returns for the ten years immediately preceding the current year for which
 data is available and discard the highest and lowest annual gross returns of the
 ten.

For taxable year 1998, divide the figure arrived at in subsection 1 by six. For
taxable year 1999, divide the figure arrived at in subsection 1 by seven. For
taxable year 2000 and thereafter, divide the figure arrived at in subsection 1 by
eight.

10 To find the "capitalized average annual gross return", the average annual gross return 11 must be capitalized by a rate that is a ten-year average of the gross federal land bank mortgage 12 rate of interest for North Dakota, but the rate used for capitalization under this section may not 13 be less than ten percent and may not be more than eleven percent. The ten-year average must 14 be computed from the twelve years ending with the most recent year used in subsection 1, 15 discarding the highest and lowest years, and the gross federal land bank mortgage rate of 16 interest for each year must be determined in the manner provided in section 20.2032A-4(e)(1)17 of the United States treasury department regulations for valuing farm real property for federal 18 estate tax purposes, except that the interest rate may not be adjusted as provided in paragraph 19 (e)(2) of section 20.2032A-4.

20 The agricultural economics department of North Dakota state university shall compute 21 annually an estimate of the average agricultural value per acre [.40 hectare] of agricultural 22 lands on a statewide and on a countywide basis, shall compute the average agricultural value 23 per acre [.40 hectare] for cropland and noncropland, which is agricultural land, for each county, 24 and shall provide the tax commissioner with this information by December first of each year. 25 Fifty percent of the annual gross income from irrigated cropland must be considered additional 26 expense of production and may not be included in computation of the average agricultural value 27 per acre [.40 hectare] for cropland for the county as determined by the agricultural economics 28 department. Before January first of each year, the tax commissioner shall provide to each 29 county director of tax equalization these estimates of agricultural value for each county. 30 Before February first of each year, the county director of tax equalization in each county

31 shall provide to all assessors within the county an estimate of the average agricultural value of

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1 agricultural lands within each assessment district. The estimate must be based upon the 2 average agricultural value for the county adjusted by the relative values of lands within each 3 assessment district compared to the county average. In determining the relative value of lands 4 for each assessment district compared to the county average, the county director of tax 5 equalization, wherever possible, shall use soil type and soil classification data from detailed and 6 general soil surveys. Where such data cannot be used, the county director of tax equalization 7 shall use whatever previous assessment data is best suited to the purpose. 8 Each local assessor shall determine the relative value of each assessment parcel within 9 the assessor's jurisdiction and shall determine the agricultural value of each assessment parcel 10 by adjusting the agricultural value estimate for the assessment district by the relative value of 11 the parcel. Each parcel must then be assessed according to section 57-02-27. If either a local 12 assessor or a township board of equalization develops an agricultural value for the lands in its

13 assessment district differing substantially from the estimate provided by the county director of

14 tax equalization, written evidence to support the change must be provided to the county director15 of tax equalization.

SECTION 2. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act is effective for taxable years beginning after
December 31, 1998.